



Automate

Achieve anything.

everything.

· Built-in IaC modules API-driven provisioning · Dedicated resources Global availability

DEPLOY IN MINUTES

phoenixNAP



How to Install Docker On Ubuntu 18.04

October 22, 2018 CONTAINERS DOCKER UBUNTU

Home » SysAdmin » How to Install Docker On Ubuntu 18.04

Docker is an increasingly popular software package that creates a container for application development.

Developing in Docker speeds up applications, as it shares the kernel and other resources, instead of requiring dedicated server resources.

There are two versions of Docker - Docker CE (Community Edition) and Docker EE (Enterprise Edition). If you have a small-scale project, or you're just learning, you will want to use Docker CE.

In this tutorial, learn how to install Docker on Ubuntu 18.04.



Prerequisites

- Ubuntu 18.04 64-bit operating system
- · A user account with sudo privileges
- Command-line/terminal (CTRL-ALT-T or Applications menu > Accessories > Terminal)
- Docker software repositories (optional)

Option 1: Install Docker on Ubuntu Using Default Repositories

Step 1: Update Software Repositories

It's a good idea to update the local database of software to make sure you've got access to the latest revisions.

Open a terminal window and type:

sudo apt-get update

Allow the operation to complete.

Step 2: Uninstall Old Versions of Docker

Next, it's recommended to uninstall any old Docker software before proceeding



Live Chat /

sudo apt-get remove docker docker-engine docker.io

Step 3: Install Docker on Ubuntu 18.04

To install Docker on Ubuntu, in the terminal window enter the command:

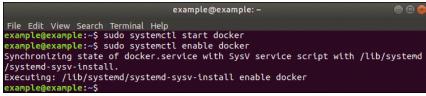
sudo apt install docker.io

Step 4: Start and Automate Docker

The Docker service needs to be setup to run at startup. To do so, type in each command followed by enter:

sudo systemctl start docker

sudo systemctl enable docker



Step 5 (Optional): Check Docker Version

To verify the installed Docker version number, enter:

ocker version 18.09.5, build e8ff056

docker --version

example@example:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
example@example:~\$ docker --version



Note: The official Docker website does not offer support for Ubuntu 18.04. It's possible that the Ubuntu default repositories have not updated to the latest revision. There's nothing wrong with running this installation. However, if you are up for a slightly more intensive operation, you can install a more recent (or specific) Docker from the official Docker repositories.

Option 2: Install Docker from Official Repository

Step 1: Update Local Database

Update the local database with the command:

sudo apt-get update

Step 2: Download Dependencies

You'll need to run these commands to allow your operating system to access the Docker repositories over HTTPS.

In the terminal window, type:

 $\hbox{sudo apt-get install apt-transport-https} \ \hbox{ca-certificates curl software-properties} \\ \hbox{-common}$

To clarify, here's a brief breakdown of each command:

• apt-transport-https: Allows the package manager to transfer files and data over https





• software-properties-common: Adds scripts for managing software

Step 3: Add Docker's GPG Key

The GPG key is a security feature.

To ensure that the software you're installing is authentic, enter:

```
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -
```

```
example@example:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

example@example:~$ curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sud
o_apt-key add -

OK
```

Step 4: Install the Docker Repository

To install the Docker repository, enter the command:

```
sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubunt
u $(lsb_release -cs) stable"
```

The command "\$(lsb_release -cs)" scans and returns the codename of your Ubuntu installation – in this case, Bionic. Also, the final word of the command – stable – is the type of Docker release.

```
example@example:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

example@example:~$ sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.do
cker.com/linux/ubuntu $(lsb_release -cs) stable"
Hit:1 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security InRelease
Get:2 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic InRelease [64,4 kB]
Hit:3 http://rs.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:4 http://rs.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates InRelease
Get:5 http://rs.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports InRelease [74,6 kB]
Get:6 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages [642
6 B]
Fetched 145 kB in 2s (77,8 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
```

A stable release is tested and confirmed to work, but updates are released less frequently. You may substitute **edge** if you'd like more frequent updates, at the cost of potential instability. There are other repositories, but they are riskier – more info can be found on the **Docker web page**. Step 5: Update Repositories

Update the repositories you just added:

```
sudo apt-get update
```

Step 6: Install Latest Version of Docker

To install the latest version of docker:

```
sudo apt-get install docker-ce
```

Step 7 (Optional): Install Specific Version of Docker

List the available versions of Docker by entering the following in a terminal window:

```
apt-cache madison docker-ce
```





```
example@example:~$ apt-cache madison docker-ce
docker-ce | 5:18.09.6~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
ntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.5~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
ntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.4~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
ntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.3~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
ntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.2~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
tu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.1~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
ntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 5:18.09.0~3-0~ubuntu-bionic | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
tu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 18.06.3~ce~3-0~ubuntu | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bi
onic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 18.06.2~ce~3-0~ubuntu | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bi
nic/stable amd64 Packages
docker-ce | 18.06.1~ce~3-0~ubuntu | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bi
docker-ce | 18.06.0~ce~3-0~ubuntu | https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bi
onic/stable amd64 Packages
```

The system should return a list of available versions as in the image above.

At this point, type the command:

```
sudo apt-get install docker-ce=[version]
```

However, substitute [version] for the version you want to install (pulled from the list you just generated).

For example:

```
example@example: ~ 

© © ©

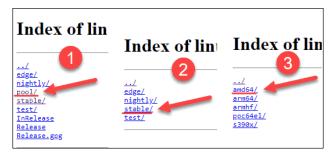
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

example@example: ~ $ sudo apt-get install docker-ce=18.03.1~ce~3-0~ubuntu
```

Option 3: Install Docker from a .deb Package

You can also install Docker manually by downloading the Docker .deb file.

- 1. First, navigate to the Docker download page.
- 2. Next, click on the **pool** link, then **stable**, then **amd64**. This is the location of the stable Docker releases for Uhuntu 18 04



- 3. Click on the Docker engine you want to install and the **.deb** package downloads automatically. Make a note of the path where you saved it.
- 4. To install Docker, run the following command (using the path of the downloaded Docker package):

```
sudo dpkg -i /path/to/docker.package.deb
```

Allow the installer to run.

Option 4: Install Docker from a Convenience Script

For installing edge or testing versions of Docker, you can use convenience scripts.

This method should not be used in production environments or if you already have another version of Docker installed on your system.





Install Docker Engine – Community

To install the latest Docker engine, use the get.docker.com script by running the command:

curl -fsSL https://get.docker.com -o get-docker.sh

Run the script to start the installation:

sh get-docker.sh

The Docker service will start automatically.



Note: Using convenience scripts does not allow you to customize installation parameters or choose the Docker version.

Install Docker Testing Version

To install the latest testing version of Docker, use the test.docker.com script:

curl -fsSL https://test.docker.com -o test-docker.sh

Start the installation by running the command:

sh test-docker.sh

Conclusion



Great job! You've got four (4) different options for installing Docker on Ubuntu 18.04.

Finally, you can check the Docker guides if you get into trouble, plus they have a fairly robust forum you can search. Happy developing!

Was this article helpful?







Sofija Simic

Sofija Simic is an aspiring Technical Writer at phoenixNAP. Alongside her educational background in teaching and writing, she has had a lifelong passion for information technology. She is committed to unscrambling confusing IT concepts and streamlining intricate software installations.

Next you should read

DevOps and Development, Virtualization

How To Install Docker Compose On Ubuntu 20.04

September 17, 2020

Docker Compose is used to launch, execute,

DevOps and Development, SysAdmin,

Virtualization

How To Install Docker On CentOS 8

December 27, 2019

CentOS 8 does not provide official

DevOps and Development, SysAdmin, Virtualization

How To Install Docker On Debian 10 Buster

October 28, 2019

Docker is a virtual container

Virtualization

How To Manage Docker Containers? Best

Practices

January 29, 2019

With Docker Container Management you can manage complex





a single coordinated command. Follow this guide to install Docker Compose on Ubuntu 20.04.

READ MORE

shows you how to install a fully functional version of Docker regardless. READ MORE

improves application development. Created containers share the kernel and other resources, but are also isolated from one another. The software allows you to make hi

best practices of Docker Containers.

READ MORE

Automate everything. **Achieve** anything.

- Built-in IaC modules
- API-driven provisioning
- Dedicated resources Global availability

READ MORE

RECENT POSTS

How to Upgrade Python to 3.9

How to Repair MySQL Database

How to Update Kali Linux

How to Fix 'Can't connect to local MySQL server through socket '/var/run/mysqld/mysqld.sock' (2)'

How to Use the chgrp Command with Examples

CATEGORIES SYSADMIN

VIRTUALIZATION

DEVOPS AND DEVELOPMENT

SECURITY

BACKUP AND RECOVERY

BARE METAL SERVERS

WEB SERVERS

NETWORKING

DATABASES

COMPANY

ABOUT US

GITHUB

BLOG RFP TEMPLATE

CAREERS

PRODUCTS

COLOCATION SERVERS

CLOUD SERVICES

SOLUTIONS

LOCATIONS

CONN EVENT PRESS

DEPLOY IN MINUTES

phoenix NAP

\(\text{Live Chat} \)

⊘ Get a Quote **?** Support | 1-855-330-1509

* Sales | 1-877-588-5918









© 2021 Copyright phoenixNAP | Global IT Services. All Rights Reserved.