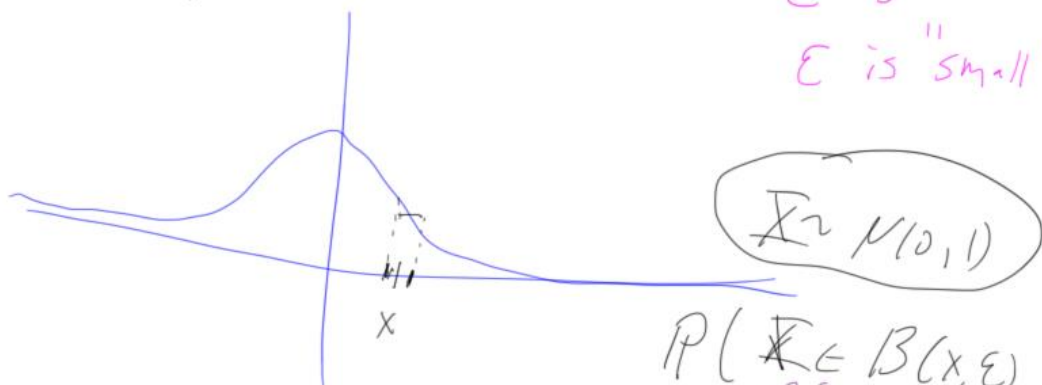


$$B(x, \varepsilon) = (x - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}, x + \frac{\varepsilon}{2})$$

$$B(b, \varepsilon) = (b - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}, b + \frac{\varepsilon}{2})$$

$\varepsilon > 0$

$\varepsilon$  is "small"



$$P(X \in B(x, \varepsilon))$$

$$P(X \in B(b, \varepsilon))$$

$$\Rightarrow P(b - \frac{\varepsilon}{2} \leq X \leq b + \frac{\varepsilon}{2})$$

$$\rightarrow P(x - \frac{\varepsilon}{2} \leq X \leq x + \frac{\varepsilon}{2})$$

$$= \int_{x - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}}^{x + \frac{\varepsilon}{2}} f_X(y) dy$$

$$= \int_{x - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}}^{x + \frac{\varepsilon}{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-y^2/2} dy$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} \left( x + \frac{\varepsilon}{2} - (x - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} \varepsilon$$

$$X \sim N(0,1) \quad Y = XZ$$

$$Z = \begin{cases} 1, & w = H \\ -1, & w = T \end{cases} \quad P(w = H) = 1/2$$

$$E[e^{uX + vY}] \text{ for } u + v \text{ d.v.'s}$$

$$= E[e^{uX + vXZ}]$$

$$= E\left[\frac{1}{2} e^{uX + vX} + \frac{1}{2} e^{uX - vX}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} E[e^{X(u+v)}] + \frac{1}{2} E[e^{X(u-v)}]$$

$$W \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\varphi_W(b) = E[e^{bW}] = e^{b\mu + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 b^2}$$

$$\mu = 0$$

$$\sigma^2 = 1$$

$$b = u + v$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{1}{2}(u+v)^2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{1}{2}(u-v)^2}$$

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Quadratic Variation

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Brownian Motion

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Moment GFs

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Prob. Meas.

Martingale

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