Spazi normati

- $\|...\|_X$ "norma" in X of. Vettoriale, è una funzione $\|...\|: X \rightarrow [0,+\infty)$ con certe prop....
- □ la cophia (X, II...IIx) si dice "spazub normato".
- 1) Vy, zeX: "distanza tra ne z = dist (n, n) def. Iln, -n2 Ilx
- lim $x_n = x$ risp. $\|...\|_{\chi}$ def. $\|x_n y\|_{\chi} = 0$ (indicate anche: $\|x_n y\|_{\chi} = 0$

Sistemi Esperatori) Continui tra spazi normati

- A: (X, 11...11x) -> (Y, 11...11x) "cont." risp. a 11...11x
 e 11...11y
 - $\mathcal{H}_{u} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} \quad \text{in } X = An_{u} \rightarrow An_{u} \quad \text{in } Y$ $\text{rish } \| \dots \|_{X} \quad \text{risp. } \| \dots \|_{Y}$
- 1) Nota A: (X, 11...11) -> (Y, 11...11) cont. significa che:
 - Allinan) = lim Aan
- Trop Sia A: (X, 11...11x) -> (Y, 11...11y) lineare, allora

EC30, ∀xex: NAnly < Clirly

- In Infalti, sia $\|\pi_{n-n}\|_{X} \rightarrow 0$ altora $\|A\pi_{n-}A\pi\|_{Y} = \|A(\pi_{n-n})\|_{Y} \leq C\|\pi_{n-n}\|_{X} \rightarrow 0$ We now be dim.

Serie in spazi normati

1) Note: analogo se
$$\geq n_n$$

 $n=0$
 $n=0$
 $n=0$
 $n=n_0$

$$\left[A\left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n n_n \right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n A n_n \right]$$

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$$A\left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}a_{n}x_{n}\right)=A\left(\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{y}{j=1}a_{j}x_{j}\right)=\lim_{n\to\infty}A\left(\sum_{j=1}^{n}a_{j}x_{j}\right)$$

$$=\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{j=1}^{n}a_{j}Ax_{j}=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}a_{j}Ax_{j}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{100}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x_n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n_{-n}$$