Assignment 9

MAA4211 Carson Mulvey

(Graded) 4.5.7. Consider the function g(x) = f(x) - x. By the Algebraic Continuity Theorem, g is continuous on interval [0,1]. A fixed point of f will occur for some $x \in [0,1]$ iff g(x) = 0.

Using the range of f, we know that $0 \le g(0) \le 1$ and $-1 \le g(1) \le 0$. If g(0) = 0 or g(1) = 0, then a fixed point occurs at x = 0 or x = 1, respectively. Now let g(0) > 0 and g(1) < 0. We have g(0) > 0 > g(1), so by the Intermediate Value Theorem, there is a point $c \in (0,1)$ where g(c) = 0, thus making x = c a fixed point.