## Description of Algorithm for DL Support Set Computation

- 1. construction of a TBox classification: Parse ontology and for each triple in it, add the respective fact to ASP program *P*.
  - C rdf:type owl:Class: op(C,negC), sub(C,C)
  - R rdf:type owl:ObjectProperty: op(R,negR), sub(R,R), op(exR,negexR), sub(exR,exR)
  - C rdf:type owl:subClassOf D: sub(C,D)
  - R rdf:type owl:subPropertyOf Q: sub(R,Q)
  - C owl:disjointWith D: sub(C,negD)
  - R owl:propertyDisjointWith Q: sub(R,negQ)
  - R rfds:domain Q: sub(exR,Q)

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Further rules for P are: sub(X,Z):-sub(X,Y),sub(Y,Z).
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sub(Y',X'):-op(X,X'),op(Y,Y'),sub(X,Y).

conf(X,Y):-op(X,Y),sub(X,Y).

op(X,Y):-op(Y,X).

There will be a unique answer set of P, let it call A.

- 2. Given an external atom  $cDL[c^+, c^-, r^+, r^-, Q](X)$  (concept query) and maximal extensions of its input predicates, construct a set of support sets S for it in the following way. Compute all unary support sets:
  - for each  $c^+(C, X)$ :

If Tsub(C,Q) is in A, then add  $Tc^+(C,X)$  to S;

If conf(C,C) is in A, then add  $Tc^+(C,Y)$  to S;

• for each  $c^-(C, X)$ :

If sub(negC,Q) is in A, then add  $Tc^{-}(C,X)$  to S;

• for each  $r^+(R, X, Y)$ :

If sub(exR,Q) is in A, then add  $Tr^+(R, X, Y)$  to S;

• for each  $r^-(R, X, Y)$ :

If sub(negexR,Q) is in A, then add  $Tr^{-}(R, X, Y)$  to S;

• add Q(X) to S;

Compute all support sets where the set of input predicates is empty:

- If sub(C,Q) is in A, then
  - \* if C is of form exR, add R(X,Y) to S;
  - \* otherwise add C(X) to  $\mathcal S$

Compute binary support sets:

• for each  $c^+(C,X)$ :

If Tsub(C,C') is in A then add  $\{Tc^+(C,Y), negC'(Y)\}$  to S. If  $c^-(C',Y)$  occurs in the maximal interpretation, then add  $\{Tc^+(C,Y), Tc^-(C',Y)\}$ .

• for each  $r^+(R, x, y)$ :

If Tsub(exR,C) is in A then add  $\{Tr^+(R,X,Y), negC(X)\}$  to S; If Tsub(R,R') is in A then add  $\{Tr^+(R,X,Y), negR'(X,Y)\}$  to S;