Pratical – AJAX on Java Web Application

Objectives:

Integrates AJAX, Javascript with Java Servlet

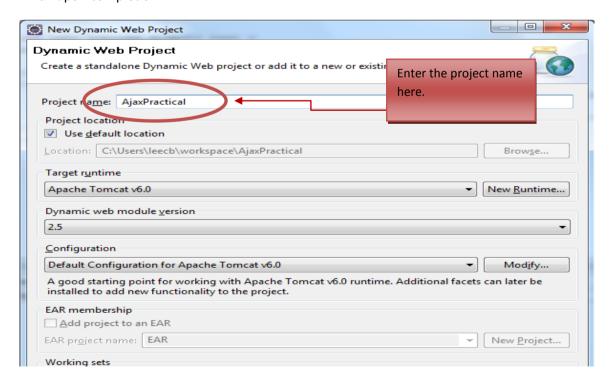
This practical consist of 4 parts:

- 1) Java Servlet without AJAX (Traditional)
- 2) Java Servlet with AJAX enabled
- 3) Java Servlet with AJAX enabled and MySQL
- 4) Java Servlet with AJAX enabled, MySQL & XML
- 5) (optional) Java Servlet with AJAX, MySQL, XML & AutoComplete

Create Dynamic Web Project - AjaxPractical

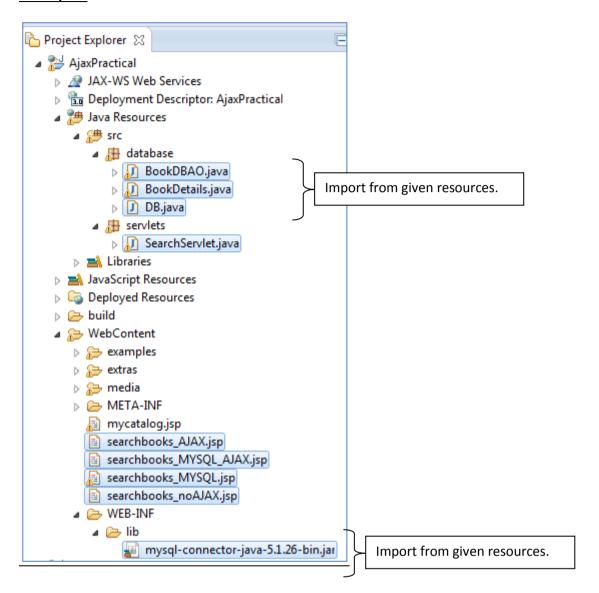
To get started with DataTables, download P11_Resources.zip from our resource site. Extract the files. Make sure that the database is loaded with the Bookstore tables that we have been using for the past few weeks

Starts your Eclipse, and verify that your Tomcat Server is created, and MYSQL database is started correctly (Take note of the port that MYSQL is configured). Creates a **Dynmaic Web Project** with information given below, click **Finish** upon completion.





Workspace

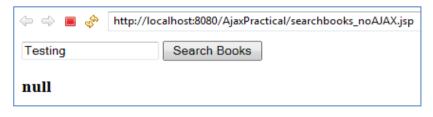


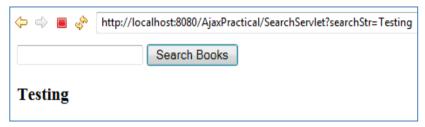
1. A Book Store (Search Feature) Java Servlet (Traditional)

Create a JSP and Servlet that provides a search feature to an online bookstore. For a start, the Servlet will just return the search string that the user has entered. Create a Java-based web application with the following files:

JSP page	: searchBooks_noAJAX.jsp (inside WebContent)
Servlet	: SearchServlet.java (inside package servlets)

Screens





JSP Codes:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Search</title>
</head>
<body>
<form name="SearchForm" action="SearchServlet" method="get">
<input type="text" size="20" id="searchStr" name="searchStr">
<input id="submit_btn" type="Submit" value="Search Books">
</form>
<%
  String book1 = (String) request.getAttribute("searchStr");
<div id="myDiv">
<h3><%=book1 %></h3>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
    request.setAttribute("searchStr", str);
    request.getRequestDispatcher("/searchbooks_noAJAX.jsp").forward(request, response);
}
```

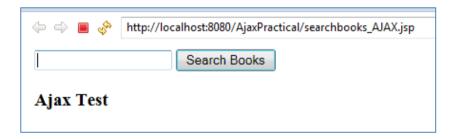
2. An AJAX-enabled Web Application

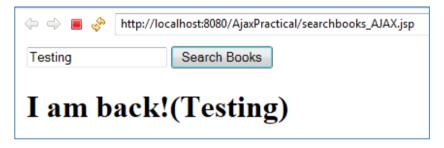
AJAX is an efficient way for a web application to handle user interactions with a web page -- a way that reduces the need to do a page refresh or full page reload for every user interaction. This enables rich behavior (similar to that of a desktop application or plugin-based web application) using a browser. AJAX interactions are handled asynchronously in the background. As this happens, a user can continue working with the page.

Create a new JSP and Servlet that provides a search feature to an online bookstore with AJAX enabled. For a start, the Servlet will just return the search string that the user has entered. Create a Java-based web application with the following files:

JSP page	: searchBooks_AJAX.jsp (inside WebContent)
Servlet	: SearchServlet.java (inside package servlets) ** use the same SearchServlet or create a new one.

Screens







```
JSP Codes:
<html>
<head>
<title>Search</title>
<script>
function initRequest() {
       if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
           return new XMLHttpRequest();
       } else if (window.ActiveXObject) {
           isIE = true;
           return new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
       }
 }
 function sendRequest() {
       var a = document.getElementById('searchStr');
       var url = "SearchServlet?searchStr=" + escape(a.value);
       var req = initRequest();
        req.onreadystatechange = function() {
            if (req.readyState == 4) {
              if (req.status == 200) {
                document.getElementById("myDiv").innerHTML = req.responseText;
              }
            }
        };
        req.open("GET", url, true);
       req.send(null);
 }
</script>
</head>
<body>
<input type="text" size="20" id="searchStr" name="searchStr">
<input id="submit btn" type="Submit" value="Search Books" onClick="SendRequest();">
<div id="myDiv" /</pre>
<h3>Ajax Test</h3>
</div>
</body>
</html>
** Note: <form> is not required.
```

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
    out.println("<h1>I am back!(" + str +")</h1>" );
}
```

3. An Non-AJAX Enabled Web Application with MYSQL

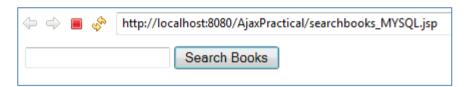
Create a JSP and Servlet that provides a search feature to an online bookstore with MYSQL as datastore. The Servlet extract data from Database based on the searchStr and return data as a List of 'BookDetails' objects. Create a Java-based web application with the following files:

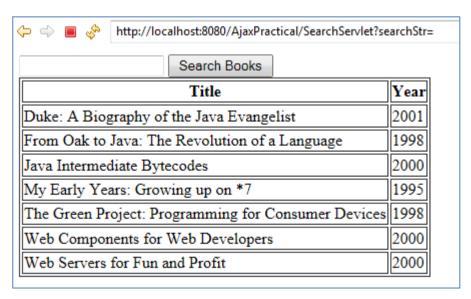
JSP page	: searchBooks_MYSQL.jsp (inside WebContent)
Servlet	: SearchServlet.java (inside package servlets)
	Response : Objects List <bookdetails></bookdetails>
	** use the same SearchServlet or create a new one.
Database	MYSQL – 'test' database
	** import database into your project

Screens

To return all results – leave the search string as empty

A total 7 books will be returned.







```
JSP Codes:
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
</head>
<%@ page import="database.*, java.util.*" %>
<body>
<form name="SearchForm" action="SearchServlet" method="get">
<input type="text" size="20" id="searchStr" name="searchStr">
<input id="submit_btn" type="Submit" value="Search Books">
     <%
           List < BookDetails > bookList = null;
           bookList = (List)request.getAttribute("books");
           if(bookList != null){
     %>
                <thead>
                       Title
                       Year
                       </thead>
                <%
                for (int i=0; i<bookList.size(); i++) {</pre>
                      BookDetails book = (BookDetails)bookList.get(i);
     %>
                       <%= book.getTitle() %>
                           <%= book.getYear() %>
                       <%
                }//for loop
           }// if booklist != null
     %>
     </form>
</body>
</html>
```



```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
      response.setContentType("text/html");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
      List books = null;
      try{
            BookDBAO db = new BookDBAO();
            books = db.getBooksByTitle(str);
            request.setAttribute("books", books);
            request.getRequestDispatcher("/searchbooks_MYSQL.jsp").forward(request,
            response);
      } catch (Exception ex) {
             response.resetBuffer();
      }
}
```

4. An AJAX Enabled Web Application with MYSQL and responding with XML data

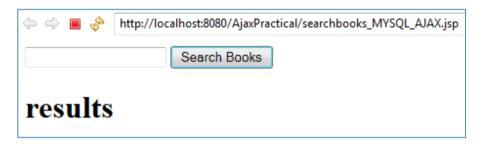
Create a JSP and Servlet that provides a search feature to an online bookstore with MYSQL as datastore integrating AJAX capabilities. The Servlet extract data from Database based on the searchStr and return data as XML format. JSP will reformat the XML data to the requirement HTML table format. Create a Java-based web application with the following files:

JSP page	: searchBooks_MYSQL.jsp (inside WebContent)
Servlet	: SearchServlet.java (inside package servlets) Response : XML ** use the same SearchServlet or create a new one.
Database	MYSQL – 'test' database

Screens

To return all results – leave the search string as empty

A total 7 books will be returned.







```
JSP Codes:
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1">
<title>Insert title here</title>
<script>
function initRequest() {
       if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
           return new XMLHttpRequest();
       } else if (window.ActiveXObject) {
           isIE = true;
           return new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
       }
}
function sendRequest() {
       var a = document.getElementById('searchStr');
       var url = "SearchServlet?searchStr=" + escape(a.value);
       var req = initRequest();
       req.onreadystatechange = function() {
          if (req.readyState == 4) {
              if (req.status == 200) {
              document.getElementById("myDiv").innerHTML = processXML(req.responseXML);
              } else if (req.status == 204){
                       //clearTable();
           }
       }};
       req.open("GET", url, true);
      req.send(null);
}
XML Data: (2 books)
<Books>
      <Book>
          <Title> Duke: A Biography of the Java Evangelist</Book>
          <Year>2001</Year>
      </Book>
      <Book>
          <Title> From Oak to Java: The Revolution of a Language</Book>
          <Year>1998</Year>
      </Book>
</Books>
```



```
function processXML(responseXML) {
 var books = responseXML.getElementsByTagName("Books")[0];
 var numBooks = books.childNodes.length;
 var myTable = '';
 if (numBooks > 0) {
     myTable += '<Table border="1">';
     myTable += '<thead style="background-color:lightblue">';
     myTable += '';
     for (loop=0; loop< books.childNodes.length; loop++){</pre>
          var aBook = books.childNodes[loop];
          var bookTitle = aBook.getElementsByTagName("Title")[0];
          var bookYear = aBook.getElementsByTagName("Year")[0];
          myTable += '';
          myTable += '' + bookTitle.childNodes[0].nodeValue + '';
          myTable += '' + bookYear.childNodes[0].nodeValue + '';
          myTable += '';
     }
          myTable += '';
          myTable += '</Table>';
           //alert(myTable);
           return myTable;
</script>
</head>
<body>
<input type="text" size="20" id="searchStr" name="searchStr">
<input id="submit_btn" type="Submit" value="Search Books" onClick="sendRequest();">
<div id="myDiv">
<h1>results</h1>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```



}

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
      response.setContentType("text/xml");
      response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
      List books = null;
      try{
            BookDBAO db = new BookDBAO();
            books = db.getBooksByTitle(str);
            if(books != null){
                   StringBuilder sbXML = new StringBuilder();
                   for (int i=0; i<books.size(); i++) {</pre>
                         BookDetails book = (BookDetails) books.get(i);
                         sbXML.append("<Book>");
                         sbXML.append("<Title>" + book.getTitle() + "</Title>");
sbXML.append("<Year>" + book.getYear() + "</Year>");
                         sbXML.append("</Book>");
                   }
                   out.write("<Books>" + sbXML.toString() + "</Books>");
      } catch (Exception e1){
            response.setStatus(HttpServletResponse.SC_NO_CONTENT);
            response.resetBuffer();
      }
```

5. An AJAX Enabled Web Application with MYSQL (AutoComplete Search String)

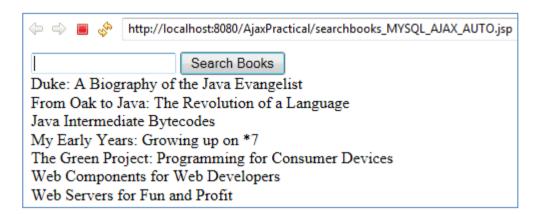
Create a JSP and Servlet that provides an AutoComplete search suggestion feature to an online bookstore with MYSQL as datastore integrating AJAX capabilities. The Servlet extract data from Database based on the searchStr and return data as Text format. A list of suggested Titles will appear below the search bar. Create a Java-based web application with the following files:

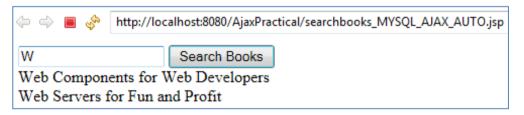
JSP page	: searchBooks_MYSQL.jsp (inside WebContent)
Servlet	: SearchServlet.java (inside package servlets) Response: TEXT/HTML ** use the same SearchServlet or create a new one.
Database	MYSQL – 'test' database

Screens

To return all suggested titles – leave a space

A total 7 books will be returned.







```
JSP Codes:
<html>
<head>
<title>Insert title here</title>
<script>
function initRequest() {
       if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
           return new XMLHttpRequest();
       } else if (window.ActiveXObject) {
           isIE = true;
           return new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
       }
   }
function sendRequest() {
       var a = document.getElementById('searchStr');
       var url = "SearchServlet?searchStr=" + escape(a.value);
       var req = initRequest();
       req.onreadystatechange = function() {
          if (req.readyState == 4) {
              if (req.status == 200) {
                    document.getElementById("myDiv").innerHTML =
processXML(req.responseXML);
              } else if (req.status == 204){
                        //clearTable();
       }};
       req.open("GET", url, true);
      req.send(null);
}
function sendRequestAuto(a) {
           var url = "AutoComplete?searchStr=" + a;
           var req = initRequest();
           req.onreadystatechange = function() {
               if (req.readyState == 4) {
                   if (req.status == 200) {
                    document.getElementById("myDivAuto").innerHTML = req.responseText;
                   } else if (req.status == 204){
                        //clearTable();
                   }
               }
           };
           req.open("GET", url, true);
           req.send(null);
}
```



```
function processXML(responseXML) {
 var books = responseXML.getElementsByTagName("Books")[0];
 var numBooks = books.childNodes.length;
 var myTable = '';
 if (numBooks > 0) {
     myTable += '<Table border="1">';
     myTable += '<thead style="background-color:lightblue">';
     myTable += 'TitleYear</thead>';
     myTable += '';
     for (loop=0; loop< books.childNodes.length; loop++){</pre>
           var aBook = books.childNodes[loop];
           var bookTitle = aBook.getElementsByTagName("Title")[0];
           var bookYear = aBook.getElementsByTagName("Year")[0];
           myTable += '';
           myTable += '' + bookTitle.childNodes[0].nodeValue + '';
           myTable += '' + bookYear.childNodes[0].nodeValue + '';
           myTable += '';
     }
           myTable += '';
           myTable += '</Table>';
           //alert(myTable);
           return myTable;
</script>
</head>
<body>
<input type="text" size="20" id="searchStr" name="searchStr"</pre>
onkeyup="sendRequestAuto(this.value);">
<input id="submit btn" type="Submit" value="Search Books"</pre>
onClick="sendRequest();">
<div id="myDivAuto">
</div>
<hr/>
<div id="myDiv">
<h1>results</h1>
</div>
```



```
Servlet Codes:
```

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
      response.setContentType("text/xml");
      response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
      List books = null;
      try{
             BookDBAO db = new BookDBAO();
             books = db.getBooksByTitle(str);
             if(books != null){
                   StringBuilder sbXML = new StringBuilder();
                   for (int i=0; i<books.size(); i++) {</pre>
                          BookDetails book = (BookDetails) books.get(i);
                          sbXML.append("<Book>");
                          sbXML.append("<Title>" + book.getTitle() + "</Title>");
sbXML.append("<Year>" + book.getYear() + "</Year>");
                          sbXML.append("</Book>");
                   }
                   out.write("<Books>" + sbXML.toString() + "</Books>");
      } catch (Exception e1){
             response.setStatus(HttpServletResponse.SC NO CONTENT);
             response.resetBuffer();
      }
}
      protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
             response.setContentType("text/html");
             PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
             String str = request.getParameter("searchStr");
             List books = null;
          try{
                   BookDBAO db = new BookDBAO();
                   books = db.getBooksByTitle(str);
                   if(books != null){
```



Conclusion

What is particularly attractive about this is that AJAX applications do not require a separate plug-in, and are platform and browser-neutral. That said, AJAX is not supported as well in older browsers. Care needs to be taken in writing client-side script that accounts for the differences between browsers. You might consider using a JavaScript library that abstracts the browser differences and in some cases support older browsers using alternative interaction techniques.