

**Assignment 7**  
MAA4211  
Carson Mulvey

**(Graded) 3.3.3.** Let  $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  be closed and bounded. Consider a sequence  $(a_n)$  in  $K$ . Because  $K$  is bounded by some  $M$ , all elements  $a_k \leq M$ , so  $(a_n)$  is also bounded. Thus, by Bolzano-Weierstrass,  $(a_n)$  has a subsequence that converges, say  $(a_{n_k})$ .

However, this convergent subsequence must also be a Cauchy sequence. Because  $K$  is closed, by Theorem 3.2.8.,  $(a_{n_k})$  has a limit that is also in  $K$ . Thus, by the definition of compactness,  $K$  is compact.