

Cyclistic Case Study Q2_2021

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This is an analysis for Cyclistic Case Study for Google Data Analytics Course. This is an analysis for 2021's second quarter.

STEP ONE: INSTALL REQUIRED PACKAGES AND IMPORT DATA

Install the required packages. **Tidyverse** package to import and wrangling the data and **ggplot2** package for visualization of the data. **Lubridate** package for date parsing and **anytime** package for the datetime conversion.

- `install.packages("tidyverse")`
- `install.packages("ggplot2")`
- `install.packages("lubridate")`
- `install.packages("anytime")`

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching packages — tidyverse 1.3.2 —
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.0      ✓ purrr   0.3.5
## ✓ tibble  3.1.8      ✓ dplyr   1.0.10
## ✓ tidyr   1.2.1      ✓ stringr 1.4.1
## ✓ readr   2.1.3      ✓ forcats 0.5.2
## — Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## ✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✖ dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
## Loading required package: timechange
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
library(data.table)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##   hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday, week,
##   yday, year
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   between, first, last
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   transpose
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(anytime)
```

Import data from local drive.

```
Apr21 <- read_csv("202104-divvy-tripdata.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 337230 Columns: 13
## — Column specification —
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (9): ride_id, rideable_type, started_at, ended_at, start_station_name, s...
## dbl (4): start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
May21 <- read_csv("202105-divvy-tripdata.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 531633 Columns: 13
## — Column specification —————
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (9): ride_id, rideable_type, started_at, ended_at, start_station_name, s...
## dbl (4): start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
Jun21 <- read_csv("202106-divvy-tripdata.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 729595 Columns: 13
## — Column specification —————
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (9): ride_id, rideable_type, started_at, ended_at, start_station_name, s...
## dbl (4): start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

STEP TWO: EXAMINE THE DATA

Examine the dataframe for an overview of the data. Review column names, **colnames()**. Then, we need to combine all data one dataframe. Then we examine dataframes to find dimensions, **dim()**, the first, **head()**, and the last, **tail()**, six rows in the dataframe, the summary, **summary()**, statistics on the columns of the dataframe, and review the data type structure of columns, **str()**.

```
colnames(Apr21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

```
colnames(May21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

```
colnames(Jun21)
```

```
## [1] "ride_id"          "rideable_type"    "started_at"
## [4] "ended_at"         "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
## [7] "end_station_name" "end_station_id"   "start_lat"
## [10] "start_lng"        "end_lat"          "end_lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
```

Since all column names are the same. We can combine the data for each month into quarters.

```
q2_2021 <- bind_rows(Apr21, May21, Jun21)
```

```
View(q2_2021)
```

```
nrow(q2_2021)
```

```
## [1] 1598458
```

```
dim(q2_2021)
```

```
## [1] 1598458      13
```

```
head(q2_2021)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 start...2 ended...3 start...4 start...5 end_s...6 end_s...7 start...8
##   <chr>         <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>
## 1 6C992BD37A98A... classi... 4/12/2... 4/12/2... State ... TA1307... Southp... 13235      41.9
## 2 1E0145613A209... docked... 4/27/2... 4/27/2... Dorche... KA1503... Dorche... KA1503...    41.8
## 3 E498E15508A80... docked... 4/3/20... 4/7/20... Loomis... 20121    Loomis... 20121      41.7
## 4 1887262AD101C... classi... 4/17/2... 4/17/2... Honore... TA1305... Southp... 13235      41.9
## 5 C123548CAB2A3... docked... 4/3/20... 4/3/20... Loomis... 20121    Loomis... 20121      41.7
## 6 097E76F3651B1... classi... 4/25/2... 4/25/2... Clinto... 15542    Clinto... 15542      41.9
## # ... with 4 more variables: start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2started_at, 3ended_at, 4start_station_name, 5start_station_id,
## #   6end_station_name, 7end_station_id, 8start_lat
```

```
tail(q2_2021)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 13
##   ride_id      ridea...1 start...2 ended...3 start...4 start...5 end_s...6 end_s...7 start...8
##   <chr>         <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>
## 1 547E5403EE677... electr... 6/12/2... 6/12/2... Wells ... SL-011    <NA>      <NA>      41.9
## 2 CB282292CCFCE... electr... 6/14/2... 6/14/2... Wells ... SL-011    <NA>      <NA>      41.9
## 3 47BD346FAFB9B... classi... 6/30/2... 6/30/2... Clark ... 13303    Kingsb... KA1503...    41.9
## 4 52467C23D17C6... classi... 6/13/2... 6/13/2... Indian... TA1307... State ... SL-013      41.8
## 5 7DF6D74420D7D... electr... 6/8/20... 6/8/20... Clark ... 13303    <NA>      <NA>      41.9
## 6 0C01F8BA99E51... electr... 6/3/20... 6/3/20... Clark ... 13303    <NA>      <NA>      41.9
## # ... with 4 more variables: start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>,
## #   member_casual <chr>, and abbreviated variable names 1rideable_type,
## #   2started_at, 3ended_at, 4start_station_name, 5start_station_id,
## #   6end_station_name, 7end_station_id, 8start_lat
```

```
summary(q2_2021)
```

```
##   ride_id      rideable_type      started_at      ended_at
## Length:1598458 Length:1598458 Length:1598458 Length:1598458
## Class :character Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character
##
##
##
## start_station_name start_station_id end_station_name end_station_id
## Length:1598458 Length:1598458 Length:1598458 Length:1598458
## Class :character Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character
##
##
##
## start_lat      start_lng      end_lat      end_lng
## Min. :41.64 Min. : -87.78 Min. :41.51 Min. : -87.86
## 1st Qu.:41.88 1st Qu.: -87.66 1st Qu.:41.88 1st Qu.: -87.66
## Median :41.90 Median : -87.64 Median :41.90 Median : -87.64
## Mean :41.90 Mean : -87.64 Mean :41.90 Mean : -87.64
## 3rd Qu.:41.93 3rd Qu.: -87.63 3rd Qu.:41.93 3rd Qu.: -87.63
## Max. :42.07 Max. : -87.52 Max. :42.15 Max. : -87.49
##
## NA's :1436 NA's :1436
## member_casual
## Length:1598458
## Class :character
## Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

```
str(q2_2021)
```

```
## spc_tbl_ [1,598,458 × 13] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id      : chr [1:1598458] "6C992BD37A98A63F" "1E0145613A209000" "E498E15508A80BAD" "1887262AD101C604" ...
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:1598458] "classic_bike" "docked_bike" "docked_bike" "classic_bike" ...
## $ started_at   : chr [1:1598458] "4/12/2021 18:25" "4/27/2021 17:27" "4/3/2021 12:42" "4/17/2021 9:17" .
..
## $ ended_at     : chr [1:1598458] "4/12/2021 18:56" "4/27/2021 18:31" "4/7/2021 11:40" "4/17/2021 9:42" .
..
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:1598458] "State St & Pearson St" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd & 84th St" "Honore St & Division St" ...
## $ start_station_id  : chr [1:1598458] "TA1307000061" "KA1503000069" "20121" "TA1305000034" ...
## $ end_station_name  : chr [1:1598458] "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd & 84th St" "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" ...
## $ end_station_id    : chr [1:1598458] "13235" "KA1503000069" "20121" "13235" ...
## $ start_lat         : num [1:1598458] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ start_lng         : num [1:1598458] -87.6 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ end_lat           : num [1:1598458] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ end_lng           : num [1:1598458] -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ member_casual     : chr [1:1598458] "member" "casual" "casual" "member" ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   ride_id = col_character(),
## ..   rideable_type = col_character(),
## ..   started_at = col_character(),
## ..   ended_at = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   start_lat = col_double(),
## ..   start_lng = col_double(),
## ..   end_lat = col_double(),
## ..   end_lng = col_double(),
## ..   member_casual = col_character()
## .. )
## - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

Columns `started_at` and `ended_at` need to be convert from character data type to date data type. **Str()** syntax confirms changes.

```
q2_2021$started_at <- mdy_hm(q2_2021$started_at)
q2_2021$ended_at <- mdy_hm(q2_2021$ended_at)
str(q2_2021)
```

```
## spc_tbl_ [1,598,458 × 13] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id      : chr [1:1598458] "6C992BD37A98A63F" "1E0145613A209000" "E498E15508A80BAD" "1887262AD101C604" ...
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:1598458] "classic_bike" "docked_bike" "docked_bike" "classic_bike" ...
## $ started_at   : POSIXct[1:1598458], format: "2021-04-12 18:25:00" "2021-04-27 17:27:00" ...
## $ ended_at     : POSIXct[1:1598458], format: "2021-04-12 18:56:00" "2021-04-27 18:31:00" ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:1598458] "State St & Pearson St" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd & 84th St" "Honore St & Division St" ...
## $ start_station_id : chr [1:1598458] "TA1307000061" "KA1503000069" "20121" "TA1305000034" ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:1598458] "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" "Dorchester Ave & 49th St" "Loomis Blvd & 84th St" "Southport Ave & Waveland Ave" ...
## $ end_station_id   : chr [1:1598458] "13235" "KA1503000069" "20121" "13235" ...
## $ start_lat        : num [1:1598458] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ start_lng        : num [1:1598458] -87.6 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ end_lat          : num [1:1598458] 41.9 41.8 41.7 41.9 41.7 ...
## $ end_lng          : num [1:1598458] -87.7 -87.6 -87.7 -87.7 -87.7 ...
## $ member_casual    : chr [1:1598458] "member" "casual" "casual" "member" ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   ride_id = col_character(),
## ..   rideable_type = col_character(),
## ..   started_at = col_character(),
## ..   ended_at = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   start_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_name = col_character(),
## ..   end_station_id = col_character(),
## ..   start_lat = col_double(),
## ..   start_lng = col_double(),
## ..   end_lat = col_double(),
## ..   end_lng = col_double(),
## ..   member_casual = col_character()
## .. )
## - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
```

Create new columns as for *date*, *month*, *day*, *year*, *day_of_week*, and *ride_length* in seconds.

```
q2_2021$date <- as.Date(q2_2021$started_at)
q2_2021$month <- format(as.Date(q2_2021$date), "%m")
q2_2021$day <- format(as.Date(q2_2021$date), "%d")
q2_2021$year <- format(as.Date(q2_2021$date), "%Y")
q2_2021$day_of_week <- format(as.Date(q2_2021$date), "%A")
q2_2021$ride_length <- difftime(q2_2021$ended_at, q2_2021$started_at)
```

Convert *ride_length* column to numeric in order to run calculations on the data. First, check to see if the data type is numeric, and then convert if needed.

```
is.numeric(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

Recheck *ride_length* data type.

```
q2_2021$ride_length <- as.numeric(as.character(q2_2021$ride_length))
is.numeric(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

STEP THREE: CLEAN DATA

na.omit() will remove all NA from the dataframe.

```
q2_2021 <- na.omit(q2_2021)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_id* column character length is not 16. This will remove all the scientific ride ids that we noticed while examining the data.

```
q2_2021 <- subset(q2_2021, nchar(as.character(ride_id)) == 16)
```

Remove rows with the *ride_length* less than 1 minute.

```
q2_2021 <- subset (q2_2021, ride_length > "1")
```

STEP FOUR: ANALYZE DATA

Analyze the dataframe by find the **mean**, **median**, **max** (maximum), and **min** (minimum) of *ride_length*.

```
mean(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 1564.606
```

```
median(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 840
```

```
max(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 3356640
```

```
min(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
## [1] 60
```

Run a statistical summary of the *ride_length*.

```
summary(q2_2021$ride_length)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      60      480      840    1565    1500 3356640
```

Compare the members and casual users

```
aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual, FUN = mean)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$ride_length
## 1                      casual          2346.1085
## 2                      member           862.3596
```

```
aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual, FUN = median)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$ride_length
## 1                      casual             1140
## 2                      member             660
```

```
aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual, FUN = max)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$ride_length
## 1                      casual          3356640
## 2                      member           89700
```

```
aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual, FUN = min)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$ride_length
## 1                      casual             60
## 2                      member             60
```

Aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users.

```
aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual + q2_2021$day_of_week, FUN = mean)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$day_of_week q2_2021$ride_length
## 1          casual          Friday          2311.8924
## 2          member          Friday           831.8247
## 3          casual          Monday          2145.5873
## 4          member          Monday           824.9648
## 5          casual          Saturday         2460.4511
## 6          member          Saturday          958.9012
## 7          casual          Sunday          2713.2902
## 8          member          Sunday           993.6185
## 9          casual          Thursday         2018.2929
## 10         member          Thursday           804.8311
## 11         casual          Tuesday          2136.6155
## 12         member          Tuesday           821.3266
## 13         casual          Wednesday         2145.0715
## 14         member          Wednesday          811.8137
```

Sort the days of the week in order.

```
q2_2021$day_of_week <- ordered(q2_2021$day_of_week, levels=c("Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))
```

Assign the aggregate the average ride length by each day of the week for members and users to x.

```
x <- aggregate(q2_2021$ride_length ~ q2_2021$member_casual + q2_2021$day_of_week, FUN = mean)

head(x)
```

```
##      q2_2021$member_casual q2_2021$day_of_week q2_2021$ride_length
## 1          casual          Sunday          2713.2902
## 2          member          Sunday           993.6185
## 3          casual          Monday          2145.5873
## 4          member          Monday           824.9648
## 5          casual          Tuesday          2136.6155
## 6          member          Tuesday           821.3266
```

Find the average ride length of member riders and casual riders per day and assign it to y.

```
y <- q2_2021 %>%
  mutate(weekday = wday(started_at)) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, weekday) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(),
            average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, weekday)

head(y)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 4
##   member_casual weekday number_of_rides average_duration
##   <chr>          <int>          <int>          <dbl>
## 1 casual          1          135014          2713.
## 2 casual          2           70742          2146.
## 3 casual          3           71137          2137.
## 4 casual          4           67992          2145.
## 5 casual          5           61788          2018.
## 6 casual          6           87348          2312.
```

Analyze the dataframe to find the frequency of member riders, casual riders, classic bikes, docked bikes, and electric bikes.

```
table(q2_2021$member_casual)
```

```
##
## casual member
## 637677 709645
```

```
table(q2_2021$rideable_type)
```

```
##
## classic_bike  docked_bike electric_bike
##      948278      119288      279756
```

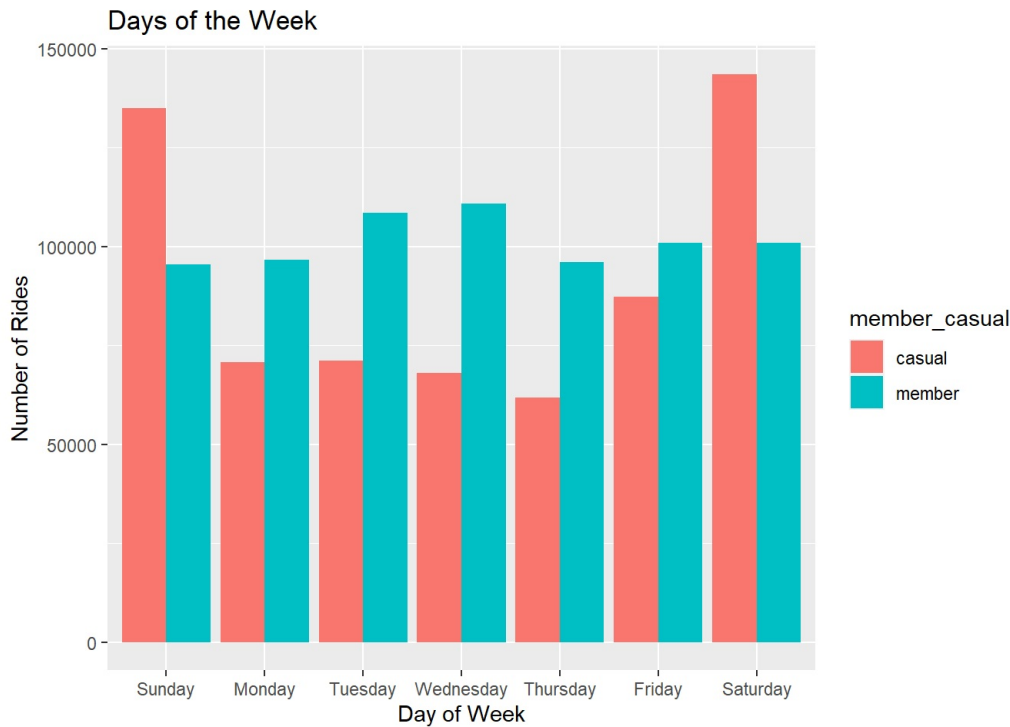
STEP FIVE: VISUALIZATION

Display full digits instead of scientific number.

```
options(scipen=999)
```

Plot the number of rides by user type during the week.

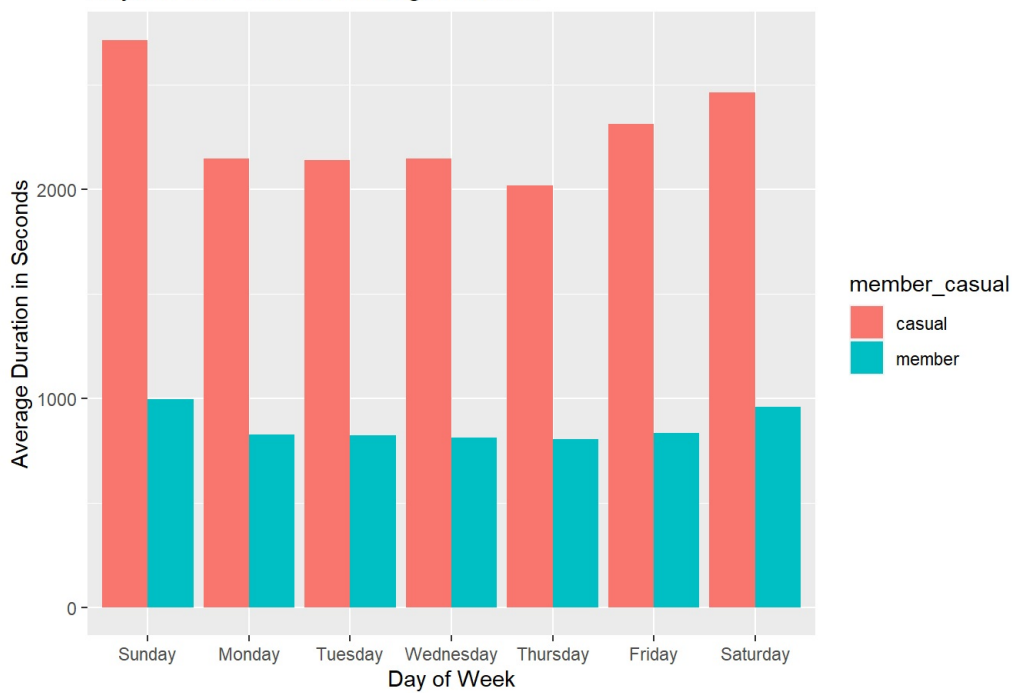
```
q2_2021 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = number_of_rides, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge")+
  labs(x = "Day of Week",
       y = "Number of Rides",
       title= "Days of the Week")
```



Plot the duration of the ride by user type during the week.

```
q2_2021 %>%
  mutate(day_of_week) %>%
  group_by(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rides = n(), average_duration = mean(ride_length), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  arrange(member_casual, day_of_week) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = average_duration, fill = member_casual)) +
  geom_col(position = "dodge") +
  labs(x = "Day of Week",
       y = "Average Duration in Seconds",
       title= "Days of the Week vs Average Duration")
```


Days of the Week vs Average Duration



Create new dataframe for plots for weekday trends vs weekend trends.

```
mc<- as.data.frame(table(q2_2021$day_of_week,q2_2021$member_casual))
```

Rename columns

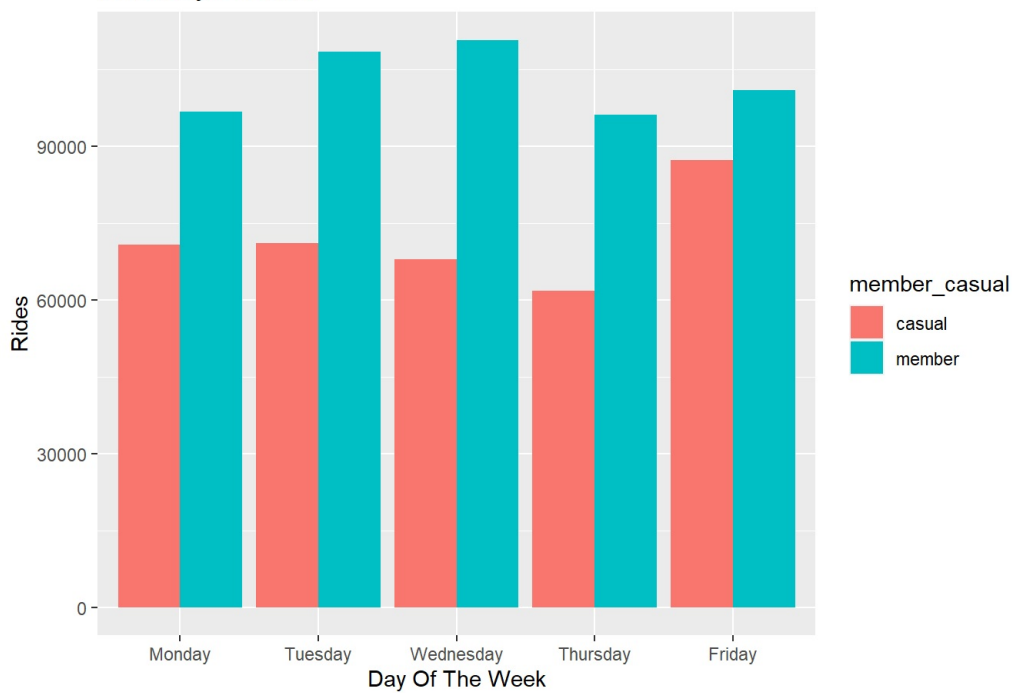
```
mc<-rename(mc, day_of_week = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(mc)
```

```
##   day_of_week member_casual   Freq
## 1    Sunday          casual 135014
## 2    Monday          casual  70742
## 3   Tuesday          casual  71137
## 4  Wednesday          casual  67992
## 5   Thursday          casual  61788
## 6    Friday          casual  87348
```

Weekday trends (Monday through Friday).

```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Monday" |
         day_of_week == "Tuesday" |
         day_of_week == "Wednesday" |
         day_of_week == "Thursday" |
         day_of_week == "Friday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity" , position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekdays Trends",
       x= "Day Of The Week",
       y = "Rides")
```

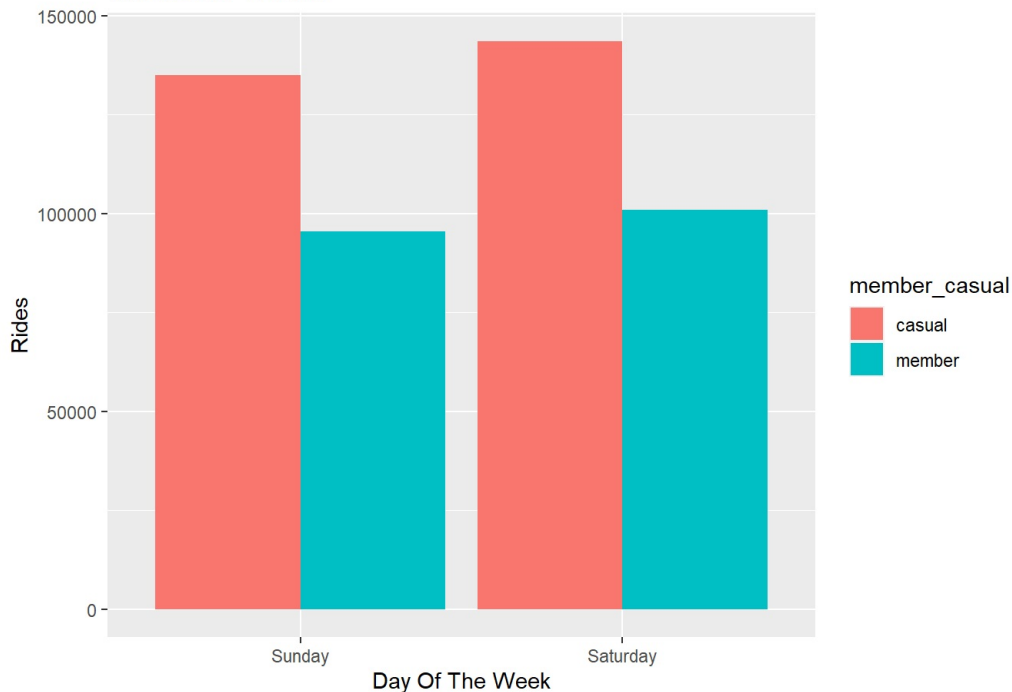
Weekdays Trends



Weekend trends (Sunday and Saturday).

```
mc %>%
  filter(day_of_week == "Sunday" |
         day_of_week == "Saturday") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = day_of_week, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Weekends Trends",
       x = "Day Of The Week",
       y = "Rides")
```

Weekends Trends



Create dataframe for member and casual riders vs ride type

```
rt<- as.data.frame(table(q2_2021$rideable_type,q2_2021$member_casual))
```

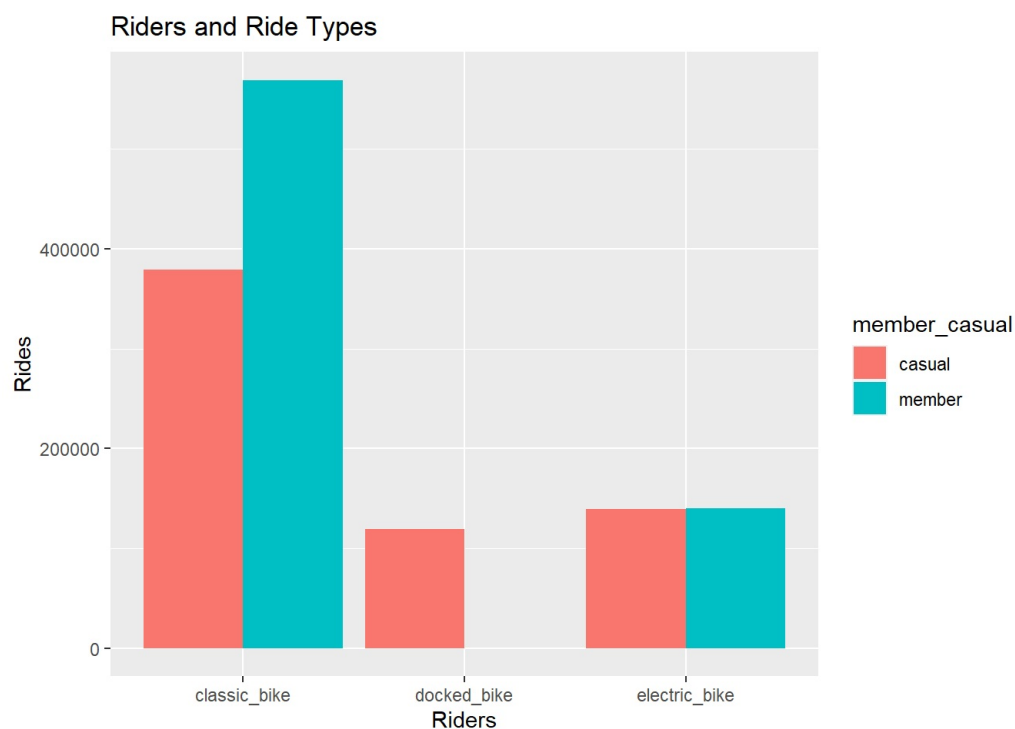
Rename columns.

```
rt<-rename(rt, rideable_type = Var1, member_casual = Var2)
head(rt)
```

```
## rideable_type member_casual Freq
## 1 classic_bike casual 378965
## 2 docked_bike casual 119288
## 3 electric_bike casual 139424
## 4 classic_bike member 569313
## 5 docked_bike member 0
## 6 electric_bike member 140332
```

Plot for bike user vs bike type.

```
rt %>%
  filter(member_casual == "member" |
         member_casual == "casual") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = rideable_type, y = Freq, fill = member_casual))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Riders and Ride Types",
       x = "Riders",
       y = "Rides")
```



STEP SIX: EXPORT ANALYZED DATA

Save the analyzed data as a new file. `fwrite(q2_2021, "q2_2021.csv")`