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### **Binary Data**

- Data stored as Bits (0, 1)
- Machine readable
- Lowest abstraction layer





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# Bits, Bytes and Words

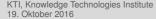
Problem: We can't express a value using a single bit

#### Solution: Group individual bits together

- by 8: byte
- 16, 32, or 64 bits: word (+ other sizes)

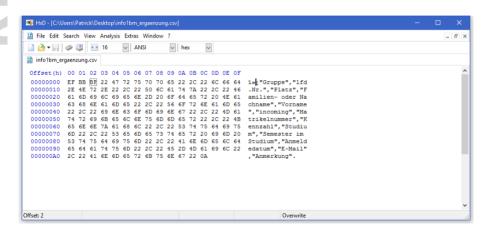
#### Example:

- 1 text character = 1 byte (2<sup>8</sup> values)
- "A" = 0100 0001(bin) = 41(hex)





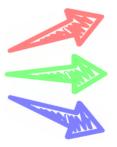
#### Hex View of a CSV Document

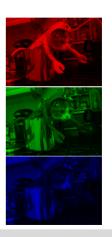




# Storing Data











### Storing Data - Serial or Parallel

Serial Parallel

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В
В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В
В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В

G R G R G G G G G G G G R G R G G R G

G

R

G

G

G



### Why do we need this?

- 1. Sensor data is often stored that way
- 2. Biomedical data is usually such sensor data
- 3. You will have to read such a file for Assignment 1



## **Assignment Overview**

- Load (open) source file
- Read data
- Store in better readable data-structure (provided!)
- Dump as pickle
- Test your program
- Upload to the Palme