

Cyclistic Case Study Apr21

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This is an analysis for Cyclistic Case Study for Google Data Analytics Course. This is an analysis for April 2021.

STEP ONE: INSTALL REQUIRED PACKAGES AND IMPORT DATA

Install the required packages. **Tidyverse** package to import and wrangling the data and **ggplot2** package for visualization of the data. **Lubridate** package for date parsing and **anytime** package for the datetime conversion.

- `install.packages("tidyverse")`
- `install.packages("ggplot2")`
- `install.packages("lubridate")`
- `install.packages("anytime")`

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching packages — tidyverse 1.3.2 —
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.0      ✓ purrr  0.3.5
## ✓ tibble  3.1.8      ✓ dplyr  1.0.10
## ✓ tidyr   1.2.1      ✓ stringr 1.4.1
## ✓ readr   2.1.3      ✓ forcats 0.5.2
## — Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## ✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✖ dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
## Loading required package: timechange
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
library(data.table)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##   hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday, week,
##   yday, year
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   between, first, last
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   transpose
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(anytime)
```

Import data from local drive.

```
Apr21 <- read_csv("C:/Users/theby/Documents/202104-divvy-tripdata.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 337230 Columns: 13
## — Column specification —————
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): ride_id, rideable_type, start_station_name, start_station_id, end...
## dbl (4): start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng
## dtm (2): started_at, ended_at
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

STEP TWO: EXAMINE THE DATA

Examine the dataframe for an overview of the data. Review column names, **colnames()**, dimensions of the dataframe by row and column, **dim()**, the first, **head()**, and the last, **tail()**, six rows in the dataframe, the summary, **summary()**, statistics on the columns of the dataframe, and review the data type structure of columns, **str()**.

View(Apr21)

```
colnames(Apr21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

```
nrow(Apr21)
```

```
## [1] 337230
```

```
dim(Apr21)
```

```
## [1] 337230      13
```

```
head(Apr21)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 started_at      ended_at      start...2 start...3
##   <chr>        <chr>    <dtm>          <dtm>          <chr>    <chr>
## 1 6C992BD37A98A... classi... 2021-04-12 18:25:36 2021-04-12 18:56:55 State ... TA1307...
## 2 1E0145613A209... docked... 2021-04-27 17:27:11 2021-04-27 18:31:29 Dorche... KA1503...
## 3 E498E15508A80... docked... 2021-04-03 12:42:45 2021-04-07 11:40:24 Loomis... 20121
## 4 1887262AD101C... classi... 2021-04-17 09:17:42 2021-04-17 09:42:48 Honore... TA1305...
## 5 C123548CAB2A3... docked... 2021-04-03 12:42:25 2021-04-03 14:13:42 Loomis... 20121
## 6 097E76F3651B1... classi... 2021-04-25 18:43:18 2021-04-25 18:43:59 Clinto... 15542
## # ... with 7 more variables: end_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <chr>,
## #   start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

```
tail(Apr21)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 started_at      ended_at      start...2 start...3
##   <chr>        <chr>    <dtm>          <dtm>          <chr>    <chr>
## 1 6B0D434599FAC... classi... 2021-04-23 05:42:14 2021-04-23 05:48:27 Mies v... 15529
## 2 461A6B0728E06... classi... 2021-04-09 17:09:03 2021-04-09 17:16:16 Mies v... 15529
## 3 CF1D3A35E3654... docked... 2021-04-04 13:27:08 2021-04-04 14:41:11 Mies v... 15529
## 4 4308ADB9171AC... classi... 2021-04-30 18:15:40 2021-04-30 19:12:44 Mies v... 15529
## 5 04DFB53077A17... electr... 2021-04-18 11:40:37 2021-04-18 11:46:03 Mies v... 15529
## 6 DB6F78ABBEC A3... classi... 2021-04-23 19:22:16 2021-04-23 19:41:07 Kedzie... 13292
## # ... with 7 more variables: end_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <chr>,
## #   start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2start_station_name, 3start_station_id
```

```
summary(Apr21)
```

```
##      ride_id      rideable_type      started_at
## Length:337230      Length:337230      Min.   :2021-04-01 00:03:18.00
## Class :character    Class :character    1st Qu.:2021-04-07 12:07:56.75
## Mode  :character    Mode  :character    Median :2021-04-15 22:37:04.50
##                                     Mean  :2021-04-15 22:47:10.36
##                                     3rd Qu.:2021-04-24 08:31:49.50
##                                     Max.   :2021-04-30 23:59:53.00
##
##      ended_at      start_station_name start_station_id
## Min.   :2021-04-01 00:14:29.00      Length:337230      Length:337230
## 1st Qu.:2021-04-07 12:31:51.75      Class :character    Class :character
## Median :2021-04-15 23:00:10.00      Mode  :character    Mode  :character
## Mean   :2021-04-15 23:11:18.80
## 3rd Qu.:2021-04-24 08:52:47.75
## Max.   :2021-05-05 22:14:39.00
##
##      end_station_name end_station_id      start_lat      start_lng
## Length:337230      Length:337230      Min.   :41.64      Min.   : -87.78
## Class :character    Class :character    1st Qu.:41.88      1st Qu.: -87.66
## Mode  :character    Mode  :character    Median :41.90      Median : -87.64
##                                     Mean  :41.90      Mean  : -87.64
##                                     3rd Qu.:41.93      3rd Qu.: -87.63
##                                     Max.   :42.07      Max.   : -87.52
##
##      end_lat      end_lng      member_casual
## Min.   :41.59      Min.   : -87.85      Length:337230
## 1st Qu.:41.88      1st Qu.: -87.66      Class :character
## Median :41.90      Median : -87.64      Mode  :character
## Mean   :41.90      Mean  : -87.65
## 3rd Qu.:41.93      3rd Qu.: -87.63
## Max.   :42.15      Max.   : -87.52
## NA's   :267      NA's   :267
```

```
str(Apr21)
```

```
## spc_tbl_ [337,230 × 13] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id      : chr [1:337230] "6C992BD37A98A63F" "1E0145613A209000" "E498E15508A80BAD" "1887262AD101C6
## 04" ...
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:337230] "classic_bike" "docked_bike" "docked_bike" "classic_bike" ...
## $ started_at    : POSIXct[1:337230], format: "2021-04-12 18:25:36" "2021-04-27 17:27:11" ...
## $ ended_at      : POSIXct[1:337230], format: "2021-04-12 18:56:55" "2021-04-27 18:31:29" ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:337230] "State St & Pearson St" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd & 84th S
## t" "Honore St & Division St" ...
## $ start_station_id : chr [1:337230] "TA1307000061" "KA1503000069" "20121" "TA1305000034" ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:337230] "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd &
## 84th St" "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" ...
## $ end_station_id   : chr [1:337230] "13235" "KA1503000069" "20121" "13235" ...
## $ start_lat        : num [1:337230] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ start_lng        : num [1:337230] -87.6 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ end_lat          : num [1:337230] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ end_lng          : num [1:337230] -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ member_casual    : chr [1:337230] "member" "casual" "casual" "member" ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   ride_id = col_character(),
## ..   rideable_type = col_character(),
## ..   started_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
## ..   ended_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
## ..   start_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   start_lat = col_double(),
## ..   start_lng = col_double(),
## ..   end_lat = col_double(),
## ..   end_lng = col_double(),
## ..   member_casual = col_character()
## .. )
## - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

Create new columns as for *date*, *month*, *day*, *year*, *day_of_week*, and *ride_length* in seconds.

```
Apr21$date <- as.Date(Apr21$started_at)
Apr21$month <- format(as.Date(Apr21$date), "%m")
Apr21$day <- format(as.Date(Apr21$date), "%d")
Apr21$year <- format(as.Date(Apr21$date), "%Y")
Apr21$day_of_week <- format(as.Date(Apr21$date), "%A")
Apr21$ride_length <- difftime(Apr21$ended_at, Apr21$started_at)
```

Convert *ride_length* column to numeric in order to run calculations on the data. First, check to see if the data type is numeric, and then convert if needed.

```
is.numeric(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

Recheck *ride_length* data type.

```
Apr21$ride_length <- as.numeric(as.character(Apr21$ride_length))
is.numeric(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

STEP THREE: CLEAN DATA

na.omit() will remove all NA from the dataframe.

```
Apr21 <- na.omit(Apr21)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_id* column character length is not 16. This will remove all the scientific ride ids that we noticed while examining the data.

```
Apr21 <- subset(Apr21, nchar(as.character(ride_id)) == 16)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_length* less than 1 minute.

```
Apr21 <- subset (Apr21, ride_length > "1")
```

STEP FOUR: ANALYZE DATA

Analyze the dataframe by find the **mean**, **median**, **max** (maximum), and **min** (minimum) of *ride_length*.

```
mean(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 1441.756
```

```
median(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 774
```

```
max(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 2866602
```

```
min(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

Run a statistical summary of the *ride_length*.

```
summary(Apr21$ride_length)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##         2     434     774    1442    1442 2866602
```

Compare the members and casual users

```
aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual, FUN = mean)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual 2306.5989
## 2 member 855.9065
```

```
aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual, FUN = median)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual 1126
## 2 member 627
```

```
aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual, FUN = max)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual 2866602
## 2 member 87175
```

```
aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual, FUN = min)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual 2
## 2 member 2
```

Aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users.

```
aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual + Apr21$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$day_of_week Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual Friday 2506.2222
## 2 member Friday 820.2647
## 3 casual Monday 2223.4094
## 4 member Monday 840.4177
## 5 casual Saturday 2200.5430
## 6 member Saturday 959.9997
## 7 casual Sunday 2574.8487
## 8 member Sunday 979.7233
## 9 casual Thursday 1440.8633
## 10 member Thursday 772.0394
## 11 casual Tuesday 2421.5596
## 12 member Tuesday 857.2783
## 13 casual Wednesday 2372.6881
## 14 member Wednesday 780.3790
```

Sort the days of the week in order.

```
Apr21$day_of_week <- ordered(Apr21$day_of_week, levels=c("Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))
```

Assign the aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users to x.

```
x <- aggregate(Apr21$ride_length ~ Apr21$member_casual + Apr21$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
head(x)
```

```
## Apr21$member_casual Apr21$day_of_week Apr21$ride_length
## 1 casual Sunday 2574.8487
## 2 member Sunday 979.7233
## 3 casual Monday 2223.4094
## 4 member Monday 840.4177
## 5 casual Tuesday 2421.5596
## 6 member Tuesday 857.2783
```

Find the average ride length of member riders and casual riders per day and assign it to y.

```
y <- Apr21 %>%
  mutate(weekday = wday(started_at)) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, weekday) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(),
            average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, weekday)

head(y)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   member_casual weekday number_of_rides average_duration
##   <chr>          <int>          <int>          <dbl>
## 1 casual            1            22866           2575.
## 2 casual            2            14058           2223.
## 3 casual            3            17928           2422.
## 4 casual            4            10347           2373.
## 5 casual            5            10406           1441.
## 6 casual            6            19798           2506.
```

Analyze the dataframe to find the frequency of member riders, casual riders, classic bikes, docked bikes, and electric bikes.

```
table(Apr21$member_casual)
```

```
##
## casual member
## 120413 177756
```

```
table(Apr21$rideable_type)
```

```
##
## classic_bike  docked_bike electric_bike
##      214098      24713      59358
```

```
table(Apr21$day_of_week)
```

```
##
## Sunday    Monday    Tuesday Wednesday Thursday    Friday    Saturday
##   45331    38766    46249    32878    35001    51376    48568
```

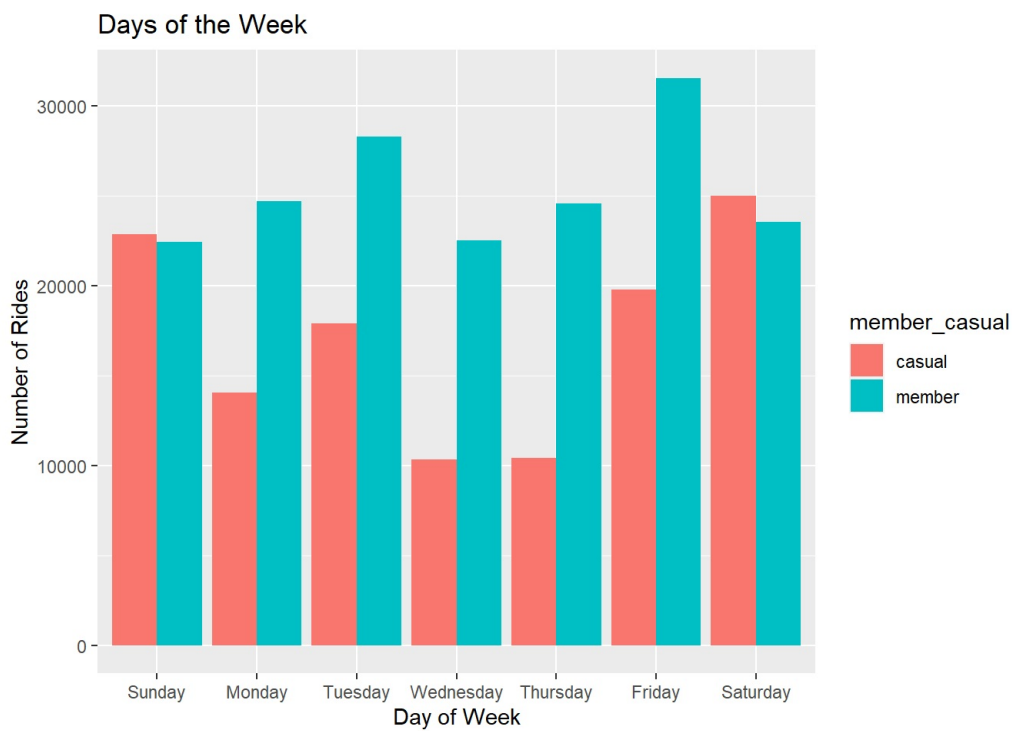
STEP FIVE: VISUALIZATION

Display full digits instead of scientific number.

```
options(scipen=999)
```

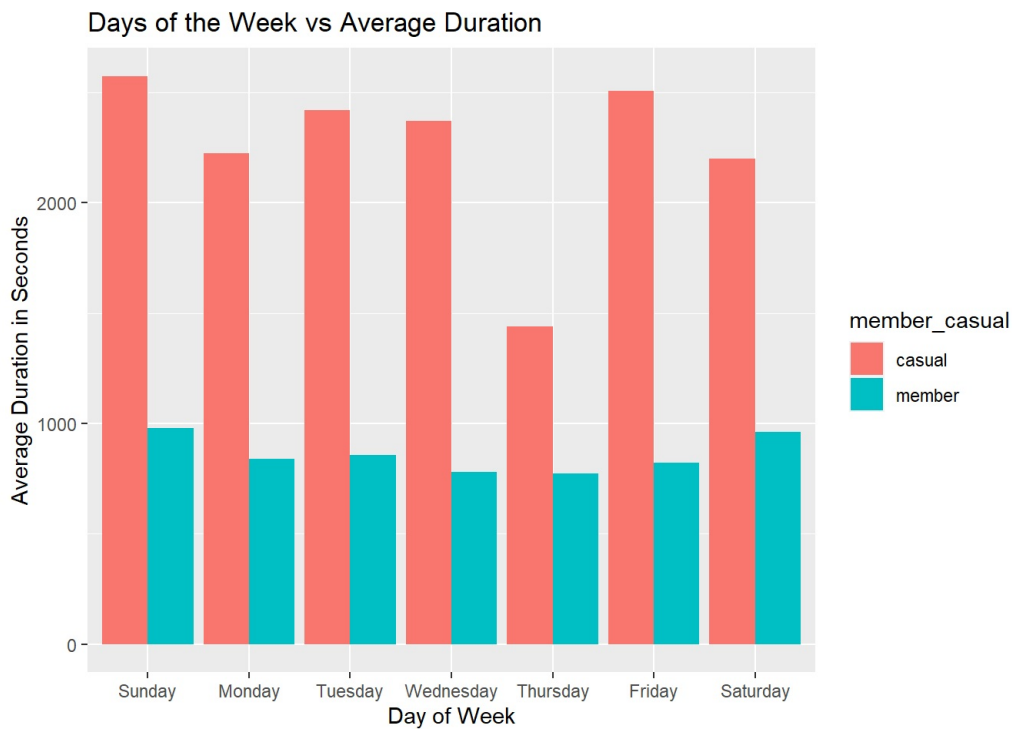
Plot the number of rides by user type during the week.

```
Apr21 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = number_of_rides, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge")+
  labs(x = "Day of Week",
       y= "Number of Rides",
       title= "Days of the Week")
```



Plot the duration of the ride by user type during the week.

```
Apr21 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = average_duration, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge") +
  labs(x = "Day of Week",
       y = "Average Duration in Seconds",
       title = "Days of the Week vs Average Duration")
```



Create new dataframe for plots for weekday trends vs weekend trends.

```
mc<- as.data.frame(table(Apr21$day_of_week, Apr21$member_casual))
```

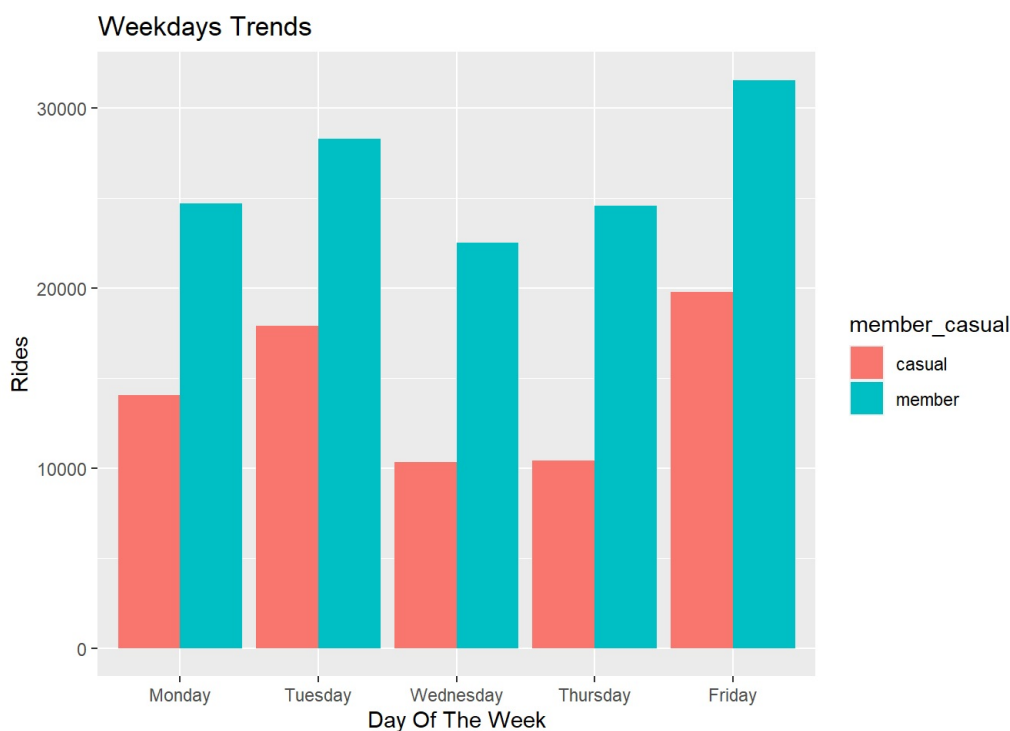
Rename columns

```
mc<-rename(mc, day_of_week = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(mc)
```

```
##   day_of_week member_casual  Freq
## 1    Sunday          casual 22866
## 2    Monday          casual 14058
## 3    Tuesday          casual 17928
## 4   Wednesday          casual 10347
## 5    Thursday          casual 10406
## 6     Friday          casual 19798
```

Weekday trends (Monday through Friday).

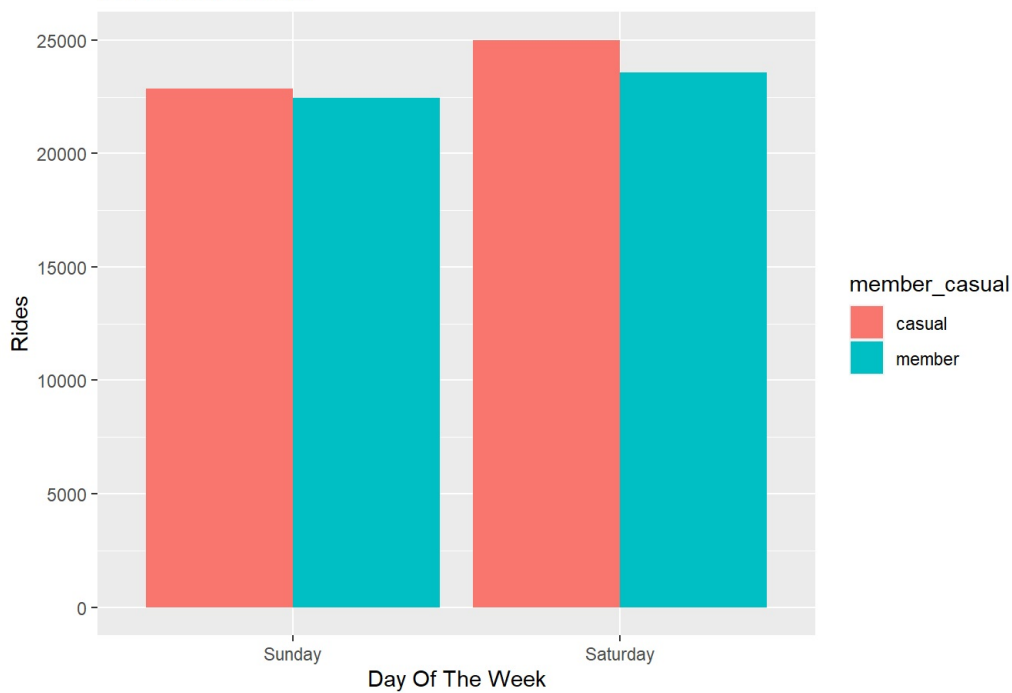
```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Monday" |
         day_of_week == "Tuesday" |
         day_of_week == "Wednesday" |
         day_of_week == "Thursday" |
         day_of_week == "Friday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekdays Trends",
       x = "Day Of The Week",
       y = "Rides")
```



Weekend trends (Sunday and Saturday).

```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Sunday" |
         day_of_week == "Saturday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekends Trends",
       x = "Day Of The Week",
       y = "Rides")
```


Weekends Trends



Create dataframe for member and casual riders vs ride type

```
rt<- as.data.frame(table(Apr21$rideable_type,Apr21$member_casual))
```

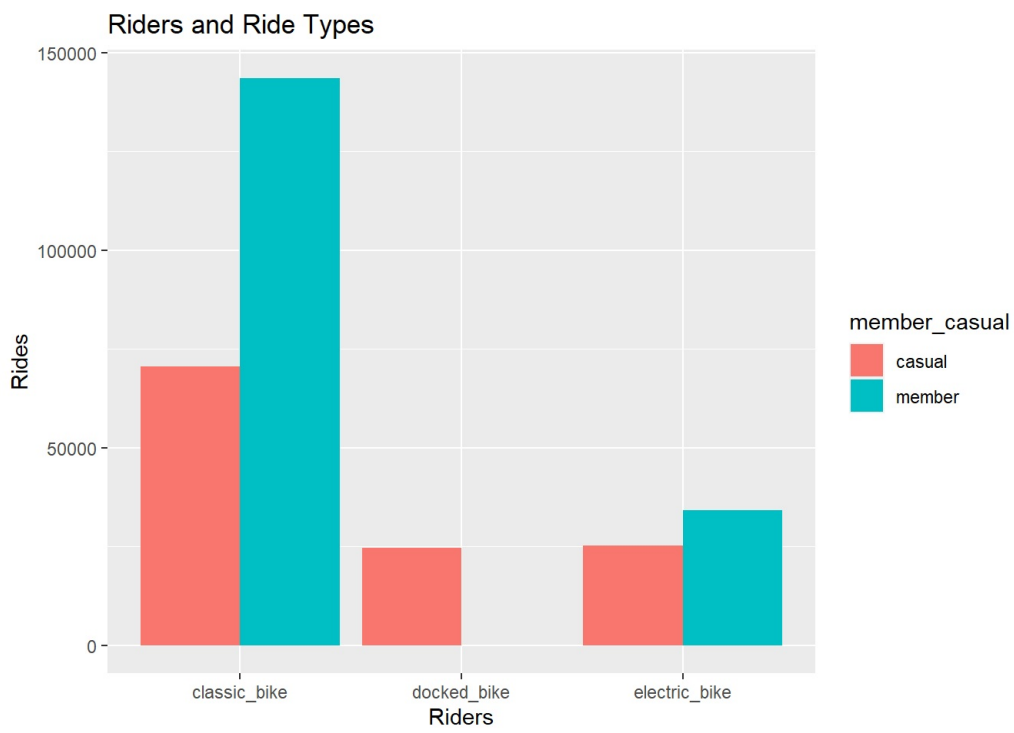
Rename columns.

```
rt<-rename(rt, rideable_type = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(rt)
```

```
##  rideable_type member_casual  Freq
## 1  classic_bike        casual 70498
## 2  docked_bike        casual 24713
## 3  electric_bike        casual 25202
## 4  classic_bike        member 143600
## 5  docked_bike        member      0
## 6  electric_bike        member 34156
```

Plot for bike user vs bike type.

```
rt %>%
  filter(member_casual == "member" |
         member_casual == "casual") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = rideable_type, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Riders and Ride Types",
       x= "Riders",
       y = "Rides")
```



STEP SIX: EXPORT ANALYZED DATA

Save the analyzed data as a new file.

```
fwrite(Apr21, "Apr21.csv")
```