TDT4205 Compilers Exercise 1

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Task 1

Version info of gcc, flex and bison

- gcc (GCC) 4.2.3 (Ubuntu 4.2.3-2ubuntu7)
- flex 2.5.34
- bison (GNU Bison) 2.3

Task 2

A lexical analyzer is a program that accepts the source code of a program as a stream of characters, and identifying them as lexemes and outputs this as tokens.

An acceptor is a program or machine that inputs something, like the token stream generated by the lexical analyzer, and desides if it satisfies a given syntax, like a programming language. If the input is accepted, the acceptor returns *true*, else it returns *false*.

Task 3

3.1

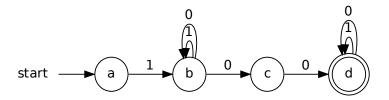


Figure 1: NDF for 1(0-1)*00(0-1)*

3.2

This language includes:

- \bullet The word 100
- All words starting with 100
- All words starting with 1 and ending with 00
- $\bullet\,$ All words starting with 1 and containing 00

given the alphabeth is the set of 0 1 Examples are

- 100111111111111111111111
- 10011001100110011001
- 10001

3.3

	a	b	c	d
1	b	b	-	d
0	-	{b c}	d	d

Figure 2: Transition table for 1(0-1)*00(0-1)*

${\bf Task}\ {\bf 4}$

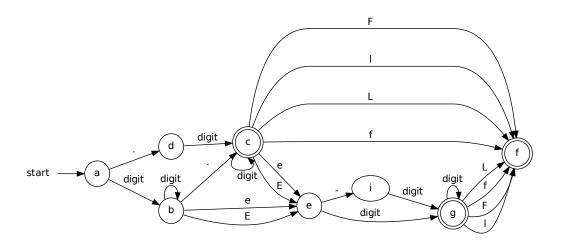


Figure 3: DFA for float

Appendix

DOT-code for NDFA 3.1

```
// \, {\tt NFA} for lang 1 \, (0 \, | \, 1) \, * \, 0 \, 0 \, (0 \, | \, 1) \, *
1
2
     digraph G {
3
        rankdir=LR;
4
        shape=circle;
5
        start->a
6
        a->b [label="1"];
7
        b->b [label="1" dir=back];
        b->b [label="0" dir=back];
        b->c [label="0"];
        c->d [label="0"];
10
        d->d [label="1" dir=back];
11
        d->d [label="0" dir=back];
12
13
14
        a[shape=circle];
15
        b[shape=circle];
16
        c[shape=circle];
17
        d[shape=doublecircle];
        \verb|start[shape=plaintext||;||
18
19
```

DOT-code for NDFA 4

```
//NFA for lang 1(0|1)*00(0|1)*
2
    digraph G {
3
        rankdir=LR;
4
        shape=circle;
       start->a
5
       a ->b
               [label="digit"];
6
7
       a \rightarrow d
               [label="."];
       d ->c [label="digit"];
8
9
       b->b [label="digit"];
       b->c [label="."];
10
       b->e [label="e"];
11
12
       b->e [label="E"];
       c->c [tailport=sw headport=s label="digit"];
13
       c->e [label="e"];
14
       c->e [label="E"];
15
       e->g [label="digit"];
16
       e->i [label="-"];
17
       i->g [label="digit"
18
        g->g [label="digit"]
19
       g->f [label="f"];
20
21
       g->f [label="F"];
22
        g->f
             [label="1"];
23
       g->f [label="L"];
        c->f [label="f"];
24
25
       c->f [label="F"];
       c->f [label="l"];
26
27
        c->f [label="L"];
28
29
30
       a[shape=circle];
31
        b[shape=circle];
        \verb|c[shape=doublecircle||;|
32
       {\tt d[shape=circle]};\\
33
34
        e[shape=circle];
35
        f[shape=doublecircle];
        g[shape=doublecircle];
36
37
        start[shape=plaintext];
38
```