

왕혜수 연습문제

2022-03-31

문제1

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Document</title>
    <style>
      .subplot {
        float: left;
        width: 33.3%;
        padding: 50px;
        box-sizing: border-box;
      }
      .subplot-item {
        width: auto;
        height: 320px;
      }
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div class="subplot">
      <h2>학과별 학생수</h2>
      <div class="subplot-item">
        <canvas id="mychart2"></canvas>
      </div>
    </div>
    <div class="subplot">
      <h2>학년에따른 평균 나이변화</h2>
      <div class="subplot-item">
        <canvas id="mychart1"></canvas>
      </div>
    </div>
    <div class="subplot">
      <h2>학년변 평균키와 평균몸무게</h2>
      <div class="subplot-item">
        <canvas id="mychart3"></canvas>
      </div>
    </div>

    <script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/Chart.js/3.7.1/chart.min.js">
</script>
```

```
<script src="dataset.js"></script>
<script>
  //문제1

  //각학생들의 학과를 도출
  const deptno = [];
  for (let i = 0; i < student.length; i++) {
    deptno[i] = student[i].deptno;
  }

  //중복되는 않는 학과 따로 배열화
  const department = [];
  deptno.map((i) => {
    if (department.indexOf(i) == -1) {
      department.push(i);
    }
  });
  console.log(department);

  //학과별 학생수를 카운트하기 위한 숫자0으로만 이루어진 배열 생성
  const studentCount = [];
  department.map((i) => {
    studentCount.push(0);
  });

  //department[i] 와 deptno 원소가 같을때마다 studentCount[i] 증가
  for (let i = 0; i < studentCount.length; i++) {
    deptno.map((v) => {
      if (department[i] == v) {
        studentCount[i]++;
      }
    });
  }
  console.log(studentCount);

  const mychart2 = document.getElementById("mychart2");

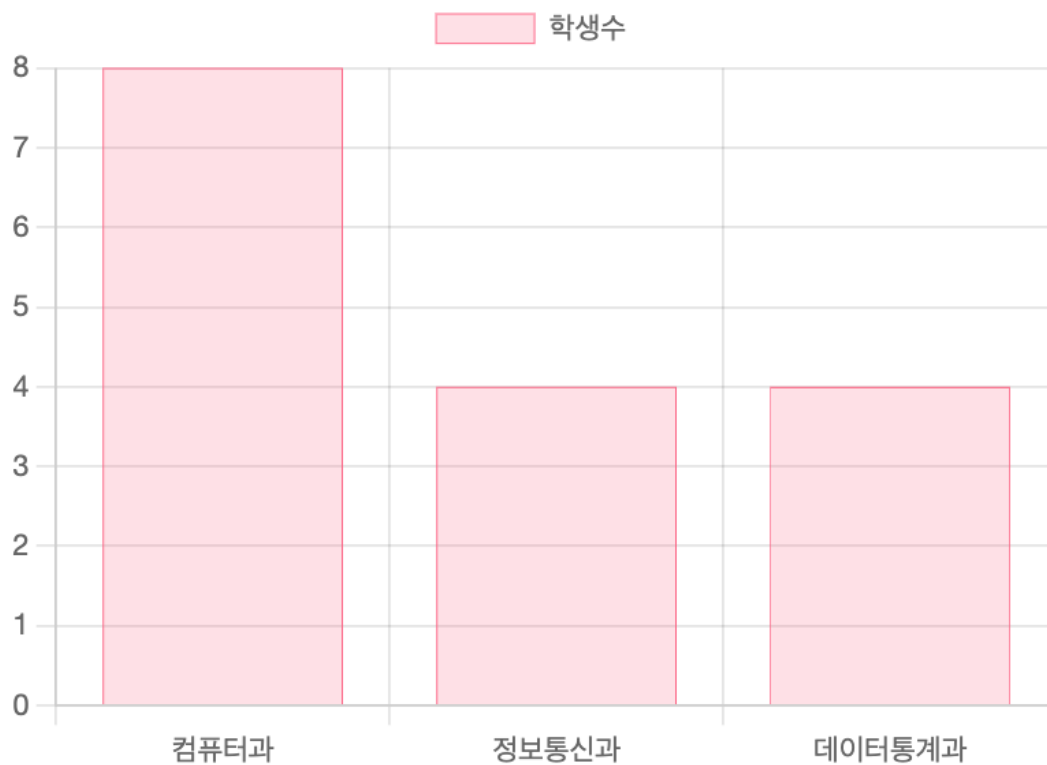
  /*기본 막대 그래프 그리기*/
  new Chart(mychart2, {
    type: "bar",
    data: {
      labels: department,
      datasets: [
        {
          label: "학생수",
          data: studentCount,
          borderWidth: 0.5,
          borderColor: ["rgba(255,99,132,1)"],
          backgroundColor: ["rgba(255,99,132,0.2)"],
        },
      ],
    },
    options: {
      maintainAspectRatio: false,
    },
  });
```

```

        indexAxis: "x",
      },
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>

```

학과별 학생수



문제2

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"
  />
  <title>Document</title>
  <style>
    .subplot {

```

```

        float: left;
        width: 33.3%;
        padding: 50px;
        box-sizing: border-box;
    }
    .subplot-item {
        width: auto;
        height: 320px;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
    <div class="subplot">
        <h2>학과별 학생수</h2>
        <div class="subplot-item">
            <canvas id="mychart2"></canvas>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="subplot">
        <h2>학년에따른 평균 나이변화</h2>
        <div class="subplot-item">
            <canvas id="mychart1"></canvas>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="subplot">
        <h2>학년변 평균키와 평균몸무게</h2>
        <div class="subplot-item">
            <canvas id="mychart3"></canvas>
        </div>
    </div>

    <script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/Chart.js/3.7.1/chart.min.js">
</script>
    <script src="dataset.js"></script>
    <script>

```

//문제2

//ageInfo 객체설정해주고 키값을 grade로 설정한다

```

const ageInfo = {};
student.map((i) => {
    const key = i.grade + "학년";
    ageInfo[key] = [];
});

```

//나이를 계산해 각 학년의 배열에 넣어준다

```

student.map((i) => {
    const today = new Date();
    const year = i.birthdate.slice(0, 4);
    const month = i.birthdate.slice(5, 7);
    const date = i.birthdate.slice(8, 10);
    const birthDate = new Date(year, month, date);

```

```
    const age = today.getFullYear() - birthDate.getFullYear() + 1;
    const key = i.grade + "학년";
    ageInfo[key].push(age);
  });
  console.log(ageInfo);

  //학년 정렬을 위한 빈객체
  const age_ordered = {};

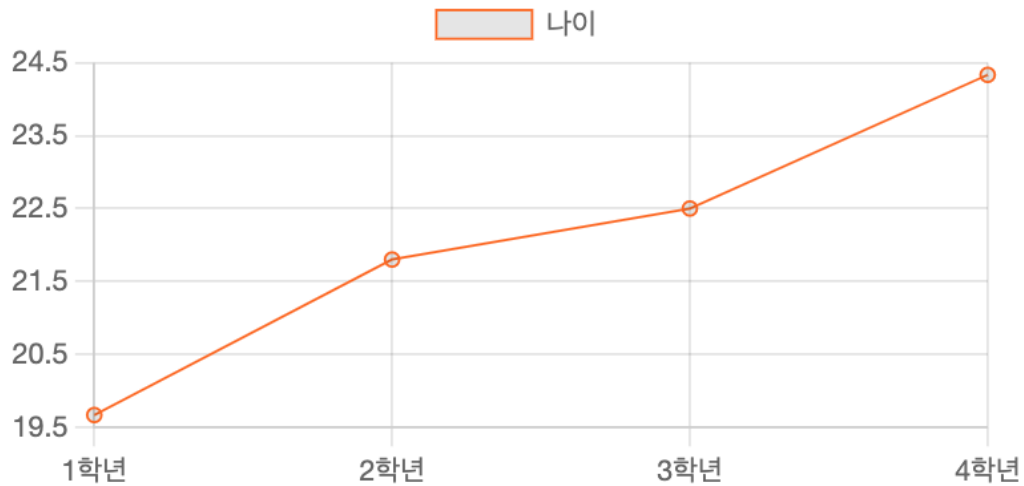
  //표 만들기 위한 정렬된 배열 생성
  const grades = Object.keys(ageInfo).sort();
  Object.keys(ageInfo)
    .sort()
    .forEach((key) => {
      age_ordered[key] = ageInfo[key];
    });
  const ages = [];
  //각 학년 평균나이 구하기
  for (key in age_ordered) {
    const arr = age_ordered[key];
    const sum = arr.reduce((prev, curr) => prev + curr, 0);
    const avr = sum / arr.length;
    ages.push(avr);
  }

  console.log(grades, ages);

  const mychart1 = document.getElementById("mychart1");

  //선 그래프 그리기
  new Chart(mychart1, {
    type: "line",
    data: {
      labels: grades,
      datasets: [
        {
          label: "나이",
          data: ages,
          borderWidth: 1,
          borderColor: "#ff6600",
        },
      ],
    },
  });
```

학년에 따른 평균 나이 변화



문제3

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"
  />
  <title>Document</title>
  <style>
    .subplot {
      float: left;
      width: 33.3%;
      padding: 50px;
      box-sizing: border-box;
    }
    .subplot-item {
      width: auto;
      height: 320px;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="subplot">
    <h2>학과별 학생수</h2>
    <div class="subplot-item">
      <canvas id="mychart2"></canvas>

```

```

    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="subplot">
    <h2>학년에따른 평균 나이변화</h2>
    <div class="subplot-item">
      <canvas id="mychart1"></canvas>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="subplot">
    <h2>학년별 평균키와 평균몸무게</h2>
    <div class="subplot-item">
      <canvas id="mychart3"></canvas>
    </div>
  </div>

  <script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/Chart.js/3.7.1/chart.min.js">
</script>
  <script src="dataset.js"></script>
</script>

```

```

//문제3
//bodyinfo안에 학년 오브젝트 만들기
const bodyInfo = {};
student.map((i) => {
  const key = i.grade + "학년";
  bodyInfo[key] = { height: [], weight: [] };
});
//학년객체안에 키 몸무게 값 복사
student.map((i) => {
  bodyInfo[i.grade + "학년"].height.push(i.height);
  bodyInfo[i.grade + "학년"].weight.push(i.weight);
});
console.log(bodyInfo);
const body_ordered = {};

//표를 만들기 위한 배열 생성 및 value값 복사
Object.keys(bodyInfo)
  .sort()
  .forEach((key) => {
    body_ordered[key] = bodyInfo[key];
  });
console.log(body_ordered);

const avr_heights = [];
const avr_weights = [];

//학년별 키 몸무게 평균값 배열로 정리
for (let g in body_ordered) {
  const sum_h = body_ordered[g].height.reduce(
    (prev, curr) => prev + curr,
    0
  );
}

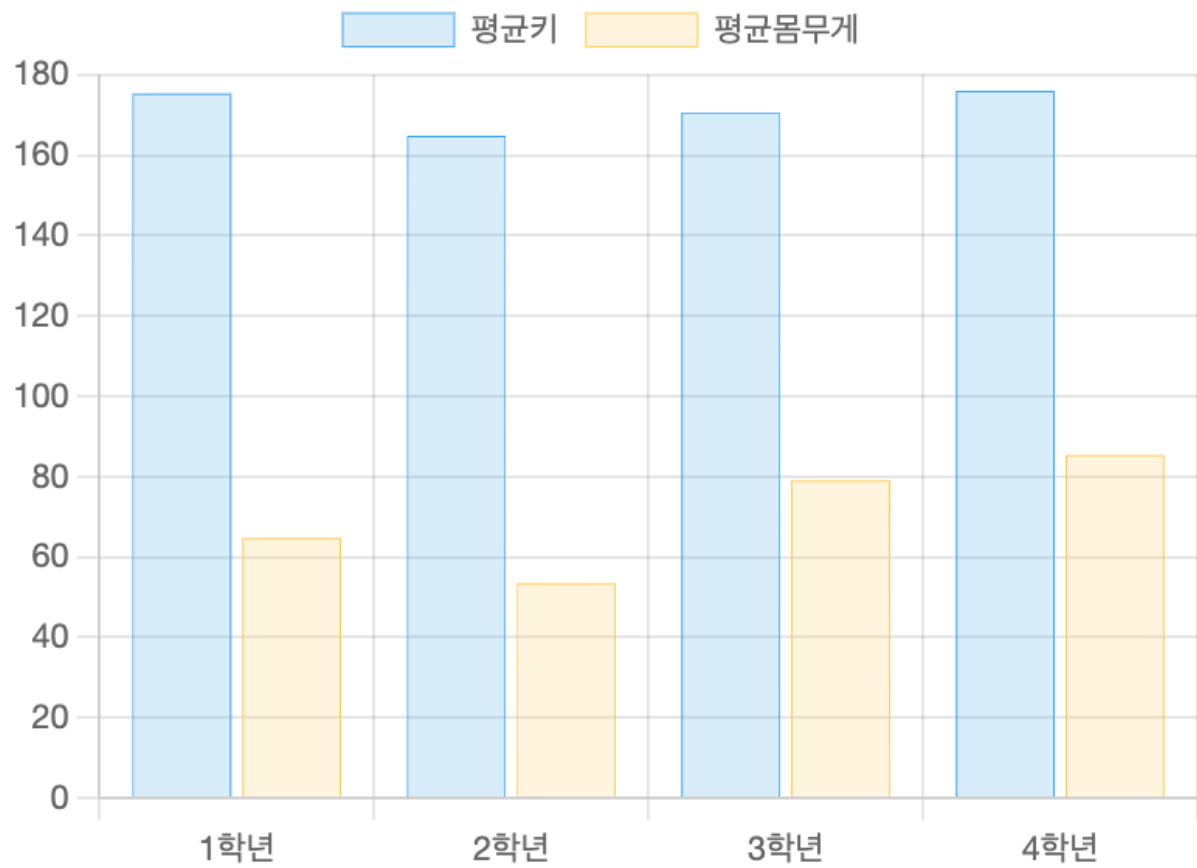
```

```
    const avr_h = sum_h / body_ordered[g].height.length;
    avr_heights.push(avr_h);
    const sum_w = body_ordered[g].weight.reduce(
      (prev, curr) => prev + curr,
      0
    );
    const avr_w = sum_w / body_ordered[g].weight.length;
    avr_weights.push(avr_w);
  }
  console.log(avr_heights, avr_weights);

  const mychart3 = document.getElementById("mychart3");

  new Chart(mychart3, {
    type: "bar",
    data: {
      labels: grades,
      datasets: [
        {
          label: "평균키",
          data: avr_heights,
          borderWidth: 0.5,
          borderColor: "rgba(54,162,235,1)",
          backgroundColor: "rgba(54,162,235,0.2)",
        },
        {
          label: "평균몸무게",
          data: avr_weights,
          borderWidth: 0.5,
          borderColor: "rgba(255,206,86,1)",
          backgroundColor: "rgba(255,206,86,0.2)",
        },
      ],
    },
    options: {
      maintainAspectRatio: false,
    },
  });
</script>
</body>
</html>
```


학년별 평균키와 평균몸무게



문제4

!()[]