PYTHON 3 BEGINNER'S CHEATSHEET



User input and output

Printing to the screen

print('Hello, World!')

Printing a variable

name = 'Karim'
print('Hello, ' + name + '!')

Reading user input

country = input('where are you from?')
age = int(input('what is your age?'))

Variables

Creating an integer variable

age = 25

Creating a string variable

goal = 'Commit to CS mastery!'

Creating a float variable

pi = 3.14

Arithmetic Operations

Basic arithmetic Integer division

5 + 2 - (4 * 3)

result is -5 # result is 2

Real division

5/2

result is 2.5

Modulus

5 % 2

result is 1

5 ** 2 # result is 25

5 // 2

Power

Lists

Creating a list

Append to a list

L = [1, 2, "abc", True]

L.append(10)

Creating a list of lists

L = [[1, 2], ["abc"], [True, 15.2, x, "item"]]

Remove from a list

L.remove("abc")

List contains item

L = [1, 2, "abc", True] 2 in L #True "xyz" in L #False Get the index of an item

L = [1, 2, "abc", True] idx = L.index("abc") # idx is 2

Reverse a list

L.reverse()

Sort a list

L.sort()

Strings

Creating strings with single or double quotes

greeting = "Hello"
name = ' World'
print(greeting + name)
prints "Hello Worlds"

Concatenation

String contains another string

msg = "Hello, " + "World!" print(msg)

"ap" in "apple" # True
"z" in "apple" # False

String formatting

name = "Alice" age = 20

msg = f"Hello my name is {name} and my age is {age}" # only works with Python 3.6+

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String to uppercase

String to lowercase

my_string.upper()

my_string.lower()

Conditional Statements

If statements

if x > 5: print("x is greater than 5")

If else statements

if age < 12:
 print("child")
 else:
 print("adult")</pre>

If elif else statements

if grade >= 85:
 print ('Excellent')
 elif grade >= 75:
 print ('very good')
 elif grade >= 65:
 print ('good')
 elif grade >=50:
 print ('pass')
 else:

print ('failed')

For Loops

Repeating a block 5 times

sum = 0 for i in range (5): sum = sum + i print(sum) # result = 10

Iterating over a list

L = ["hello", "my", "name", "is", "Karim"]
for item in L:
 print(item)

Iterating over a string

str = "afternerd"
for ch in str:
 print(ch)

While Loops

Waiting for a condition

i = 0
while i < 5:
 print(i)
 i += 1</pre>

Infinite loop

while True: print("this loop will never terminate")

Break from a loop

x = 0
while True:
 if (x == 20):
 break
 # do something
 x += 1

you can also use break to break from for loops

Functions

Function with no parameters

def print_msg():
 print("Commit to CS mastery")

Function with a return value

def power(x, y): return x ** y

Function with multiple parameters

def print_msg(msg, times):
 for i in range(times):
 print(msg)

Call a function

x = 5
 y = 2
 z = power(x, y)
 # returns 25



