

STRING METHODS

Table 8-1 Some string testing methods

Method	Description
<code>isalnum()</code>	Returns true if the string contains only alphabetic letters or digits and is at least one character in length. Returns false otherwise.
<code>isalpha()</code>	Returns true if the string contains only alphabetic letters and is at least one character in length. Returns false otherwise.
<code>isdigit()</code>	Returns true if the string contains only numeric digits and is at least one character in length. Returns false otherwise.
<code>islower()</code>	Returns true if all of the alphabetic letters in the string are lowercase, and the string contains at least one alphabetic letter. Returns false otherwise.
<code>isspace()</code>	Returns true if the string contains only whitespace characters and is at least one character in length. Returns false otherwise. (Whitespace characters are spaces, newlines (<code>\n</code>), and tabs (<code>\t</code>).
<code>isupper()</code>	Returns true if all of the alphabetic letters in the string are uppercase, and the string contains at least one alphabetic letter. Returns false otherwise.

Table 8-2 String Modification Methods

Method	Description
<code>lower()</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all alphabetic letters converted to lowercase. Any character that is already lowercase, or is not an alphabetic letter, is unchanged.
<code>lstrip()</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all leading whitespace characters removed. Leading whitespace characters are spaces, newlines (<code>\n</code>), and tabs (<code>\t</code>) that appear at the beginning of the string.
<code>lstrip(char)</code>	The <code>char</code> argument is a string containing a character. Returns a copy of the string with all instances of <code>char</code> that appear at the beginning of the string removed.
<code>rstrip()</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all trailing whitespace characters removed. Trailing whitespace characters are spaces, newlines (<code>\n</code>), and tabs (<code>\t</code>) that appear at the end of the string.
<code>rstrip(char)</code>	The <code>char</code> argument is a string containing a character. The method returns a copy of the string with all instances of <code>char</code> that appear at the end of the string removed.
<code>strip()</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all leading and trailing whitespace characters removed.
<code>strip(char)</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all instances of <code>char</code> that appear at the beginning and the end of the string removed.
<code>upper()</code>	Returns a copy of the string with all alphabetic letters converted to uppercase. Any character that is already uppercase, or is not an alphabetic letter, is unchanged.

Table 8-3 Search and replace methods

Method	Description
<code>endswith</code> <code>(substring)</code>	The <code>substring</code> argument is a string. The method returns true if the string ends with <code>substring</code> .
<code>find(substring)</code>	The <code>substring</code> argument is a string. The method returns the lowest index in the string where <code>substring</code> is found. If <code>substring</code> is not found, the method returns -1.
<code>replace(old, new)</code>	The <code>old</code> and <code>new</code> arguments are both strings. The method returns a copy of the string with all instances of <code>old</code> replaced by <code>new</code> .
<code>startswith</code> <code>(substring)</code>	The <code>substring</code> argument is a string. The method returns true if the string starts with <code>substring</code> .