

Cyclistic Case Study Q3_2021

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This is an analysis for Cyclistic Case Study for Google Data Analytics Course. This is an analysis for 2021's third quarter.

STEP ONE: INSTALL REQUIRED PACKAGES AND IMPORT DATA

Install the required packages. **Tidyverse** package to import and wrangling the data and **ggplot2** package for visualization of the data. **Lubridate** package for date parsing and **anytime** package for the datetime conversion.

- `install.packages("tidyverse")`
- `install.packages("ggplot2")`
- `install.packages("lubridate")`
- `install.packages("anytime")`

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(data.table)
library(ggplot2)
library(anytime)
```

Import data from local drive.

```
Jul21 <- read_csv("202107-divvy-tripdata.csv")
Aug21 <- read_csv("202108-divvy-tripdata.csv")
Sep21 <- read_csv("202109-divvy-tripdata.csv")
```

STEP TWO: EXAMINE THE DATA

Examine the dataframe for an overview of the data. Review column names, **colnames()**. Then, we need to combine all data one dataframe. Then we examine dataframes to find dimensions, **dim()**, the first, **head()**, and the last, **tail()**, six rows in the dataframe, the summary, **summary()**, statistics on the columns of the dataframe, and review the data type structure of columns, **str()**.

```
colnames(Jul21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

```
colnames(Aug21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

```
colnames(Sep21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

Since all column names are the same. We can combine the data for each month into quarters.

```
q3_2021 <- bind_rows(Jul21, Aug21, Sep21)
```

```
View(q3_2021)
```

```
nrow(q3_2021)
```

```
## [1] 2382909
```

```
dim(q3_2021)
```

```
## [1] 2382909      13
```

```
head(q3_2021)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 started_at      ended_at      start...2 start...3
##   <chr>        <chr>    <dtm>          <dtm>          <chr>    <chr>
## 1 0A1B623926EF4... docked... 2021-07-02 14:44:36 2021-07-02 15:19:58 Michig... 13001
## 2 B2D5583A5A5E7... classi... 2021-07-07 16:57:42 2021-07-07 17:16:09 Califo... 17660
## 3 6F264597DDBF4... classi... 2021-07-25 11:30:55 2021-07-25 11:48:45 Wabash... SL-012
## 4 379B58EAB20E8... classi... 2021-07-08 22:08:30 2021-07-08 22:23:32 Califo... 17660
## 5 6615C1E4EB08E... electr... 2021-07-28 16:08:06 2021-07-28 16:27:09 Califo... 17660
## 6 62DC2B32872F9... electr... 2021-07-29 17:09:08 2021-07-29 17:15:00 Califo... 17660
## # ... with 7 more variables: end_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <chr>,
## #   start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

```
tail(q3_2021)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 started_at      ended_at      start...2 start...3
##   <chr>        <chr>    <dtm>          <dtm>          <chr>    <chr>
## 1 0A6AA3B1A1EC5... classi... 2021-09-14 23:00:37 2021-09-14 23:10:55 Ellis ... KA1503...
## 2 FA66BCAB0D73D... classi... 2021-09-22 15:46:57 2021-09-22 16:01:15 Ellis ... 584
## 3 1D44DEFB5D36C... classi... 2021-09-25 16:25:23 2021-09-25 16:40:29 Ellis ... KA1503...
## 4 6A346EA57FC23... classi... 2021-09-25 16:26:05 2021-09-25 16:40:30 Ellis ... KA1503...
## 5 49360AFD77110... classi... 2021-09-15 17:57:48 2021-09-15 18:24:06 Ellis ... KA1503...
## 6 343190A2DC023... electr... 2021-09-11 18:01:06 2021-09-11 18:08:26 Wells ... TA1306...
## # ... with 7 more variables: end_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <chr>,
## #   start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

```
summary(q3_2021)
```

```
##   ride_id      rideable_type      started_at
## Length:2382909 Length:2382909 Min. :2021-07-01 00:00:22.00
## Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:2021-07-24 05:40:49.00
## Mode :character Mode :character Median :2021-08-15 00:35:16.00
## Mean :2021-08-15 12:51:39.25
## 3rd Qu.:2021-09-06 19:30:07.00
## Max. :2021-09-30 23:59:48.00
##
##   ended_at      start_station_name start_station_id
## Min. :2021-07-01 00:04:51.00 Length:2382909 Length:2382909
## 1st Qu.:2021-07-24 06:21:28.00 Class :character Class :character
## Median :2021-08-15 00:58:46.00 Mode :character Mode :character
## Mean :2021-08-15 13:13:49.28
## 3rd Qu.:2021-09-06 19:55:00.00
## Max. :2021-10-01 22:55:35.00
##
##   end_station_name end_station_id      start_lat      start_lng
## Length:2382909 Length:2382909 Min. :41.65 Min. : -87.84
## Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:41.88 1st Qu.: -87.66
## Mode :character Mode :character Median :41.90 Median : -87.64
## Mean :41.90 Mean : -87.65
## 3rd Qu.:41.93 3rd Qu.: -87.63
## Max. :42.07 Max. : -87.52
##
##   end_lat      end_lng      member_casual
## Min. :41.57 Min. : -87.87 Length:2382909
## 1st Qu.:41.88 1st Qu.: -87.66 Class :character
## Median :41.90 Median : -87.64 Mode :character
## Mean :41.90 Mean : -87.65
## 3rd Qu.:41.93 3rd Qu.: -87.63
## Max. :42.17 Max. : -87.49
## NA's :2032 NA's :2032
```

```
str(q3_2021)
```

```
## spc_tbl_ [2,382,909 × 13] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id      : chr [1:2382909] "0A1B623926EF4E16" "B2D5583A5A5E76EE" "6F264597DDBF427A" "379B58EAB20E8AA5" ...
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:2382909] "docked_bike" "classic_bike" "classic_bike" "classic_bike" ...
## $ started_at    : POSIXct[1:2382909], format: "2021-07-02 14:44:36" "2021-07-07 16:57:42" ...
## $ ended_at      : POSIXct[1:2382909], format: "2021-07-02 15:19:58" "2021-07-07 17:16:09" ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:2382909] "Michigan Ave & Washington St" "California Ave & Cortez St" "Wabash Ave & 16th St" "California Ave & Cortez St" ...
## $ start_station_id : chr [1:2382909] "13001" "17660" "SL-012" "17660" ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:2382909] "Halsted St & North Branch St" "Wood St & Hubbard St" "Rush St & Hubbard St" "Carpenter St & Huron St" ...
## $ end_station_id   : chr [1:2382909] "KA1504000117" "13432" "KA1503000044" "13196" ...
## $ start_lat        : num [1:2382909] 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
## $ start_lng        : num [1:2382909] -87.6 -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ end_lat          : num [1:2382909] 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
## $ end_lng          : num [1:2382909] -87.6 -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ member_casual    : chr [1:2382909] "casual" "casual" "member" "member" ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   ride_id = col_character(),
## ..   rideable_type = col_character(),
## ..   started_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
## ..   ended_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
## ..   start_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   start_lat = col_double(),
## ..   start_lng = col_double(),
## ..   end_lat = col_double(),
## ..   end_lng = col_double(),
## ..   member_casual = col_character()
## .. )
## - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

Create new columns as for *date*, *month*, *day*, *year*, *day_of_week*, and *ride_length* in seconds.

```
q3_2021$date <- as.Date(q3_2021$started_at)
q3_2021$month <- format(as.Date(q3_2021$date), "%m")
q3_2021$month <- month.name[as.numeric(q3_2021$month)]
q3_2021$day <- format(as.Date(q3_2021$date), "%d")
q3_2021$year <- format(as.Date(q3_2021$date), "%Y")
q3_2021$day_of_week <- format(as.Date(q3_2021$date), "%A")
q3_2021$ride_length <- difftime(q3_2021$ended_at, q3_2021$started_at)
```

Convert *ride_length* column to numeric in order to run calculations on the data. First, check to see if the data type is numeric, and then convert if needed.

```
is.numeric(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

Recheck *ride_length* data type.

```
q3_2021$ride_length <- as.numeric(as.character(q3_2021$ride_length))
is.numeric(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

STEP THREE: CLEAN DATA

na.omit() will remove all NA from the dataframe.

```
q3_2021 <- na.omit(q3_2021)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_id* column character length is not 16. This will remove all the scientific ride ids that we noticed while examining the data.

```
q3_2021 <- subset(q3_2021, nchar(as.character(ride_id)) == 16)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_length* less than 60 seconds or 1 minute.

```
q3_2021 <- subset (q3_2021, ride_length > 59)
```

STEP FOUR: ANALYZE DATA

Analyze the dataframe by find the **mean**, **median**, **max** (maximum), and **min** (minimum) of *ride_length*.

```
mean(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 1331.096
```

```
median(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 779
```

```
max(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 2946429
```

```
min(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 60
```

Run a statistical summary of the *ride_length*.

```
summary(q3_2021$ride_length)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##         60     452     779    1331    1383 2946429
```

Compare the members and casual users

```
aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual, FUN = mean)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$ride_length
## 1                        casual           1827.8248
## 2                        member            821.6508
```

```
aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual, FUN = median)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$ride_length
## 1                        casual                999
## 2                        member                613
```

```
aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual, FUN = max)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$ride_length
## 1                        casual          2946429
## 2                        member           89183
```

```
aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual, FUN = min)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$ride_length
## 1                        casual                60
## 2                        member                60
```

Aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users.

```
aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual + q3_2021$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$day_of_week q3_2021$ride_length
## 1          casual          Friday          1736.7328
## 2          member          Friday           804.9539
## 3          casual          Monday          1938.8003
## 4          member          Monday           800.5767
## 5          casual          Saturday          1962.0252
## 6          member          Saturday           928.0573
## 7          casual          Sunday          2079.0151
## 8          member          Sunday           948.1469
## 9          casual          Thursday          1640.8466
## 10         member          Thursday           775.6239
## 11         casual          Tuesday          1562.2486
## 12         member          Tuesday           756.1090
## 13         casual          Wednesday          1565.7359
## 14         member          Wednesday           771.5622
```

Sort the days of the week in order.

```
q3_2021$day_of_week <- ordered(q3_2021$day_of_week, levels=c("Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))
```

Assign the aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users to x.

```
x <- aggregate(q3_2021$ride_length ~ q3_2021$member_casual + q3_2021$day_of_week, FUN = mean)

head(x)
```

```
##      q3_2021$member_casual q3_2021$day_of_week q3_2021$ride_length
## 1          casual          Sunday          2079.0151
## 2          member          Sunday           948.1469
## 3          casual          Monday          1938.8003
## 4          member          Monday           800.5767
## 5          casual          Tuesday          1562.2486
## 6          member          Tuesday           756.1090
```

Find the average ride length of member riders and casual riders per day and assign it to y.

```
y <- q3_2021 %>%
  mutate(weekday = wday(started_at)) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, weekday) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(),
            average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, weekday)

head(y)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   member_casual weekday number_of_rides average_duration
##   <chr>          <int>          <int>          <dbl>
## 1 casual          1            188413          2079.
## 2 casual          2            113835          1939.
## 3 casual          3             97744          1562.
## 4 casual          4            104444          1566.
## 5 casual          5            123158          1641.
## 6 casual          6            145304          1737.
```

Analyze the dataframe to find the frequency of member riders, casual riders, classic bikes, docked bikes, and electric bikes.

```
table(q3_2021$member_casual)
```

```
##
## casual member
## 993729 968923
```

```
table(q3_2021$rideable_type)
```

```
##
## classic_bike  docked_bike electric_bike
##      1449642      137277      375733
```

```
table(q3_2021$day_of_week)
```

```
##
##   Sunday   Monday   Tuesday Wednesday   Thursday   Friday   Saturday
##   306195   243688   238414   252325     282692   285537   353801
```

```
table(q3_2021$month)
```

```
##
##   August   July September
##   666084   683203   613365
```

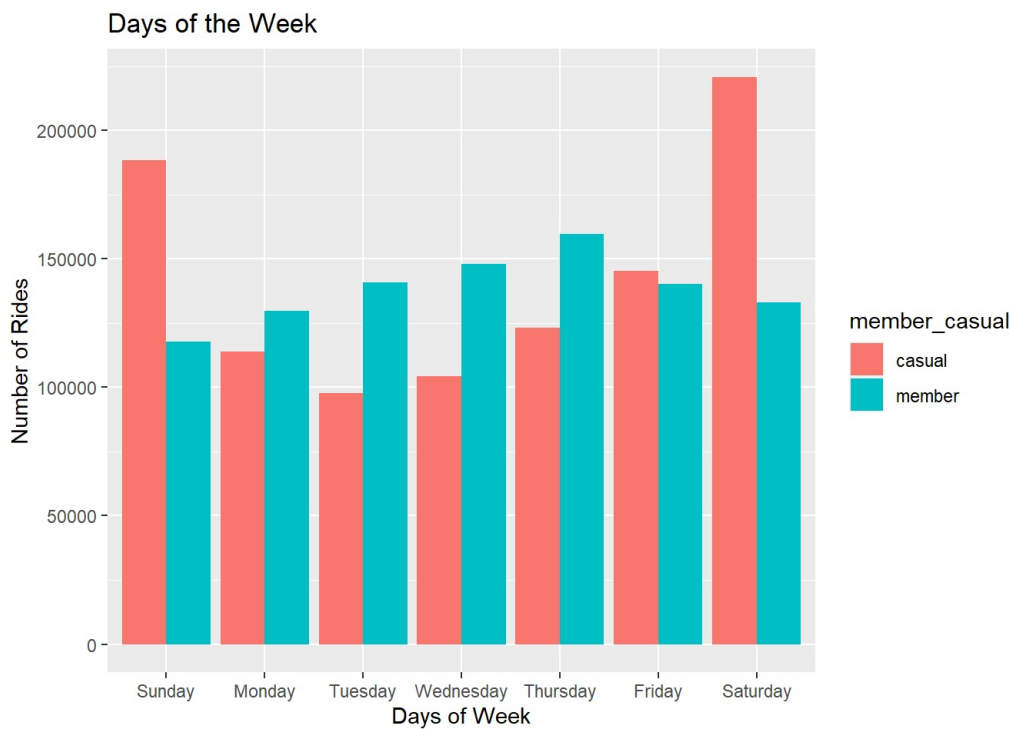
STEP FIVE: VISUALIZATION

Display full digits instead of scientific number.

```
options(scipen=999)
```

Plot the number of rides by user type during the week.

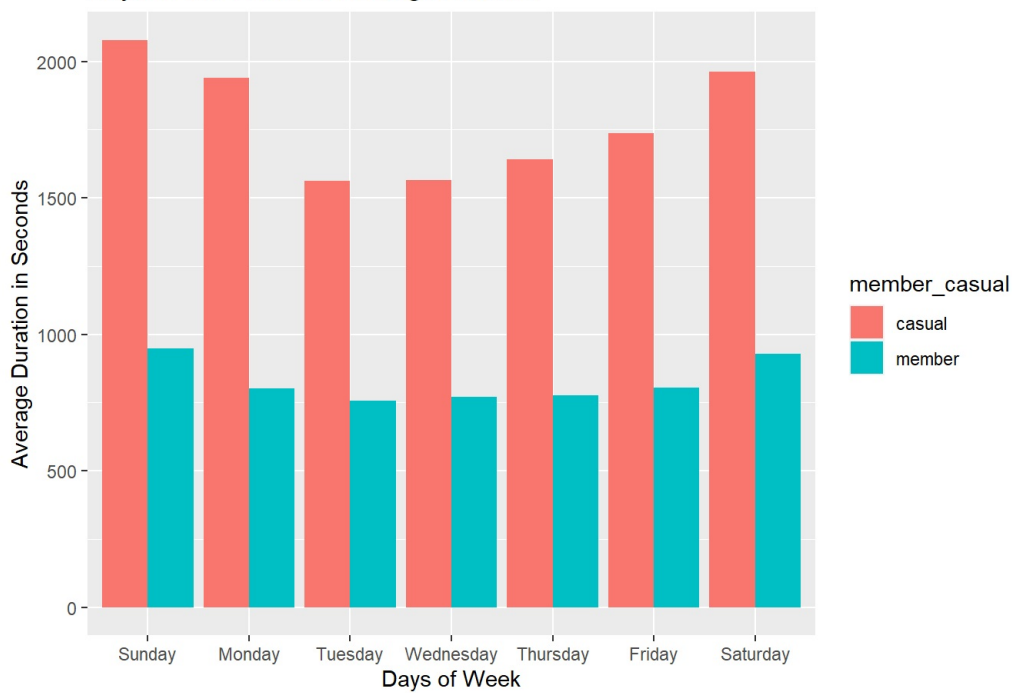
```
q3_2021 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = number_of_rides, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge")+
  labs(x = "Days of Week",
       y = "Number of Rides",
       title= "Days of the Week")
```



Plot the duration of the ride by user type during the week.

```
q3_2021 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = average_duration, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge") +
  labs(x = "Days of Week",
       y = "Average Duration in Seconds",
       title= "Days of the Week vs Average Duration")
```

Days of the Week vs Average Duration



Create new dataframe for plots for weekday trends vs weekend trends.

```
mc<- as.data.frame(table(q3_2021$day_of_week,q3_2021$member_casual))
```

Rename columns

```
mc<-rename(mc, day_of_week = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
```

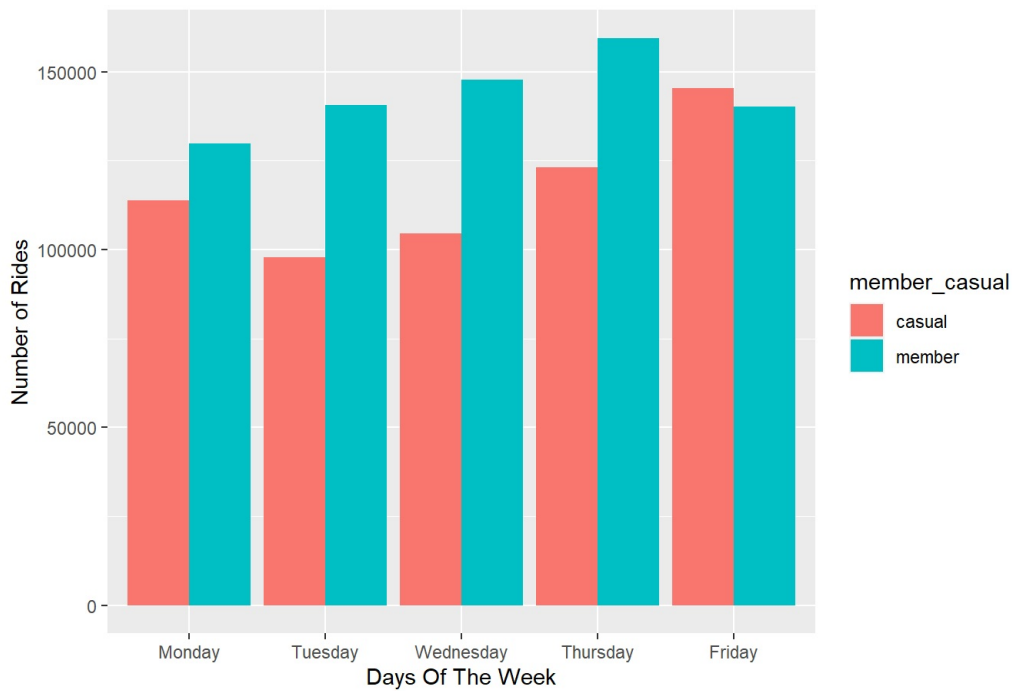
```
head(mc)
```

```
##  day_of_week member_casual  Freq
## 1    Sunday          casual 188413
## 2    Monday          casual 113835
## 3    Tuesday          casual  97744
## 4   Wednesday          casual 104444
## 5   Thursday          casual 123158
## 6    Friday          casual 145304
```

Weekday trends (Monday through Friday).

```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Monday" |
         day_of_week == "Tuesday" |
         day_of_week == "Wednesday" |
         day_of_week == "Thursday" |
         day_of_week == "Friday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity" , position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekdays Trends",
       x= "Days Of The Week",
       y = "Number of Rides")
```

Weekdays Trends



Weekend trends (Sunday and Saturday).

```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Sunday" |
         day_of_week == "Saturday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekends Trends",
       x = "Sunday vs Saturday",
       y = "Number of Rides")
```

Weekends Trends



Create dataframe for member and casual riders vs ride type

```
rt<- as.data.frame(table(q3_2021$rideable_type,q3_2021$member_casual))
```

Rename columns.

```
rt<-rename(rt, rideable_type = Var1, member_casual = Var2)

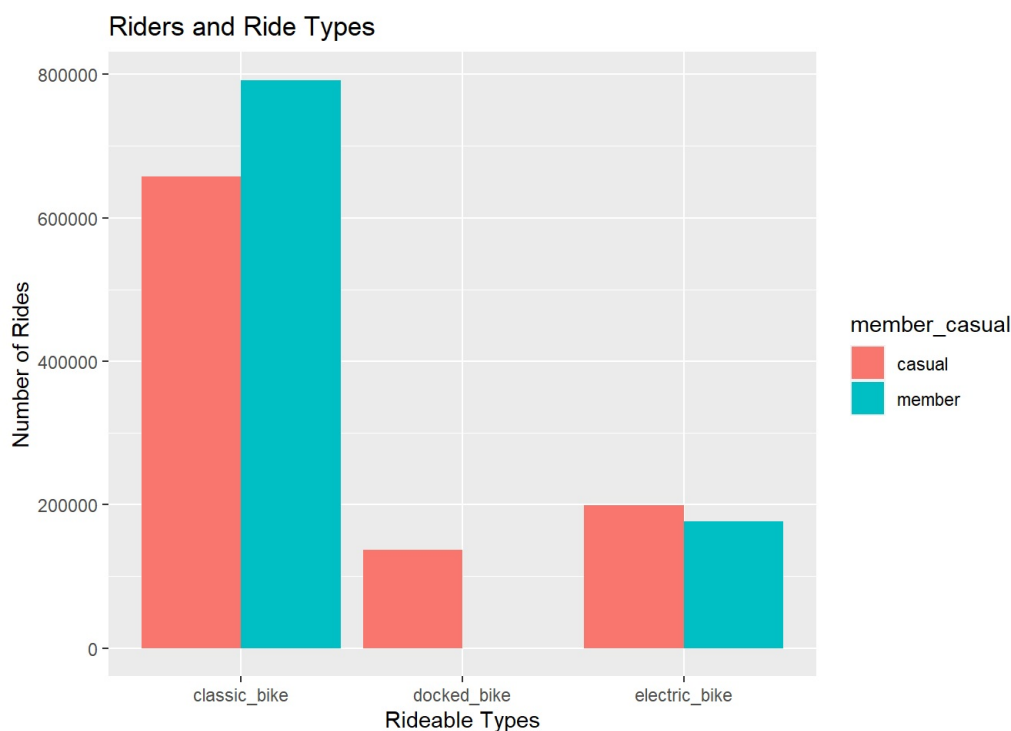
head(rt)
```



```
##   rideable_type member_casual   Freq
## 1 classic_bike      casual 657549
## 2 docked_bike      casual 137277
## 3 electric_bike     casual 198903
## 4 classic_bike     member 792093
## 5 docked_bike      member    0
## 6 electric_bike     member 176830
```

Plot for bike user vs bike type.

```
rt %>%
  filter(member_casual == "member" |
         member_casual == "casual") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = rideable_type, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Riders and Ride Types",
       x = "Rideable Types",
       y = "Number of Rides")
```



Create vector of month names for Q3 2021 septmeber

```
q3_months <- c("July", "August", "September")
```

Subset month.name to include only Q3 2021 months

```
q3_month_names <- month.name[match(q3_months, month.name)]
```

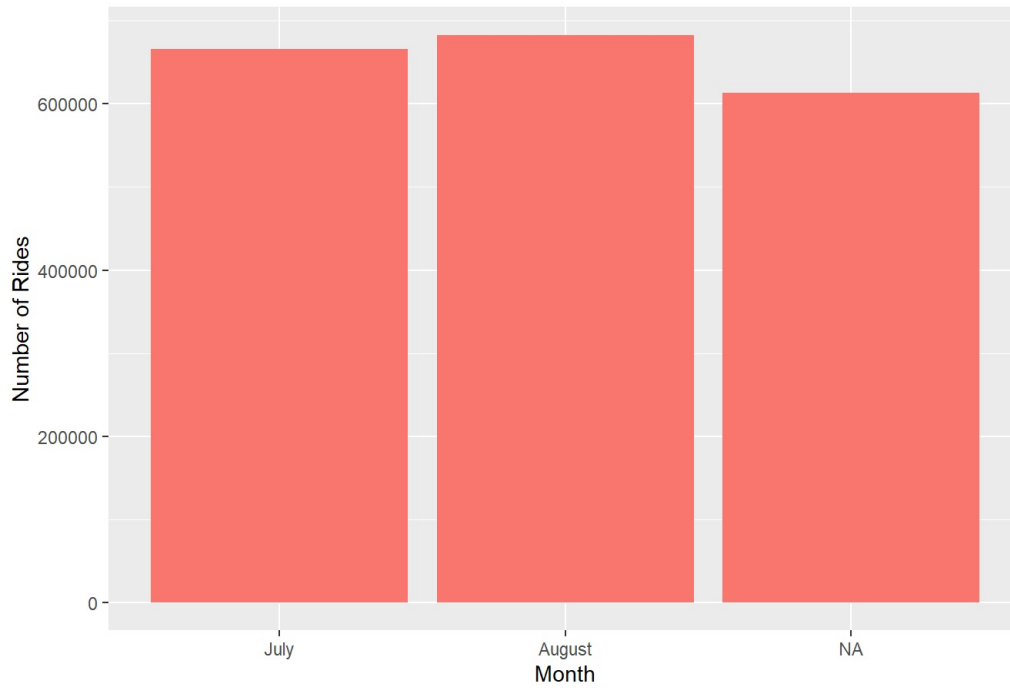
Create trips_by_month dataframe with only Q3 2021 months

```
trips_by_month <- data.frame(month = q3_month_names, count = table(q3_2021$month))
```

Set the levels of the month variable in the trips_by_month dataframe

```
trips_by_month$month <- factor(trips_by_month$month, levels = c("July", "August", "September"))
ggplot(trips_by_month, aes(x = month, y = count.Freq)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "#F8766D") +
  labs(x = "Month", y = "Number of Rides", title = "Number of Rides by Month in Q3 2021")
```

Number of Rides by Month in Q3 2021



STEP SIX: EXPORT ANALYZED DATA

Save the analyzed data as a new file. `fwrite(q3_2021, "q3_2021.csv")`