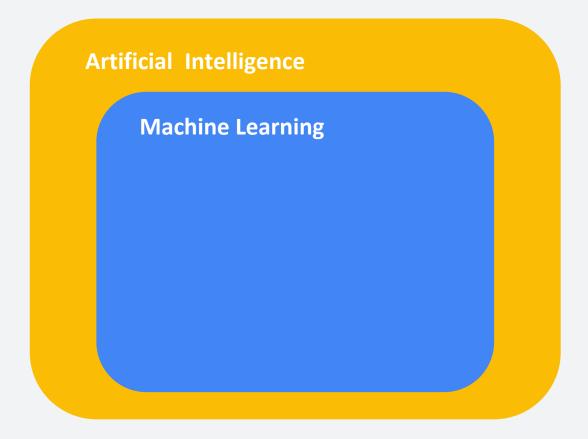
# ML Coding Practice Lecture 1-1 Introduction

Prof. Jongwon Choi Chung-Ang University Fall 2022

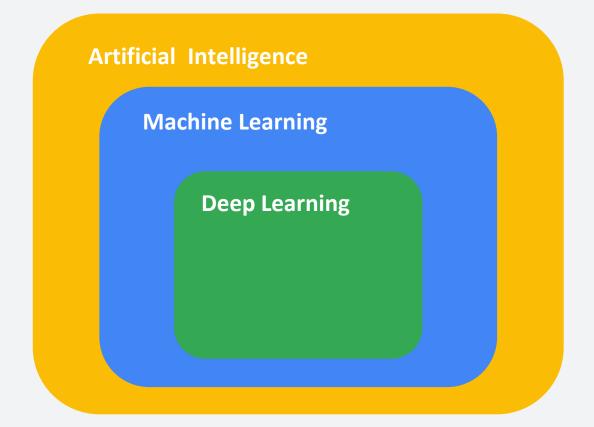
# What is Machine Learning?

1. Machine Learning is a subfield of Artificial Intelligence focused on developing algorithms that learn to solve problems by analyzing data for patterns



# What is (Deep) Machine Learning?

- Machine Learning is a subfield of Artificial Intelligence focused on developing algorithms that learn to solve problems by analyzing data for patterns
- Deep Learning is a type of Machine Learning that leverages Neural Networks and Big Data

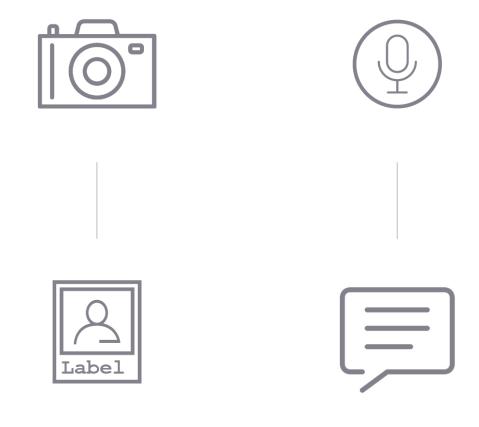


## Applications of Machine Learning

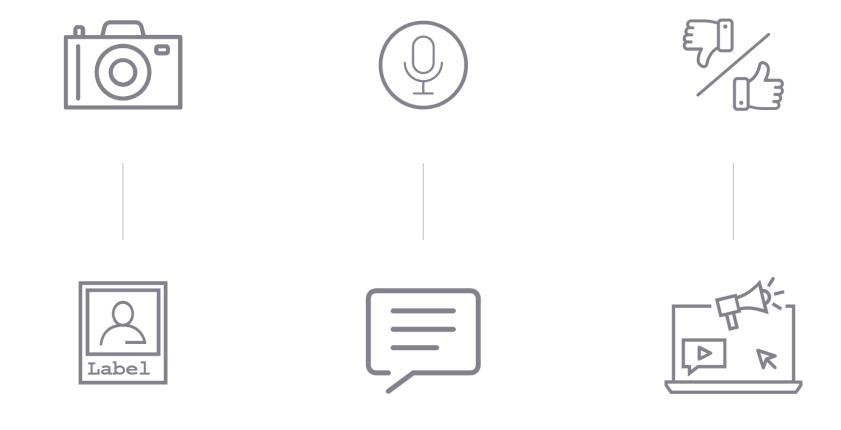




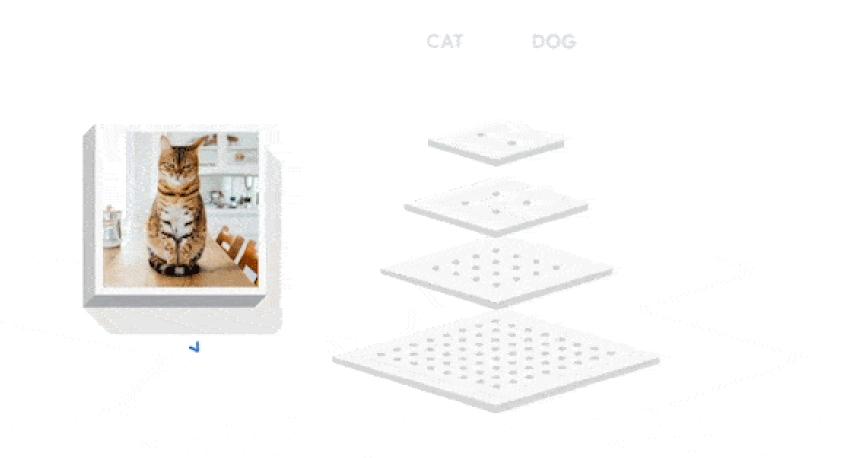
### **Applications of Machine Learning**



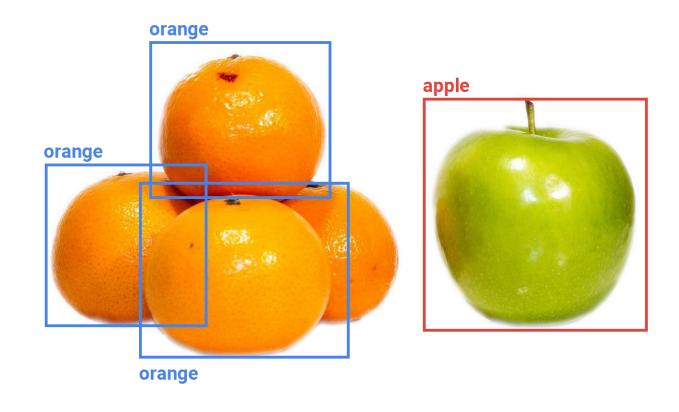
## Applications of Machine Learning



# Image Classification



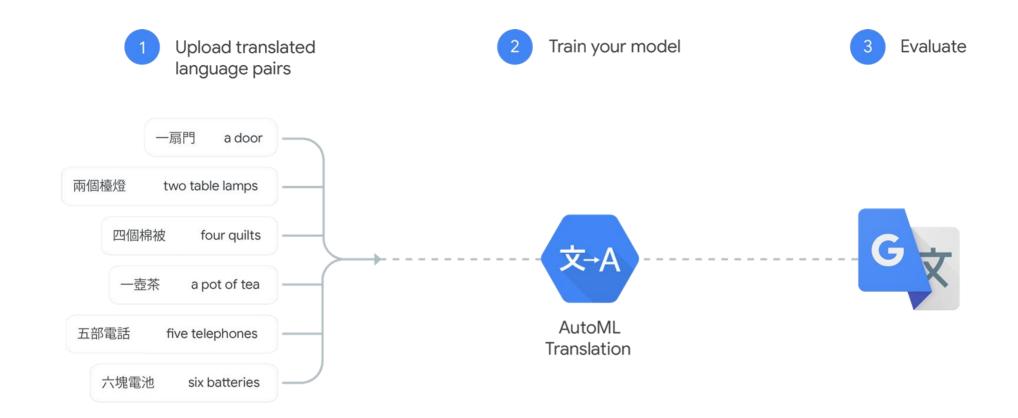
## **Object Detection**



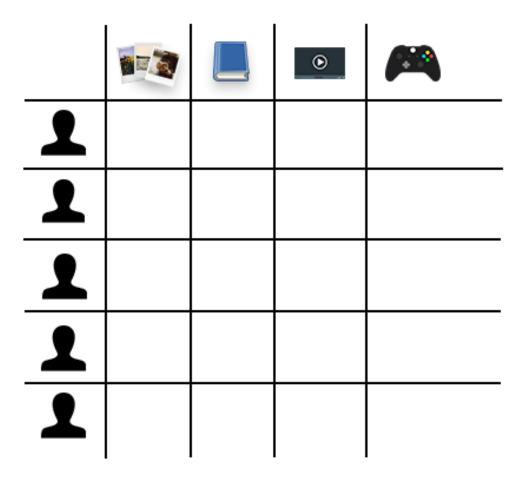
# Segmentation



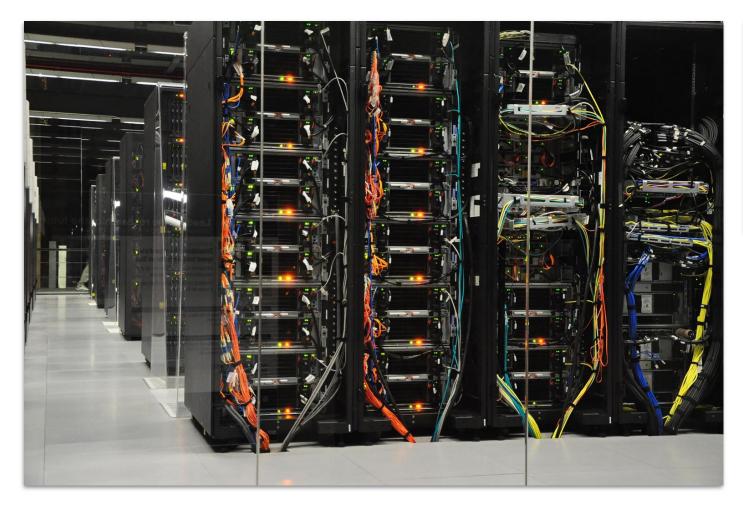
#### **Machine Translation**



#### Recommendations

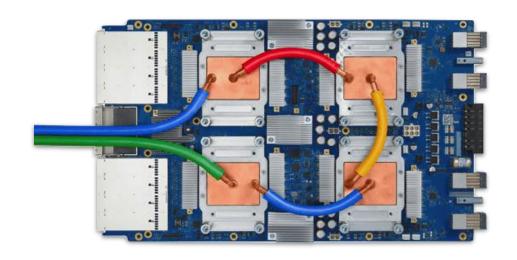


#### Data Center





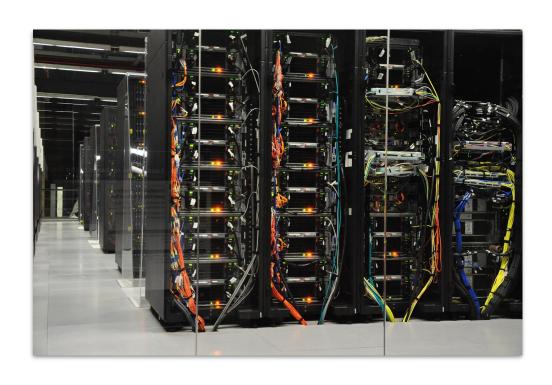
# TPUs/GPUs







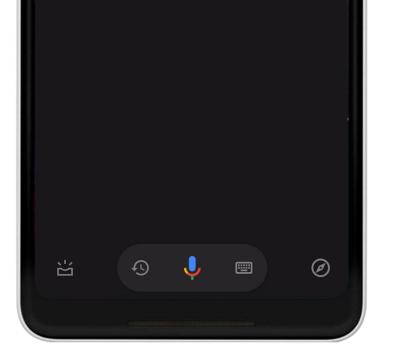
# Bigger Is Not Always Better.



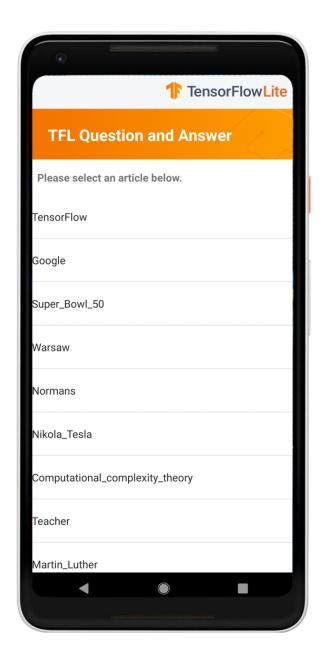


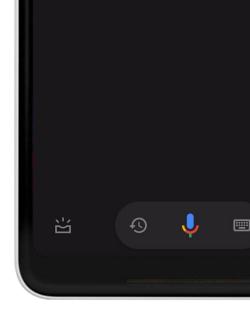




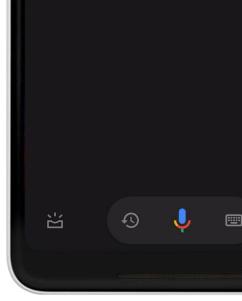


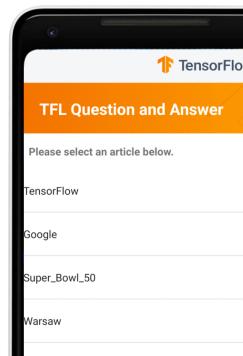










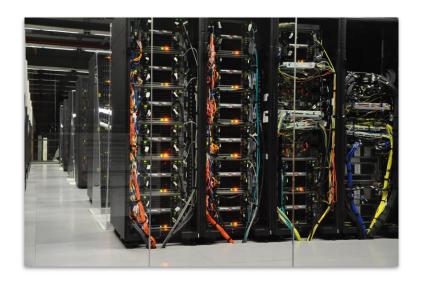








Low power



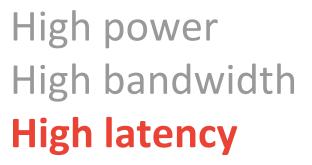
High power

High bandwidth



Low power
Low bandwidth







Low power
Low bandwidth
Low latency



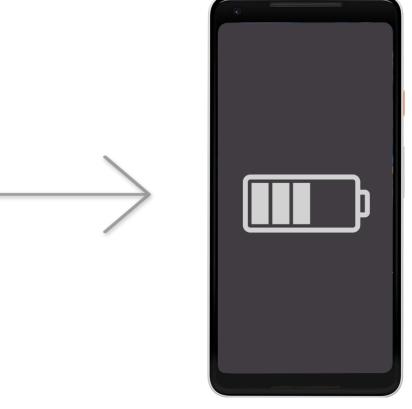
High power
High bandwidth
High latency

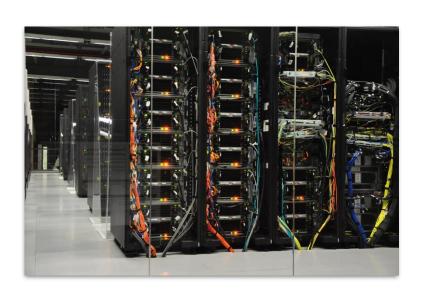


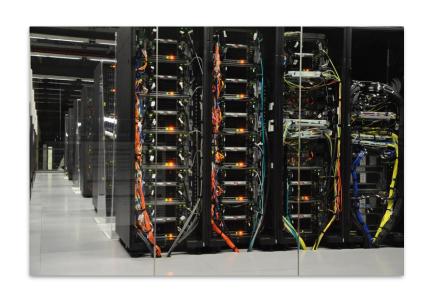
Low power
Low bandwidth
Low latency



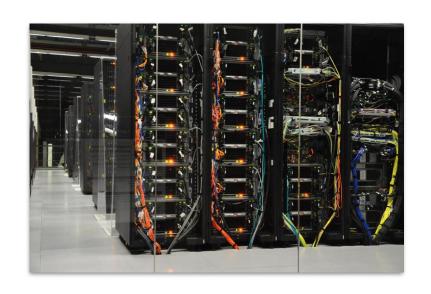














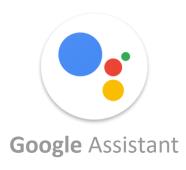






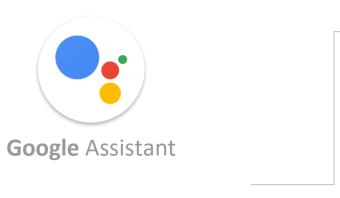


# **Endpoint Devices**





## **Endpoint Devices**

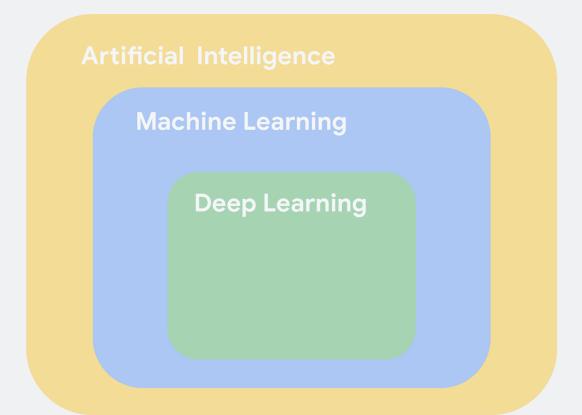






# What is (Deep) Machine Learning?

- Machine Learning is a subfield of Artificial Intelligence focused on developing algorithms that learn to solve problems by analyzing data for patterns
- Deep Learning is a type of Machine Learning that leverages Neural Networks and Big Data



#### No Good Data Left Behind

# 5 Quintillion

bytes of data produced every day by IoT

<1%

of unstructured data is analyzed or used at all

#### Summary

- ML has several diverse applications in the real-world
- ML is increasingly moving from the cloud to endpoint devices
- Endpoint devices are everywhere around us