## Cyclistic Case Study Jul21

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2022-11-29

This is an analysis for Cyclistic Case Study for Google Data Analytics Course. This is an analysis for July 2021.

### STEP ONE: INSTALL REQUIRED PACKAGES AND IMPORT DATA

Install the required packages. **Tidyverse** package to import and wrangling the data and **ggplot2** package for visualization of the data. **Lubridate** package for date parsing and **anytime** package for the datetime conversion.

- install.packages("tidyverse")
- install.packages("ggplot2")
- install.packages("lubridate")
- install.packages("anytime")

### library(tidyverse)

```
## — Attaching packages -
                                                               – tidyverse 1.3.2 <del>–</del>
## / ggplot2 3.4.0
                    ✓ purrr
                                 0.3.5
## ✓ tibble 3.1.8
                       √ dplyr
                                  1.0.10
## ✔ tidyr
                       ✓ stringr 1.4.1
            1.2.1
## ✓ readr 2.1.3
                       ✓ forcats 0.5.2
## — Conflicts -
                                                         – tidyverse conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
```

### library(lubridate)

```
## Loading required package: timechange
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

### library(data.table)

```
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
##
##
   The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday, week,
##
       yday, year
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       between, first, last
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       transpose
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(anytime)
```

Import data from local drive.

```
Jul21 <- read_csv("C:/Users/theby/Documents/202107-divvy-tripdata.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 822410 Columns: 13
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): ride_id, rideable_type, start_station_name, start_station_id, end_...
## dbl (4): start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng
## dttm (2): started_at, ended_at
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

### STEP TWO: EXAMINE THE DATA

Examine the dataframe for an overview of the data. Review column names, **colnames()**, dimensions of the dataframe by row and column, **dim()**, the first, **head()**, and the last, **tail()**, six rows in the dataframe, the summary, **summary()**, statistics on the columns of the dataframe, and review the data type structure of columns, **str()**.

View(Jul21)

```
colnames(Jul21)
   [1] "ride id"
                              "rideable_type"
                                                    "started at"
   [4] "ended at"
                              "start station name" "start station id"
   [7] "end_station_name"
                              "end_station_id"
                                                    "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"
                              "end_lat"
                                                    "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
nrow(Jul21)
## [1] 822410
dim(Jul21)
## [1] 822410
                  13
head(Jul21)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##
     ride id
                     ridea…¹ started at
                                                   ended at
                                                                        start...2 start...3
##
                     <chr>
                             <dttm>
                                                   <dttm>
## 1 0A1B623926EF4... docked... 2021-07-02 14:44:36 2021-07-02 15:19:58 Michig... 13001
## 2 B2D5583A5A5E7... classi... 2021-07-07 16:57:42 2021-07-07 17:16:09 Califo... 17660
## 3 6F264597DDBF4... classi... 2021-07-25 11:30:55 2021-07-25 11:48:45 Wabash... SL-012
## 4 379B58EAB20E8... classi... 2021-07-08 22:08:30 2021-07-08 22:23:32 Califo... 17660
## 5 6615C1E4EB08E... electr... 2021-07-28 16:08:06 2021-07-28 16:27:09 Califo... 17660
## 6 62DC2B32872F9... electr... 2021-07-29 17:09:08 2021-07-29 17:15:00 Califo... 17660
    ... with 7 more variables: end station name <chr>>, end station id <chr>>,
       start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
       member casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names ¹rideable type,
## #
       2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

tail(Jul21)

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##
     ride_id
                     ridea…¹ started_at
                                                  ended at
                                                                       start...² start...³
##
                     <chr>
                             <dttm>
                                                   <dttm>
                                                                                <chr>
## 1 7B47CA3E874D2... electr... 2021-07-04 05:34:53 2021-07-04 05:36:46 <NA>
                                                                                <NA>
## 2 1E660BF8DCDAA... electr... 2021-07-04 10:40:41 2021-07-04 11:30:13 <NA>
                                                                                <NA>
## 3 A2448BDFD9B36... electr... 2021-07-04 12:47:41 2021-07-04 12:54:46 <NA>
                                                                                <NA>
## 4 2D612BF853037... electr... 2021-07-03 21:41:58 2021-07-03 21:57:14 <NA>
## 5 6D615D18B765C... electr... 2021-07-03 22:10:31 2021-07-03 22:11:39 <NA>
                                                                                <NA>
## 6 0F31D311323F0... electr... 2021-07-04 07:03:50 2021-07-04 07:32:38 <NA>
                                                                                <NA>
  # ... with 7 more variables: end station name <chr>, end station id <chr>,
       start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
       member casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names ¹rideable type,
## #
## #
       2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

```
summary(Jul21)
```

```
##
      ride id
                      rideable_type
                                           started at
##
                      Length:822410
                                         Min. :2021-07-01 00:00:22.00
   Length: 822410
                      Class :character
                                         1st Qu.:2021-07-08 17:44:35.00
##
   Class :character
##
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Median :2021-07-17 13:58:37.00
##
                                         Mean :2021-07-16 22:23:15.46
##
                                         3rd Qu.:2021-07-24 18:23:39.25
##
                                         Max. :2021-07-31 23:59:58.00
##
##
      ended at
                                    start station name start station id
##
         :2021-07-01 00:04:51.00
                                    Length:822410
                                                       Length:822410
   1st Ou.:2021-07-08 18:02:01.25
                                                       Class :character
##
                                    Class :character
##
   Median :2021-07-17 14:28:04.50
                                    Mode :character
                                                      Mode :character
         :2021-07-16 22:47:28.09
   3rd Qu.:2021-07-24 18:46:20.25
##
##
   Max. :2021-08-12 17:45:41.00
##
##
   end station name
                      end station id
                                           start_lat
                                                           start_lng
                                         Min. :41.65
##
   Length:822410
                      Length:822410
                                                        Min. :-87.84
##
    Class :character
                      Class :character
                                         1st Qu.:41.88
                                                         1st Qu.:-87.66
##
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Median :41.90
                                                         Median :-87.64
##
                                         Mean :41.90
                                                         Mean :-87.65
##
                                         3rd Qu.:41.93
                                                         3rd Qu.:-87.63
##
                                         Max. :42.07
                                                        Max. :-87.52
##
##
      end lat
                      end_lng
                                    member casual
##
   Min. :41.63
                   Min. :-87.85
                                    Length: 822410
##
   1st Qu.:41.88
                   1st Qu.:-87.66
                                    Class :character
   Median :41.90
                                    Mode :character
##
                   Median :-87.64
   Mean :41.90
                   Mean :-87.65
##
   3rd Qu.:41.93
                   3rd Qu.:-87.63
##
   Max. :42.15
                   Max. :-87.49
##
   NA's
          :731
                   NA's
                          :731
```

### str(Jul21)

```
## spc tbl [822,410 \times 13] (S3: spec tbl df/tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
                        : chr [1:822410] "0A1B623926EF4E16" "B2D5583A5A5E76EE" "6F264597DDBF427A" "379B58EAB20E8A
## $ ride_id
A5"
                        : chr [1:822410] "docked bike" "classic bike" "classic bike" "classic bike" ...
##
   $ rideable_type
                        : POSIXct[1:822410], format: "2021-07-02 14:44:36" "2021-07-07 16:57:42" ...
   $ started at
                        : POSIXct[1:822410], format: "2021-07-02 15:19:58" "2021-07-07 17:16:09" ..
## $ ended_at
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:822410] "Michigan Ave & Washington St" "California Ave & Cortez St" "Wabash Ave
& 16th St" "California Ave & Cortez St" ...
    $ start_station_id : chr [1:822410] "13001" "17660" "SL-012" "17660"
    $ end_station_name : chr [1:822410] "Halsted St & North Branch St" "Wood St & Hubbard St" "Rush St & Hubbard
St" "Carpenter St & Huron St" ...
   $ end station id : chr [1:822410] "KA1504000117" "13432" "KA1503000044" "13196" ...
##
   $ start_lat
                       : num [1:822410] 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
##
                       : num [1:822410] -87.6 -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 ...
    $ start lng
                        : num [1:822410] 41.9 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
##
    $ end lat
                        : num [1:822410] -87.6 -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 ...
##
    $ end lna
                       : chr [1:822410] "casual" "casual" "member" "member" ...
##
    $ member casual
    - attr(*, "spec")=
##
     .. cols(
##
        ride_id = col_character(),
     . .
##
          rideable type = col character(),
     . .
          started_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
     . .
          ended_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
##
          start station name = col character(),
     . .
##
          start_station_id = col_character(),
     . .
##
          end_station_name = col_character(),
##
          end_station_id = col_character(),
     . .
##
          start lat = col double(),
     . .
##
          start lng = col double(),
     . .
##
          end lat = col double(),
     . .
##
          end lng = col double(),
     . .
##
          member_casual = col_character()
     . .
##
     ..)
    - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

Create new columns as for date, month, day, year, day\_of\_week, and ride\_length in seconds.

```
Jul21$date <- as.Date(Jul21$started_at)
Jul21$month <- format(as.Date(Jul21$date), "%m")
Jul21$day <- format(as.Date(Jul21$date), "%d")
Jul21$year <- format(as.Date(Jul21$date), "%Y")
Jul21$day_of_week <- format(as.Date(Jul21$date), "%A")
Jul21$ride_length <- difftime(Jul21$ended_at,Jul21$started_at)</pre>
```

Convert ride\_length column to numeric in order to run calculations on the data. First, check to see if the data type is numeric, and then convert if needed.

```
is.numeric(Jul21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

Recheck ride\_length data type.

```
Jul21$ride_length <- as.numeric(as.character(Jul21$ride_length))
is.numeric(Jul21$ride_length)</pre>
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

### **STEP THREE: CLEAN DATA**

na.omit() will remove all NA from the dataframe.

```
Jul21 <- na.omit(Jul21)
```

Remove rows with the ride\_id column character length is not 16. This will remove all the scientific ride ids that we noticed while examining the data.

```
Jul21 <- subset(Jul21, nchar(as.character(ride_id)) == 16)</pre>
```

Remove rows with the ride\_length less than 1 minute.

```
Jul21 <- subset (Jul21, ride_length > "1")
```

### **STEP FOUR: ANALYZE DATA**

Analyze the dataframe by find the mean, median, max (maximum), and min (minimum) of ride\_length.

```
mean(Jul21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 1451.817
```

```
median(Jul21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 807
```

```
max(Jul21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 2946429
```

```
min(Jul21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

Run a statistical summary of the ride length.

```
summary(Jul21$ride length)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 2 463 807 1452 1439 2946429
```

Compare the members and casual users

```
aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual, FUN = mean)
```

```
## Jul21$member_casual Jul21$ride_length
## 1 casual 1997.3651
## 2 member 827.6401
```

```
aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual, FUN = median)
```

```
aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual, FUN = max)
```

```
## Jul21$member_casual Jul21$ride_length
## 1 casual 2946429
## 2 member 75757
```

```
aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual, FUN = min)
```

Aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users.

```
aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual + Jul21$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
```

```
##
      Jul21$member_casual Jul21$day_of_week Jul21$ride_length
## 1
                                      Friday
                                                      1869.7904
                   casual
## 2
                                                       799.9005
                   member
                                      Friday
## 3
                   casual
                                      Monday
                                                      2227.4572
## 4
                   member
                                      Monday
                                                       815.9857
## 5
                                    Saturday
                                                      2124.1990
                   casual
## 6
                                    Saturday
                                                       924.4708
                   member
## 7
                   casual
                                      Sunday
                                                      2231.4415
## 8
                   member
                                      Sunday
                                                       938.9424
## 9
                                                      1878.7145
                   casual
                                    Thursday
## 10
                   member
                                    Thursday
                                                       782.4526
## 11
                                                      1690.1324
                   casual
                                     Tuesday
## 12
                   member
                                     Tuesday
                                                       777.9584
## 13
                    casual
                                   Wednesday
                                                      1730.3010
## 14
                                                       785.8710
                   member
                                   Wednesday
```

Sort the days of the week in order.

```
Jul21$day_of_week <- ordered(Jul21$day_of_week, levels=c("Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday",
"Friday", "Saturday"))</pre>
```

Assign the aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users to x.

```
x <- aggregate(Jul21$ride_length ~ Jul21$member_casual + Jul21$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
head(x)</pre>
```

```
Jul21$member_casual Jul21$day_of_week Jul21$ride_length
## 1
                  casual
                                     Sunday
                                                     2231.4415
## 2
                                     Sunday
                                                      938.9424
                  member
## 3
                  casual
                                     Monday
                                                     2227.4572
## 4
                  member
                                     Monday
                                                      815.9857
## 5
                                                     1690.1324
                  casual
                                    Tuesday
## 6
                                                      777.9584
                  member
                                    Tuesday
```

Find the average ride length of member riders and casual riders per day and assign it to y.

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##
    member_casual weekday number_of_rides average_duration
##
                     <int>
## 1 casual
                                      59546
                         1
                                                        2231.
## 2 casual
                         2
                                      40372
                                                        2227.
## 3 casual
                         3
                                      36723
                                                        1690.
## 4 casual
                         4
                                      37949
                                                        1730.
## 5 casual
                         5
                                      46596
                                                        1879.
## 6 casual
                                      59256
                                                        1870.
```

Analyze the dataframe to find the frequency of member riders, casual riders, classic bikes, docked bikes, and electric bikes.

```
table(Jul21$member_casual)
```

```
##
## casual member
## 369361 322832
```

```
table(Jul21$rideable_type)
```

```
##
## classic_bike docked_bike electric_bike
## 505439 57697 129057
```

```
table(Jul21$day_of_week)
```

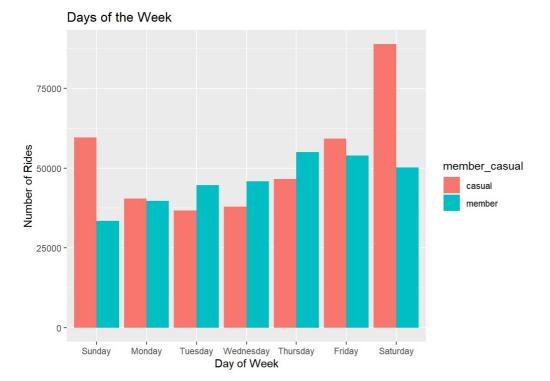
```
##
## Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday
## 92960 80126 81432 83773 101593 113191 139118
```

### **STEP FIVE: VISUALIZATION**

Display full digits instead of scientific number.

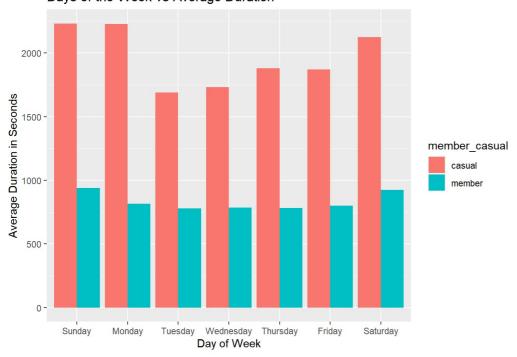
```
options(scipen=999)
```

Plot the number of rides by user type during the week.



Plot the duration of the ride by user type during the week.

### Days of the Week vs Average Duration



Create new dataframe for plots for weekday trends vs weekend trends.

```
mc<- as.data.frame(table(Jul21$day_of_week,Jul21$member_casual))</pre>
```

### Rename columns

```
mc<-rename(mc, day_of_week = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(mc)</pre>
```

```
##
     day_of_week member_casual Freq
                        casual 59546
## 1
          Sunday
## 2
          Monday
                        casual 40372
## 3
         Tuesday
                        casual 36723
## 4
       Wednesday
                        casual 37949
## 5
        Thursday
                        casual 46596
                        casual 59256
## 6
          Friday
```

Weekday trends (Monday through Friday).

### Weekdays Trends



Weekend trends (Sunday and Saturday).

## Weekends Trends 75000 50000 25000 25000 0-

Day Of The Week

Create dataframe for member and casual riders vs ride type

Sunday

```
rt<- as.data.frame(table(Jul21$rideable_type,Jul21$member_casual))
```

Saturday

Rename columns.

```
rt<-rename(rt, rideable_type = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(rt)</pre>
```

Plot for bike user vs bike type.

# Riders and Ride Types 200000 member\_casual casual member classic\_bike docked\_bike Riders

STEP SIX: EXPORT ANALYZED DATA

Save the analyzed data as a new file. fwrite(Jul21, "Jul21.csv")