

A Formula sheet

Schrödinger equation (time-dependent and time-independent)

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} |\psi\rangle = \hat{H} |\psi\rangle$$
$$\hat{H} |\psi\rangle = E |\psi\rangle$$

Thermodynamics

$$dW = PdV$$

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$$
$$(A - \lambda I)\mathbf{v} = 0$$

Some properties of the Dirac delta function and Heaviside step function

$$\int dx f(x) \delta(x - a) = f(a)$$
$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int dx e^{i(k-k_0)x} = \delta(k - k_0)$$
$$\Theta(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x > 0, \\ 0, & x \leq 0. \end{cases}$$
$$\frac{d}{dx} \Theta(x) = \delta(x)$$
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \left[\frac{d}{dx} \delta(x) \right] f(x) = - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \delta(x) \left[\frac{d}{dx} f(x) \right]$$

Various physical constants

$$\hbar = 1.054\,571\,817 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s} = 6.582\,119\,569 \times 10^{-16} \text{ eV s}$$
$$m_e = 9.109\,383\,701\,5 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$
$$e = 1.602\,176\,634 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$
$$c = 299\,792\,458 \text{ m s}^{-1} \approx 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
$$\mu_0 = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0 c^2} = \frac{4\pi\alpha}{e^2} \frac{\hbar}{c} = 1.256\,637\,062\,12 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N A}^{-2}$$
$$\alpha = \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar c} \approx \frac{1}{137}$$
$$a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar^2}{e^2 m_e} = 5.29 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$$

$$\mu_B = \frac{\hbar e}{2m_e} = 9.274\,010\,078\,3 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J T}^{-1} = 5.788\,381\,806\,0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV T}^{-1},$$

Commutators and anticommutators

$$\begin{aligned}[A, B] &\equiv AB - BA \\ [AB, C] &= [A, C]B + A[B, C] \\ [A + B, C] &= [A, C] + [B, C] \\ \{A, B\} &\equiv AB + BA\end{aligned}$$

Pauli matrices

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Taylor expansion

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left(\frac{d}{dx} \right)^n f(x) \Big|_{x=a} (x-a)^n$$

Some potentially useful integrals

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-a(x+b)^2} &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-ax^2+bx+c} &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{\frac{b^2}{4a}+c} \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx x^{2n} e^{-ax^2} &= \left(-\frac{\partial}{\partial a} \right)^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-ax^2}\end{aligned}$$

Cylindrical coordinates

$$\begin{aligned}x &= r \cos \phi, \quad y = r \sin \phi, \quad z = z \\ \nabla f &= \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \hat{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \hat{\phi} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \hat{z} \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r A_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \\ \nabla^2 f &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} \\ \int d\mathbf{r} &= \int dz d\phi dr r\end{aligned}$$

Spherical coordinates

$$x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi, \quad y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi, \quad z = r \cos \theta$$

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \hat{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \hat{\theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} \hat{\phi}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 A_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (A_\theta \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2}$$

$$\int d\mathbf{r} = \int d\phi \, d\theta \, dr \, \sin \theta r^2$$