

Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111	
Course Title:	Programming Language II	
Homework No:	04	
Topic:	Instance method and overloading	
Submission Type:	Hard Copy	
Resources:	1. Class lectures 2. BuX lectures a. English:	

Design the **Student** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. Use constructor overloading and method overloading where necessary. *Hint:*

- A student having cgpa>=3.5 and credit>10 is eligible for scholarship.
 - A student having cgpa >=3.7 is eligible for Merit based scholarship
 - A student with cgpa>=3.5 but <3.7 is eligible for Need-based scholarship.

Driver Code	Given Output	
print('')		
std1 = Student("Alif", 3.99, 12)	71:0: 1:11 0 77 11 1	
print('')	Alif is eligible for Merit-based scholarship.	
std1.checkScholarshipEligibility()		
print('')	Name: Alif	
std1.showDetails()	Department: CSE CGPA: 3.99	
print('')	Number of Credits: 12	
std2 = Student("Mim", 3.4)	Scholarship Status: Merit-based scholarship	
std3 = Student("Henry", 3.5, 15, "BBA")		
print('')	Mim is not eligible for scholarship.	
std2.checkScholarshipEligibility()		
print('')	Henry is eligible for Need-based scholarship.	
std3.checkScholarshipEligibility()		
print('')	Name: Mim	
std2.showDetails()	Department: CSE CGPA: 3.4	
print('')	Number of Credits: 9	
std3.showDetails()	Scholarship Status: No scholarship	
print('')	Name: Henry	
std4 = Student("Bob", 4.0, 6, "CSE")	Department: BBA	
print('')	CGPA: 3.5	
std4.checkScholarshipEligibility()	Number of Credits: 15 Scholarship Status: Need-based scholarship	
print('')		
std4.showDetails()		
	Bob is not eligible for scholarship.	
	Name: Bob	
	Department: CSE	
	CGPA: 4.0	
	Number of Credits: 6	
	Scholarship Status: No scholarship	

Task 2

Design the **Foodie** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. You can follow the notes below:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of strings passed to order() method.
- 2. Total spent by a foodie is calculated by adding the total prices of all the ordered foods and the waiter's tips (if any).
- 3. Global variable 'menu' can be accessed directly from inside the class.

Driver Code	Output		
menu = {'Chicken Lollipop':15,'Beef	Frodo has 0 item(s) in the cart.		
Nugget':20,'Americano':180,'Red	Items: []		
Velvet':150,'Prawn Tempura':80,'Saute	Total spent: 0.		
Veg':200}	1		
	Ordered - Chicken Lollipop, quantity - 3,		
f1 = Foodie('Frodo')	price (per Unit) - 15.		
<pre>print(f1.show orders())</pre>	Total price - 45		
print('1')	Ordered - Beef Nugget, quantity - 6, price (per Unit) - 20.		
f1.order('Chicken Lollipop-3','Beef	Total price - 120		
Nugget-6','Americano-1')	Ordered - Americano, quantity - 1, price		
print('2')	(per Unit) - 180.		
<pre>print(f1.show_orders())</pre>	Total price - 180		
print('3')	2		
	Frodo has 3 item(s) in the cart.		
f1.order('Red Velvet-1')	Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef		
print('4')	Nugget', 'Americano']		
f1.pay_tips(20)	Total spent: 345.		
print('5')			
<pre>print(f1.show_orders())</pre>	Ordered - Red Velvet, quantity - 1, price		
f2 = Foodie('Bilbo')	(per Unit) - 150. Total price - 150		
print('6')	4		
f2.order('Prawn Tempura-6','Saute Veg-1')	Gives 20/- tips to the waiter.		
print('7')	5		
f2.pay_tips()	Frodo has 4 item(s) in the cart.		
print('8')	Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef		
<pre>print(f2.show_orders())</pre>	Nugget', 'Americano', 'Red Velvet']		
	Total spent: 515.		
	6		
	Ordered - Prawn Tempura, quantity - 6,		
	price (per Unit) - 80.		
	Total price - 480		
	Ordered - Saute Veg, quantity - 1, price (per Unit) - 200.		

```
Total price - 200
7-----
No tips to the waiter.
8-----
Bilbo has 2 item(s) in the cart.
Items: ['Prawn Tempura', 'Saute Veg']
Total spent: 680.
```

Design the **Department** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code.

Hints:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of integers passed to the add_students() method. The method will calculate the average number of students if the number of integers passed is equal to the number of classes.
- 2. Your code should work for any number of Department objects passed to the merge_Department() method.
- 3. The average students of the mega department in the merge_Department() method are calculated in this way -

Total students of mega department= mega department average * mega department sections + department 1 average * department 1 sections + department 2 average * department 2 sections + department 3 average * department 3 sections +

Average students of mega department = (Total students of mega department / mega department sections)

d1 = Department() print('1	Driver Code	Output	
mega - Department (Engineering Sections.	<pre>d1 = Department() print('1') d2 = Department('MME Department') print('2') d3 = Department('NCE Department', 8) print('3') d1.add_students(12, 23, 12, 34, 21) print('4') d2.add_students(40, 30, 21) print('5') d3.add_students(12, 34, 41, 17, 30, 22, 32, 51)</pre>	The ChE Department has 5 sections. 1 The MME Department has 5 sections. 2 The NCE Department has 8 sections. 3 The ChE Department has an average of 20.4 students in each section. 4 The MME Department doesn't have 3 sections. 5 The NCE Department has an average of 29.88 students in each section. 6	

```
Department', 10)
print('7-----')
                                  The Engineering Department has an average
                                  of 30.7 students in each section.
mega.add_students(21,30,40,36,10,32,27,
                                  8-----
51,45,15)
                                  ChE Department is merged to Engineering
print('8-----')
                                  Department.
                                  MME Department is merged to Engineering
print(mega.merge Department(d1, d2))
                                  Department.
print('9-----')
                                  Now the Engineering Department has an
print(mega.merge_Department(d3))
                                  average of 40.9 students in each section.
                                  NCE Department is merged to Engineering
                                  Department.
                                  Now the Engineering Department has an
                                  average of 64.8 students in each section.
```

Design the **Shopidify** class such that users can create 2 types of account guest_accounts and user_accounts to shop from the online e-commerce site.

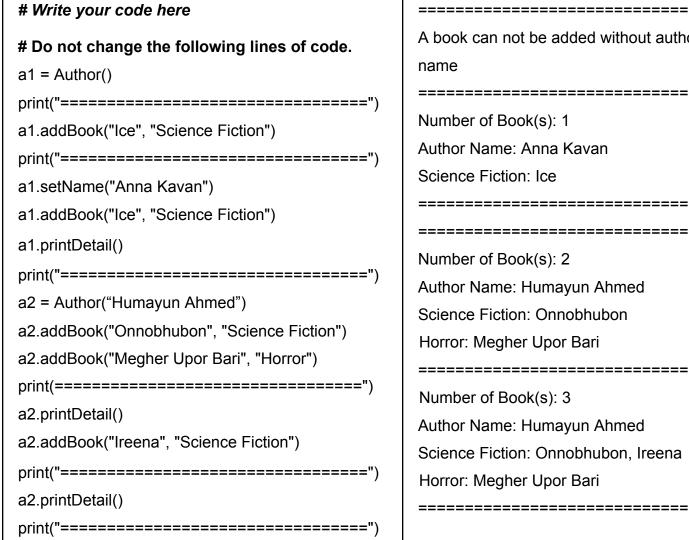
Now create the methods and constructors using overloading concepts to facilitate the online shopping procedure.

Use constructor overloading for handling the guest_accounts and user_accounts.

[You are not allowed to change the driver code.]

Tester Code	Output	
# Test the Shopidify class	Welcome to Shopidify	
<pre>guest_account = Shopidify()</pre>	1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
<pre>print("1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</pre>	Welcome John to Shopidify	
<pre>john_account = Shopidify("John")</pre>	2xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
<pre>print("2xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")</pre>	Items in the cart for Guest:	
<pre>guest_account.add_to_cart("Air Jordan", 2)</pre>	- Air Jordan: 2x	
<pre>guest_account.add_to_cart("Luffy Action</pre>	- Luffy Action Figure: 1x	
Figure")	3xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
<pre>guest_account.display_cart()</pre>	Items in the cart for John:	
<pre>print("3xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")</pre>	- Chocolate Chip Cookies: 3x	
<pre>john_account.add_to_cart(["Chocolate Chip</pre>	- Goku Action Figure: 2x	
Cookies", 3,"Goku Action	- Dumbbells-5kg: 2x	
Figure",2,"Dumbbells-5kg",2])	4xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
john account.display cart()	Items in the cart for Guest:	
print("4xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")	- Air Jordan: 3x	
<pre>guest_account.add_to_cart("Air Jordan")</pre>	- Luffy Action Figure: 1x	
<pre>guest_account.display_cart()</pre>	Charlest completed for Cuart	
<pre>print("5xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")</pre>	Checkout completed for Guest	
<pre>guest account.checkout()</pre>	Purchase history for Guest:	
print("6xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")	Transaction 1:	
<pre>guest account.display history()</pre>	- Air Jordan: 3x	
print("7xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")	- Luffy Action Figure: 1x	
john account.checkout()	7xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
print("8xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")	Checkout completed for John	
<pre>john account.display history()</pre>	8××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	
print("9xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx")	Purchase history for John:	
	Transaction 1:	
	- Chocolate Chip Cookies: 3x	
	- Goku Action Figure: 2x	
	- Dumbbells-5kg: 2x	
	9xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	

Write the **Author** class with the required methods to give the following outputs as shown.



A book can not be added without author _____ Author Name: Anna Kavan _____ -----Author Name: Humayun Ahmed Science Fiction: Onnobhubon Horror: Megher Upor Bari _____ Author Name: Humayun Ahmed Science Fiction: Onnobhubon, Ireena

1	class Ti	racing:
2	def	init(self):
3		self.x = 3
4		self.y = 2
5		self.sum = 5
6	def	<pre>methodA(self, x):</pre>
7		self.y = self.sum + self.x - x
8		self.sum = x - self.y
9		d = Tracing()
10		d.sum = self.sum + self.methodB(d)
11		<pre>print(self.x, self.y, self.sum)</pre>
12		return d
13	def	<pre>methodB(self, t, z = 4):</pre>
14		y = 2
15		t.x = self.x + self.sum
16		y = y + t.x - t.y
17		self.sum = t.x + t.y + y - z
18		if z == 4:
19		return y
20		<pre>print(t.x, t.y, self.sum)</pre>
21		p = t.methodA(y)
22		<pre>print(t.x, self.y, p.sum)</pre>

obj = Tracing()	Output:		
obj2 = obj.methodA(4)			
obj.methodB(obj2, 10)			

```
class Test4:
2
       def init (self):
           self.sum, self.y = 0, 0
       def methodA(self):
           x, y = 0, 0
           msg = [0]
6
           msg[0] = 5
8
           y = y + self.methodB(msg[0])
           x = y + self.methodB(msg, msg[0])
10
           self.sum = x + y + msg[0]
11
           print(x, y, self.sum)
       def methodB(self, *args):
12
13
           if len(args) == 1:
14
               mg1 = args[0]
15
                x, y = 0, 0
16
                y = y + mg1
17
                x = x + 33 + mg1
                self.sum = self.sum + x + y
18
19
                self.y = mg1 + x + 2
20
               print(x, y, self.sum)
21
                return y
22
           else:
23
               mg2, mg1 = args
24
                x = 0
25
                self.y = self.y + mg2[0]
26
                x = x + 33 + mg1
27
                self.sum = self.sum + x + self.y
28
                mg2[0] = self.y + mg1
29
                mg1 = mg1 + x + 2
30
                print(x, self.y, self.sum)
31
                return self.sum
```

t3 = Test4()	x	У	sum
t3.methodA()			