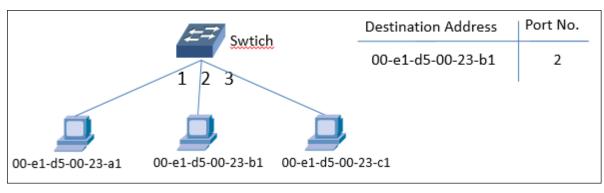
	chapter 1
1.	 Which of the following description about OSI layers is incorrect? A. The application layer contains a variety of protocols that are commonly needed by users B. The transport layer is concerned with the syntax and semantics of the information transmitted. C. The network layer controls the operation of the subnet and determines how packets are routed from source to destination D. The data link layer is to transform a raw transmission facility into a line that appears free of undetected transmission errors.
2.	The three central concepts of the OSI model are
	A. services, interfaces and protocols B. architecture, model and switching
	C. subnet, layering and port D. protocols, layers and interfaces
3.	Once upon a time, people thought that the OSI model and its protocols were going to take over the world and push everything else out of their way. This did not happen. Why? A look back at some of the reasons may be useful. They can be summarized as following except for: A. Bad timing. B. Bad technology. C. Bad price. D. Bad implementations.
4.	means that the switch or router must receive the entire packet before it can begin to transmit the first bit of the packet onto the outbound link. A. Queuing delay B. Store-and-forward transmission C. Packet switching D. Propagation
5.	Suppose a system has a four layer protocol hierarchy. Applications generate messages of length 320bytes. At each of the layers (including topper and bottom layers), an 20byte header is added. What fraction of the network bandwidth is filled with headers? A. 0.20 B. 0.25 C.0.30 D. 0.40
	chapter 2
6.	In the system, the users take turns, each one periodically getting the entire bandwidth for a little burst of time. A. FDM B. TDM C. WDM D. CDM
7.	Television channels are 4 MHz wide. How many bits/sec can be sent if sixteen-level digital signals are used? Assume a noiseless channel. A. 16Mbps B. 24Mbps C. 32Mbps D.40Mbps
8.	If a binary signal is sent over a 3-kHz channel whose signal-to-noise ratio S/N is 31, what is the maximum achievable data rate? A. 6 kbps B. 12 kbps C. 15 kbps D. 18 kbps

9.	forward transmiss	•	•	ge switching, which one does	not utilize store-and-			
	A. packet switching C. message switching			B. circuit switching				
			D. none	•				
10.	Which protocol does not belong to the data link layer?							
	A. HDLC	B. ICMP	C. PPP	D. SDLC				
11.		_		`)?			
	A. Signal to noise		Frequency Band					
	C. Modulation rat	te D. S	Signal propagat	on speed				
12.	A noisy channel	has a bandwidth	h of 4 KHZ, its	S/N ratio is 511, then its maxim	mum data rate will be			
	A. 36 kbps	B. 32 kbps	C. 63 kb	s D. NONEOF ABOV	Æ			
13.		•	-	otical transmission system?				
	A. UTP		ctor laser devic	;				
	C. HUB	D. WiFi	router					
14.				f telephone company are know	n as the			
	A. local loop	B. trunk	C. microwave	line D. coaxial cable				
15.	_			ssion impairments of telephone	e local loop.			
	A. different Fourier components propagating at different speedB. thermal noise							
		between two clo	ose wires					
	D. multipath		ose whes					
16.	An T1 channel o	contains 24 PCM	I signals, its d	ta rate is .				
	A. 2.048 Mb	pps B. 1	1.544 Mbps					
	C. 64kbps		D. 2.5 Gbps					
	chapter	3						
17.	Bit string 111011	1111101 will bec	come	after bit stuffing.				
	A. 11101111			101111101101				
	C. 11101111	11101	D. 11101	111110101				
18.	Which field of PF	PP frame can be	omitted to impr	ve efficiency during frame tran	nsmission?			
	A. checksum	B. contro	ol C. protoc	ol D. length				
19.	What is the remain	inder obtained by	y dividing x ⁷ +x	+1 by the generator polynomia	$1 x^3 + 1?$			
	A. 110	B. 011	C. 111	D. None of above				

	B. Ever	y MAC address	is assigned a	a TCP port number VLAN ID;	er; same layer 3 protocol are ass	signed the same			
	VLAN ID;	on ports sonding	una recervii	ig payroad of the	same layer 3 protocor are ask	nghed the sume			
21.	With Hammi error(s).	ing code, the co	de which ca	n correct 3 bit e	crors at most may detect at	most			
	A. 5	B.6	C.7	D. 8					
22.	What is the re	emainder obtain	ed for a fram	ne 1101011111 us	ing the generator polynomial	$I G(x) = x^4 + x +$			
	A. 0101	B. 0110	C. 0010	D. 1100					
23.	What is the r		ng window s	ize of the selectiv	ve repeat protocol when use	3 bits for frame			
	A. 4	B. 5		C. 6	D. 7				
	A. acknowled	oing data frame dging B.	piggybacking	g C. go-bac	king D. hooking				
25.		What is the baud rate of classic 10-Mbps Ethernet?							
	A. 10M	B. 151	M	C. 20M	D. 25M				
26.	According to frame must n A. 100ms			tion time of the C. 400ms	line is 100ms, the transmiss D. 500ms	sion time of the			
27.	The Ethernet uses an algorithm called binary exponential back-off, after 3 collisions, the station will chose a random number between 0 and								
	A. 7	B. 8		C. 15	D. 16				
28.	A. the same of B. the same of C. the same b	collision domain collision domain proadcast domai	and the same but different but differen	er may belong to ne broadcast dom t broadcast doma nt collision doma nt broadcast dom	ins ins				

20. Which is not a correct method to build VLANs?

- 29. After the sender first sends frames from 0 to 8 and at the end of timeout receives the acknowledgments for frame 1, 3, and 5, the next frame it will retransmit is frame ______. (assume the protocol is goback-n and the acknowledgment number indicates the last frame number received correctly.)
 - A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 6
- D. 7
- 30. Which is not the CSMA / CA rule of 802.11?
 - A. If station X received RTS of station A, X must remain silent for a short time so that X will not interfere with A's receipt of CTS.
 - B. If station X received RTS, but did not receive CTS, then X can transmit its data and will not interfere with other stations.
 - C. If station X has not received RTS, but received CTS, then X may not transmit its data...
 - D. If station X has received both RTS and CTS, then X may transmit its data.
- 31. When a switch is set up port-based VLANs, which feature is impossible to achieve?
 - A. A port belongs to two different VLANs
 - B. Ports on different switches belongs to a same VLAN
 - C. IP-Sec encryption
 - D. Multicast function
- 32. An Ethernet topology and the current forwarding table of the switch are shown in the following figure. Hosts 00-e1-d5-00-23-a1 send a data frame to host 00-e1-d500-23-c1. After receiving this frame, host 00-e1-d5-00-23-c1 sends host 00-e1-d5-00-23-a1 a confirmation frame. The forwarding ports of the two frames on the switch are ().

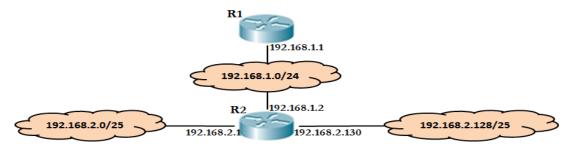


- A. {3} and {1}
- B. {2,3} and {1}
- C. {2,3} and {1,2}
- D. {1,2, 3} and {1}

- -----chapter 5 -----
- 33. Which is not the private address that will not appear in Internet datagram?
 - A. 10.3.18.82
- B. 192.168.8.3
- C. 10.0.0.1
- D. 172.33.8.8
- 34. Which protocol is used in command "ping 10.214.8.9"?
 - A. ARP
- B. ICMP
- C. RARP
- D. ECHO
- 35. _____ is not a legal IPV6 address.
 - A. 2A00::1345:A367:892B:24E0
- B. 1382:4567:89AB:CDEF

36.	RIP is a							
	A. Interior Gateway Protocol C. static routing protocol D. link state routing protocol							
37.	Which of the followi	ng devices is needed	for a packet to be pas	sed from one LAN to Internet?				
	A. Bridge		B. Rou	ıter				
	C. Switch		D. Hu	b				
38.	Which one is not a pa	art of link-state routin	ıg?					
	A. A router discovers	s its neighbors and lea	arns their network add	dresses.				
	B. Measure the delay	or cost to each of its	neighbors.					
		table with its neighbor						
	D. Construct a packe	t telling all it has just	learned.					
39.	What is the valid hos	et range for subnet 222	2.101.10.32, mask 25	5.255.255.252?				
	A. 202.101.10.0 th	rough 202.101.10.255	5					
	B. 202.101.10.32 thre	B. 202.101.10.32 through 202.101.10.63						
	C. 202.101.10.33 through 202.101.10.62							
	D. 202.101.10.33 thr	ough 202.101.10.34						
40.	A router has the follo	owing (CIDR) entries	in its routing table:					
	Address	mask	Next hop					
	135.46.64.0	255.255.192.0	192.168.0.1					
	135.46.80.0	255.255.240.0	172.16.0.1					
	135.46.128.0	255.255.224.0	10.0.0.1					
	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	123.0.0.1					
	Which is the next he	op if a packet with the	e destination address	135.46.125.80 arrives?				
	A. 192.168.0.1	B. 10.0.0.1	C. 172.16.0.1	D. 123.0.0.1				
41.	is a dynamic	mapping protocol in	which a MAC addres	ss is found for an IP address.				
	A. RARP							
	B. ARP							
	C. ICMP							
	D. None of the abo	ve						
42.	Which utility program	m is designed to find	the routers along the	e path from the host to a destination II				
	Which utility program is designed to find the routers along the path from the host to a destination I address.?							
	A. traceroute							
	B. ping							
	C. ttcp							
	D. Netstate							
43.	The IP protocol prov	ides for servi	ce.					

- A. reliable and connection-oriented
- B. non-routable
- C. unreliable and connectionless
- D. none of the above
- 44. The subnet mask for a network is 255.255.255.224. How many valid host addresses are available? (Disregard special addresses)
 - A. 14
- B. 16
- C. 30
- D. 32
- 45. If a host with IP address 120.10.77.55 and mask 255.255.252.0 wants to send a broadcast packet in its subnet, the destination address of the packet is _____.
 - A. 120.10.76.0
- B. 120.10.76.255
- C. 120.10.77.255
- D. 120.10.79.255
- 46. In the TCP / IP reference model, _____ provides a direct service for ICMP.
 - A. PPP
- B. IP
- C. UDP
- D. TCP
- 47. There is a network as following figure. Router R1 has only a route to subnet192.168.1.0/24. In order to making R1 can route to all subnet in the figure, which routing information (destination network, mask, next hop) should be added in R1:



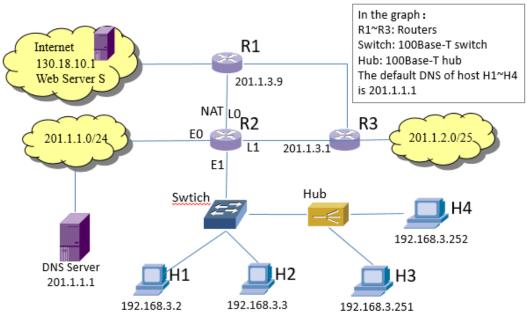
- A. 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.128 192.168.1.1 B. 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 C. 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.128 192.168.1.2 D. 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2
- -----chapter 6 -----
- 48. Which of the following does UDP guarantee?
 - A. Sequence numbers on each user datagram
 - B. Acknowledgements to the sender
 - C. Flow control
 - D. None of the above
- 49. Host A sends host B a TCP segment (SYN=1, seq=220) for establishing a connection. Which is the possible segment that host B then correctly sends if host B received the connection request?
 - A. (SYN=0, ACK=0; seq=221, ack=221)
 - B. (SYN=1, ACK=1; seq=220, ack=220)
 - C. (SYN=1, ACK=1; seq=221, ack=221)
 - D. (SYN=0, ACK=0; seq=220, ack=220)

50. When a host receives a TCP segment with an acknowledgement number as 500, it means								
	A. TCP Segment 499 has been received							
	B. TCP Segment 500 has been received							
	C. The bytes up	to and including 4	99 has been receive	d				
	D. The bytes up	to and including 5	600 has been receive	d				
51.	For TCP 3-way l	handshake connect	tion establishment, v	which of tl	he following co	mbination is for the		
	second-way (Cor	nnection Accepted)	?					
	A. SYN=1,ACK=	=1	I	B. SYN=1,	ACK=0			
	C. SYN=-0,ACK	=1	I	D. SYN=0,	,ACK=0			
52.	Suppose that the	TCP congestion	window is set to 18	KB and	a timeout occur	s. How big will the		
	window be if the	next six transmiss	sion bursts are all su	accessful?	Assume that the	e maximum segment		
	size is 1 KB.							
	A. 9 KB	B. 10 KB	C. 16KI	В	D. 32B			
Hos	at A continuously so	ends host B two TC	CP segments, which s	sequence n	umber is 100 and	d 220. Please answer		
	owing 4 questions:							
53.	How many bytes	of data does the fi	rst segment bring?					
	A. 99	B. 100	C. 120	D. 220)			
54.	What is the acknowledge	wledgment numbe		s after the f	irst message is s	uccessfully received?		
	A. 99	B. 100	C. 120	D. 220)			
55.		•				sage is successfully		
		• •	of data is there in the		_	st A sent?		
	A. 99	B. 100	C. 120	D. 220)			
56.		•				nd then host B sends		
		_	the acknowledgmen					
	A. 99	B. 100	C. 120	D. 220)			
	1	7						
	chapter	/						
57.	The receiver in C	NC aliant sands a	neelect to e	which then	looks up the per	no and raturns the in		
57.	address to the res		packet to a, w	vilicii tileli	looks up tile lian	ne and returns the ip		
	A. proxy name se		R authorit	B. authoritative name server				
	C. local name ser		D. top-leve					
	C. local fiame ser	VEI	D. top-leve	ei manne sei	. VCI			
58	Which protocol d	loes not match its v	vell-known port?					
50.	_	20	B. Telnet	vs 23				
		20	D. SMTP vs					
	C.111 VO 2	· -	D. 51/111 V5	20				
59.	Which is used to	keep track of a use	er and its related info	ormation b	y the Web serve	r?		
		1			,			

	A. web cache		B. persistent connection					
	C. cookie		D. conditional GET					
60.	HTML tag is	s used to define a h	yperlink .					
	A. <input "="" name="</td><td></td><td>B. 							
	C. <form "="" name="</td><td></td><td>D. </form>							
61.	is a small ja	va program that ha	as been compiled into binary instruction running in JVM, and can					
	be embedded into H	ITML pages, interr	preted by JVM-capable browsers.					
			C. Applet D. JSP					
	ii. ca ascript	D. Gu / u.D Guir	Compress 2002					
62.	In the following des	scriptions about H	ΓΤΡ, which one is not correct?					
	•	-	ons in its default mode.					
	B. HTTP uses TCP	_						
	C. HTTP is a statele		The state of the s					
	D. HTTP is client-s	-						
	D. HTTT is cheme-s	civei aremiceture.						
63	When a user clicks of	on a hyperlink http	://www.zju.edu.cn/lib/index.html, the browser carries out a series					
03.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•					
	•	of steps in order to fetch the page pointed to. Which one is not in these steps?						
	,	A.) The browser determines the URL						
			address of www.zju.edu.cn					
		-	t asking for file /lib/index.html					
	D.) The browser d	isplays all the text	in index.html					
64.			st been its undoing. Servers, routers, and lines are frequently					
			performance of accessing Web pages, we can use following					
	techniques except for							
	A. caching	B. serve	er replication					
	C. tunneling	D. conte	ent delivery networks					
65.	Which protocol is	perhaps not to be	e used when using a browser to access a university Web site					
	homepage?							
	A. PPP B. A	RP C. UDP	D. SMTP					
	chapter 8 -							
66.	•		prevent attack to					
	A. RSA B. A	ES C. SHA	-1 D. PGP					
67	Which lay is used t	o doomint data who	on using public key ammtagraphy?					
07.	-	Which key is used to decrypt data when using public-key cryptography?						
	A. The sender's pub	-						
	B. The sender's priv	•						
	C. The receiver's pu	-						
	D. The receiver's pr	rivate key						
C 0	William 1 d 1		for the contribution of th					
68.			fy the certificate of the website?					
	A. The public key o	t the website						

	B. The private	key of the browser	r					
	C. The public	key of the CA						
	D. The private	e key of the website						
69.		r entering into a bus		n you are talking to before revealing sens	itive			
	C. authentic	ation						
	D. Nonrepu	diation						
70.		lic-key algorithm is		which derives its strength from the fac-	t that			
	A. DES	B. AES	C. MD5	D. RSA				
dist 2x1	ance between t 0^8 m/s.	the sending and re-	ceiving ends is 100	on delay and the propagation delay: Transmis 0km. Signal propagation speed in the med a rate is 100kbps, then the transmission del	lia is			
	A. 1s	B. 10s	C. 10s	D. 100s				
72.	If the data len	gth is 10 ⁷ bits and t	the data transmissio	n rate is 100kbps, then the propagation del	ay is			
	A. 10s	B. 1s	C. 50ms	D. 5ms				
73.	If the data leng A. 10s	gth is 10^3 bits and the $$	e data transmission r C. 1ms	ate is 1Gbps, then the transmission delay is $_{\rm L}$ D. 1 μ s	·			
74.	If the data length is 10 ³ bits and the data transmission rate is 1Gbps, then the propagation delay is							
	A. 10s	B. 1s	C. 50ms	D. 5ms				
75.	What conclusion you can get from above results? A. If the data length is short and transmission rate is low, transmission delay is often greater than the propagation delay in total delay.							
		B. If the data length is long and the transmission rate is high, the propagation delay may be the main part in total delay.						
		ta length is long are ation delay in total		is low, transmission delay is often greater	than			
	D. If the data part in tota	_	the transmission rat	e is high, the transmission delay may be the	main			

Please use this diagram to answer the following 8 questions.



	201.1.1.1			-		
		192.168.3.2	192.168.3.3	192.16	8.3.251	
76.	respectively	·			D. 3, 2, 2	nal layers are
77.	dB, the actual da	ata transfer rate o	of the link is about the actual data	out 50% of the a transmission	the SNR(Signal and No theoretical maximum da speed is about D. 80kbps	*
78.	If H2 sends H4 H4, which host(A. only H2		e confirmation f	rame from the	a confirmation frame, in physical layer? 12 D. only H2 and H3	addition to the
79.		-	-		the signal propagation spe aximum distance between	•
	A. 200m	B. 205r	n	C. 359m	D. 512m	
80.	convergence. Lin	nk metric is base of a new distance	d on hop count. I	R3 detects that	ge routing information at the network 201.1.2.0/25 etween R2 and the network	is unreachable

B. 3 C. 16 A. 2 D. 17

81. Assume that two interfaces composing any link among R1, R2 and R3 use a pair of IP addresses in the form of 201.1.3.x/30. When H3 accesses the Web server S, the source and destination IP addresses of the encapsulated HTTP request packet forwarded by R2 are _

A.192.168.3.251, 130.18.10.1 B. 192.168.3.251, 201.1.3.9

C. 201.1.3.8, 130.18.10.1 D. 201.1.3.10, 130.18.10.1

82.	Assuming that the default gateway and subnet mask for H1 and H2 are configured as 192.168.3.1 and 255.255.255.128 respectively, the default gateway and subnet mask for H3 and H4 are configured as 192.168.3.254 and 255.255.255.128, respectively. The following possible situation happened is: A. H1 cannot communicate with H2 for normal IP B. Both H2 and H4 cannot access the Internet C. H1 cannot communicate with H3 for normal IP D. H3 cannot communicate with H4 for normal IP						
83.	3. Assume that all domain name servers use iterative query for domain name resolution. When H4 attempts to access the website www.abc.xyz.com and the domain name resolution is completed, the possible minimum and maximum number of DNS queries issued by the domain name server 201.1.1.1 are A. 0, 3 B. 1, 3 C. 0, 4 D. 1, 4						
84.	Which description is correct about router confid. A. It starts a router interface working as firewards. It starts a router interface working as an Interface. It shows the internal NAT address and port D. It changes the packet transmission direction.	ranet interface of NAT box. information of a router.					
05	Which of the following commands can be used	d to display middle routers to a destination host?					
05.	A. nslookup B. tracert C.arp	D.netstat					
86.	Some broadcast systems also support transm	nission to a subset of the machines, which is known as					
	a) A. unicasting	B. broadcasting					
	b) C. multicasting	D. anycasting					
87.	Which is not provided by the data link layer of	of the OSI model?					
071	A. framing	B. flow control					
	C. error control	D. congestion control					
88.	In the system, the users take turns, little burst of time.	each one periodically getting the entire bandwidth for a					
	A. FDM	B. TDM					
	C. WDM	D. CDM					
89.	Which is used to keep track of a user and its i	related information by the Web server?					
	A. web cache	B. persistent connection					
	C. cookie	D. conditional GET					
90.	A telephone switch is a good example of	switching.					

	A. packet		B. buffer				
	C. fabric		D. circuit				
91.	There are two types of transmission technology that are in widespread use. They are Point-to-point links and						
	A. Broadcast links.	В.	end-to-end links				
	C. peer-to-peer links	D. virtua	al links.				
===	transpo	rt layer =====	====				
92.	congestion. The receiving w begins to send segment, and	vindow is 14 K application lay	GB and the maximum yer process of B begins	with 10-msec round-trip time and no segment size is 1 KB. At time t0, As to repeatedly fetch TCP data with a pre the receiving buffer of B is full?			
	A. 60 ms B. 50 r	ns	C. 40 ms	D. 80ms			
93.	Which is not the feature of T A. full-duplex C. It is a byte stream.	B. 1	three-way handshake				
94.	arrives?			the caller until a connection attempt			
	A. connect B. ac	cept C	. listen D. send				
95.	is based on UDI	2.					
	A. POP B. I	FORM	C. TELNET	D. RTP			
	========	==== applica	tion layer =====	=			
96.	Which one is not a legal reso	ource record of	DNS server?				
	A. www.zju.edu.cn 86400) IN SOA	star boss (43271,72	200,7200,2347,8792)			
	B. zju.edu.cn 86400	IN TXT	"Zhejiang universi	ty in HANGZHOU"			
	C. zju.edu.cn 86400	IN MX	www.zju.edu.cn				
	D. www.intel.com 8640	0 IN A	218.58.102.17				
97.	When you configure static II relating to DNS, which name	_		net mask, default gateway, IP address			
	A. proxy name server	B. :	authoritative name serv	ver			
	C. local name server	D.	top-level name server				
98.	A file containing popular son	g is delivered i	n email, it will be enco	ded as MIME message and its MIME			
	type/subtype will be	most po	essibly.				
	A. Audio/basic		MIME/audio				
	C. Message/music	D.	Message/rfc822				

99. HTML tag _____ can be used to accept user submitted data.

 $\begin{array}{ll} A. <\!\!A \; href= \dots > & B. <\!\!input > \\ C. <\!\!table > & D. <\!\!Li > \end{array}$

100. Which key will be used if A wants to send encrypted data to B when using public-key algorithms?

A. The public key of A B. The private key of A

C. The public key of B

D. The private key of B