

高 1D 冬期第 3 週 宿題解答

(205)

(2)

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} -(x - \alpha)(x - \beta)dx = \int_0^{\beta - \alpha} -x\{x - (\beta - \alpha)\}dx \\ &= \left[-\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(\beta - \alpha)x^2 \right]_0^{\beta - \alpha} = -\frac{1}{3}(\beta - \alpha)^3 + \frac{1}{2}(\beta - \alpha)^3 \\ &= \boxed{\frac{1}{6}(\beta - \alpha)^3} \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$I_4 = 2 \int_{-1}^3 (x + 1)(x - 3)dx = -2 \times \frac{1}{6} \times (3 + 1)^3 = \boxed{-\frac{64}{3}}$$

(4)

$$I_5 = 6 \int_{-\frac{1}{3}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) dx = -6 \times \frac{1}{6} \times \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{125}{216}}$$

(206)

(1)

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \int_{2 - \sqrt{3}}^{2 + \sqrt{3}} \left\{x - (2 - \sqrt{3})\right\} \left\{x - (2 + \sqrt{3})\right\} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{6} \times \left\{(2 + \sqrt{3}) - (2 - \sqrt{3})\right\}^3 = \boxed{-4\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \int_1^2 (x - 1)^2(x - 2)dx = \int_0^1 x^2(x - 1)dx \\ &= \left[\frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{12}} \end{aligned}$$

♠ 一般に

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} (x - \alpha)^2(x - \beta)dx$$

の値はどうなるか？