Version 0.01

Revision History

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| **Date** | **Version** | **Description** | **Author** |
| 17 Nov. 2016 | 0.01 | Created | John Hetrick |
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# Introduction

[The introduction of the **document subject** provides an overview of the entire document. It includes the purpose, scope, definitions, acronyms, abbreviations, references, and overview of this **document**. Adding text here is optional.]

## Purpose

[Specify the purpose of this document]

The purpose of this document is to ???. This is a living document which will be updated as needed to further define and clarify key decisions?

## Scope

[A brief description of the scope of this **document**; what topics it is associated with, and anything else that is affected or influenced by this document.]

This document is specific for the project. This document covers

## References

[This subsection provides a complete list of all documents referenced elsewhere in the **document**. Identify each document by title, report number (if applicable), date, and publishing organization. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to an appendix or to another document. Use this to reverence web sites such as IBM infocenters as well and provide the links]

1. Reference, <link>

## Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

[This subsection provides the definitions of all terms, acronyms, and abbreviations required to properly interpret the **document**.  This information may be provided by reference to the project’s Glossary.]

This section contains the terms, acronyms and their definitions that are specific to understanding Automated Reduction Workflow.

### Acronyms

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Acronym** | **Definition** |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

### Terms and Definitions

| **Term** | **Definition** |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Overview

[This subsection describes what the rest of the **document** contains and explains how the document is organized.]

<Brief overview of the Automated Reduction Workflow>

# System Overview (Black Box Context

[This subsection is the start of the primary document content. Note that bullet and number lists should be of text style Normal. Normal is single spaced] It is recommended to place the captions at the top of tables and graphics.

This section represents the context of the system under development. Of importance is the identification of the system, the actors that interact with the system, and anything that is exchanged with the system.

<context diagram>

A screenshot of a cell phone

Description automatically generated

The System is the system that manages the reduction of the data that is created as a result of neutron spallation experiment.

## Actors

This is a list of actors to the system. This includes any people, other computer systems, and processes that interact with this system.

Translation Service – The Translation Service is entity that tells the System there is a file of experiment run data from an instrument ready for processing. The following is information is exchanged by the actor:

* Message containing the location of the file to be processes

Post Processing (Reducer)

Monitor

Database (TBD)

## Data Exchanges

# Interfaces & Protocols

[This subsection is the start of the primary document content. Note that bullet and number lists should be of text style Normal. Normal is single spaced] It is recommended to place the captions at the top of tables and graphics.

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## POSTPROCESS.DATA\_Ready

This message is generated by the Translation Service and sent to the AR Workflow System

This message can come in two formats: text string or JSON. Both formats contain the same basic information. This information is actually a path to a file on a file system. The path is not a UNC it does not contain a hostname of any kind. The assumption is that the file system is mounted to the both the system that generated the file and to the AR Workflow System. This means the path is immediately useable to get to the raw data file.

The following is the data that is contained in the path:

* Facility
  + SNS or
  + HIFR
* Instrument (ID)
* Experiment (ID)
* Run Number
* File Name

## Other Protocol Messages

Other messages contain the PATH a field for error and a field for info strings (not sure if this is one or more yet.)

* <bullet list: level 1>

<example bullet list>

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# Use-Case View (High Level Functional Requirements)

[This subsection is the start of the primary document content. Note that bullet and number lists should be of text style Normal. Normal is single spaced] It is recommended to place the captions at the top of tables and graphics.

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Notional Use Case Survey:

* Reduce Run – The Translation Service sends a message (containing a DataSet) to the Workflow System to be processed
  + The system creates determines which Procedure (recipe) to use from the MetaData
  + The system instantiates a new workflow to bind the DataSet and the Procedure(s) together
    - This needs to happen at the RunSet and a Run level
    - Consider creating a factory to do this
  + There are two different types of Recipes for the RunSet
    - One to process and stitch each run as they come in to be processed
    - One to stitch after all runs have come in and been processed
* Rerun Existing Workflow – A “user” wants to rerun an old workflow again
  + This should use the same RunSet and Runs from the original
  + This will create a new instance of a workflow. (Not overwrite the prvious)
  + This implies that there is some mechanism for a user to identify an old workflow
  + This implies there is a mechanism to tell the Workflow system to rerun the identified workflow.
    - Need to determine if there are additional runs should they be included or not? Probably yes
* Run another reduction on existing data – A run set needs to be processed again
  + This generally occurs if the Procedure has changed.

Special Circumstances

* Goal is to be able to change a Procedure, but the not the MetaData of a data set that identifies which Procedure to use.
  + Thinking of a strategy that always uses the latest “version”
  + This implies there are a set of standard Procedures that only changes by version
  + Need to determine what to do if a DataSet needs to use a truly new Procedure. I would think the MeatData would have to change in this case

## Use Case: Reduce Data Set

This use case begins when the Translation Service sends a message to the Workflow System that a new data set is ready to be reduced. On reception of the message the Workflow system must determine the context of the data set from the meta data, determine which workflow is to be used to reduce the data set. The Workflow system does not actually do any of the processing of the data set. Instead the Workflow System sends message to reducer systems (post processing systems) to do the actual reduction

Scenarios:

* Process 1 Data Set at a time
  + First Data Set for a new Experiment and new Run Set
  + First Data Set for known Experiment, but new Run Set
  + Additional Data Set for know Experiment and known Run Set
  + [For any of the steps above] Task (step) requires multiple incoming message to be successful/complete
* Process Multiple Data Sets for Same Experiment at the same time
  + Not that the system needs to handle this, but the Use Case, and hence the system is invoked for 1 Data Set at a time. The Translation Service’s request is for one Data Set
* Process Multiple Data Sets for Multiple Experiments at the Same Time
  + Not that the system needs to handle this, but the Use Case, and hence the system is invoked for 1 Data Set at a time. The Translation Service’s request is for one Data Set

## Use Case: Add (CRUD) Workflow Description (Procedure)

This use case begins when a <user> needs to add a new Workflow Description (Procedure) to the inventory of Workflow Descriptions.

Considerations:

* Is the Workflow System going to provide a GUI for this?
* Is the new Workflow Description contained in a file (JSON or other format)?
* Need to consider the Tasks (Steps) and Actions etc. and how new ones are created/added as well (again CRUD)
  + All aspects of a Workflow Description need to be considered
* Does a new step require new code, or can it really be something the system can excute without adding new code?

Scenarios:

* <bullet list: level 1>

## Use Case: Rerun Existing Run Set

This use case begins when a <user> wants to rerun a run set that was run previously. The system will create new instances of the workflows involved but will use the exact same Workflow Descriptions that are specified in the existing Run Set and associated Runs.

Considerations:

* How does the system allow the user to identify the Run Set to be rerun?
* The Runs associated with the Run set can possibly be reduced in parallel. The Run Set Workflow Description would govern this.

Scenarios:

* <bullet list: level 1>

## Use Case: Perform New Reduction on Existing Run Set

This use case begins when a <user> wants to perform a new reduction on a set of existing data that was previously reduced. The system will create new instances of the workflows involved but will use the latest version of the Workflow Descriptions that are indicated by the MetaData.

Consideration:

* <bullet list: level 1>

Scenarios:

* <bullet list: level 1>

<example bullet list>

* <bullet list: level 1>
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# System Architecture (Abstract Components)

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# Use-Case Realizations

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# Design

[This subsection is the start of the primary document content. Note that bullet and number lists should be of text style Normal. Normal is single spaced] It is recommended to place the captions at the top of tables and graphics.

The system is comprised of the following major pieces (components/packages):

* **WorkflowSystem** – This component represents the entire workflow system. This is the black box. It contains all the other pieces (components) of the systems
* **WorkflowEngine** – The workflow engine is the part of the system responsible for receiving incoming messages and invoking the correct workflow to process the message. It is also responsible for sending any actions from a workflow that are to be executed by an actor (e.g. a Reducer).
* **WorkflowDescription** – The WorkflowDescription component is the set of Tasks that have been orchestrated to processes (recipes, procedures). There are multiple WorkflowDescriptions for each representing a different set of orchestrated tasks that can be used to process data from an experiment.
* **Workflow** – Workflows are created dynamically and bind a data set (or the reference to a data set) with a WorkflowDescription. It is this Workflow that holds the state of a data set that is waiting to be, is being, or has been processed. For the AR Workflow System there are two specializations of the Workflow; one for processing a group of data sets (runs) and another for processing the data sets (runs) themselves.
* **Experiment** – The experiment is all the information about an experiment. This includes all the groups of runs (run sets), all the information and data about each specific run and any associated state information. Each workflow will be included with the experiment. Note that this Experiment is be used and referenced by systems other than the AR Workflow System. It is likely that this system will only use part of the full set of experiment information, but that is out of scope for this system.
* **Actors** – The actors package is a container for components that can act as stubs for the real systems and users of the AR workflow system. These components are mostly used for testing.

## WorkflowSystem

This component represents the entire workflow system. This is the black box. It contains all the other pieces (components) of the systems

<example bullet list>

* <bullet list: level 1>

## WorkflowEngine

The workflow engine is the part of the system responsible for receiving incoming messages and invoking the correct workflow to process the message. It is also responsible for sending any actions from a workflow that are to be executed by an actor (e.g. a Reducer).

<example bullet list>

* <bullet list: level 1>

## WorkflowDescription

The WorkflowDescription component is the set of Tasks that have been orchestrated to processes (recipes, procedures). There are multiple WorkflowDescriptions for each representing a different set of orchestrated tasks that can be used to process data from an experiment.

<example bullet list>

* <bullet list: level 1>

## Workflow

Workflows are created dynamically and bind a data set (or the reference to a data set) with a WorkflowDescription. It is this Workflow that holds the state of a data set that is waiting to be, is being, or has been processed. For the AR Workflow System there are two specializations of the Workflow; one for processing a group of data sets (runs) and another for processing the data sets (runs) themselves.

<example bullet list>

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## Experiment

The experiment is all the information about an experiment. This includes all the groups of runs (run sets), all the information and data about each specific run and any associated state information. Each workflow will be included with the experiment. Note that this Experiment is be used and referenced by systems other than the AR Workflow System. It is likely that this system will only use part of the full set of experiment information, but that is out of scope for this system.

<example bullet list>

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## Actors

The actors package is a container for components that can act as stubs for the real systems and users of the AR workflow system. These components are mostly used for testing.

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# Interfaces & Protocols

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Stuff