

# 6.0/4.0 VU Formal Methods in Computer Science

## Exercises Block 3

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# Program Syntax

## Exercise

Show that the following TPL program is syntactically correct:

**if  $x > 0$  then while  $x = y$  do  $y := y + 1$ ; skip od else abort fi**

→ try to construct program using TPL syntax

# TPL Syntax (1)

## Programs

$\mathcal{P} ::=$	<b>skip</b>	no operation
	<b>abort</b>	error exit
	$\mathcal{V} := \mathcal{E}$	assignment
	$\mathcal{P}; \mathcal{P}$	sequential composition
	<b>if</b> $\mathcal{E}$ <b>then</b> $\mathcal{P}$ <b>else</b> $\mathcal{P}$ <b>fi</b>	if-then-else
	<b>while</b> $\mathcal{E}$ <b>do</b> $\mathcal{P}$ <b>od</b>	loops

## Expressions, Variables, Numerals and Operators

$\mathcal{E} ::=$	$\mathcal{V} \mid \mathcal{N} \mid \mathcal{U} \mathcal{E} \mid (\mathcal{E} \mathcal{B} \mathcal{E})$
$\mathcal{V} ::=$	$x \mid y \mid \dots \mid x_0 \mid x_1 \mid \dots \mid \text{any word except key words} \mid \dots$
$\mathcal{N} ::=$	$0 \mid 1 \mid \dots \mid 9 \mid 10 \mid 11 \mid \dots \mid 42 \mid \dots$
$\mathcal{U} ::=$	$+ \mid - \mid \neg \mid \dots$
$\mathcal{B} ::=$	$+ \mid - \mid * \mid / \mid < \mid \leq \mid = \mid \geq \mid > \mid \wedge \mid \vee \mid \Rightarrow \mid \dots$

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$\mathcal{P} \Rightarrow$  **if**  $\mathcal{E}$  **then**  $\mathcal{P}$  **else**  $\mathcal{P}$  **fi**

$\stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow}$  **if**  $(\mathcal{E} \mathcal{B} \mathcal{E})$  **then** **while**  $\mathcal{E}$  **do**  $\mathcal{P}$  **od** **else** **abort** **fi**

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$\xRightarrow{*}$  **if  $(x > 0)$  then while  $(x = y)$  do  $y := (\mathcal{V} + \mathcal{N})$ ; skip od else abort fi**

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$\sim$  **if  $x > 0$  then while  $x = y$  do  $y := y + 1$ ; skip od else abort fi**

# TPL Statements

## Exercise

- Define the syntax and semantics of TPL with **repeat**  $p$  **until**  $e$  statements instead of **while**-loops
- Extend the Hoare calculus accordingly.

The final definitions should not refer to **while**-statements.

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- Extend the Hoare calculus accordingly.

The final definitions should not refer to **while**-statements.

## Syntax

$$\mathcal{P} ::= \text{skip} \mid \dots \mid \text{if } \mathcal{E} \text{ then } \mathcal{P} \text{ else } \mathcal{P} \text{ fi} \mid \text{repeat } \mathcal{P} \text{ until } \mathcal{E}$$

# TPL Statements

## Semantics

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{repeat } p \text{ until } e] \sigma &= [p; \text{while } \neg e \text{ do } p \text{ od}] \sigma \\ &= [\text{while } \neg e \text{ do } p \text{ od}] [p] \sigma \end{aligned}$$

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# TPL Statements

## Hoare Calculus

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{} \quad (wht'')}{\quad} \quad (lc)}{\frac{}{} \quad (sc)}$$
$$\frac{}{\{ F \} \text{repeat } p \text{ until } e \{ G \}}$$

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# TPL Statements

## Hoare Calculus

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{\{F\} p \{Inv\}} \quad \frac{\frac{}{\{Inv\} \text{while } \neg e \text{ do } p \text{ od } \{G\}} \quad (wht'')}{\{F\} p; \text{while } \neg e \text{ do } p \text{ od } \{G\}} \quad (lc)}{\{F\} \text{repeat } p \text{ until } e \{G\}} \quad (sc)$$

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$$\frac{\{F\} p \{Inv\} \quad \{Inv \wedge \neg e \wedge t = t_0\} p \{Inv \wedge 0 \leq t < t_0\} \quad Inv \wedge e \Rightarrow G}{\{F\} \text{repeat } p \text{ until } e \{G\}}$$

# Proving Total Correctness

## Exercise

Prove the total correctness of the assertion below. You may have to strengthen the precondition to show termination.

```
{ 1:  $x = x_0$  }  
y := 0;  
while  $x \neq 0$  do  
     $x := x - 2$ ;  
     $y := y + 3$   
od  
{ 2:  $2y = 3x_0$  }
```

Hint: Use  $3x + 2y = 3x_0$  as a starting point for the invariant.  
Extend it if necessary to prove termination.

# Proving Total Correctness

Total Correctness = Partial Correctness + Termination



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Reason for non-termination: loops!

→ find bound function

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Reason for non-termination: loops!

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2 approaches:

- Prove partial correctness and afterwards termination
- Prove total correctness → use rules for t.c.

# Termination

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```
while  $x < y$  do  
   $x := x + 1$ ;  
   $y := y - 1$ ;  
od
```

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```
 $t = (y - x)$ 
```



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```
while  $x < y$  do
```

```
   $x := x + 1$ ;
```

```
   $y := y - 1$ ;
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```
od
```

```
 $t = (y - x)$        $t \geq 0$ 
```

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```

```
   $x := x + 1$ ;
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$t = (y - x) \quad t \geq 0$

$x \neq y$  instead of  $x < y$

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$t = (y - x) \quad t \geq 0$

$x \neq y$  instead of  $x < y$   
 $t = (y - x) \quad t \geq 0$  only if  $x \leq y$

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while  $x < y$  do  
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$t = (y - x) \quad t \geq 0$

$x \neq y$  instead of  $x < y$

$t = (y - x) \quad t \geq 0$  only if  $x \leq y \quad \rightarrow$  add to INV

## General Remarks

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- $x = x_0$  in PRE and  $t = x$ :

**Don't** replace  $t_0$  by  $x_0$  to show termination ( $t < t_0$ )!!!

- ▶  $x_0$ : value of  $x$  at the beginning of the program
- ▶  $t_0$ : value of  $x$  at the beginning of the current loop iteration

# Analyze Program

```
{ 1:  $x = x_0$  }  
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while  $x \neq 0$  do  
    x := x - 2;  
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**Pre:**  $x = x_0 \wedge x \geq 0$

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**Pre:**  $x = x_0 \wedge x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x)$

## Analyze Program

```
{ 1:  $x = x_0$  }  
y := 0; x := -2;  
while  $x \neq 0$  do  
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    y := y + 3  
od  
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**Bound function:** ?

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**INV:**  $3x + 2y = 3x_0 \wedge x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x)$

**Bound function:**  $x!$

# Hoare Calculus

$T_0: Inv \wedge e \wedge t = t_0$

$T: Inv \wedge 0 \leq t < t_0$

$e: x \neq 0$

$t: x$

$H: T[y/y + 3]$

$\{ F \} y := 0; \textbf{while } e \textbf{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \textbf{ od } \{ G \}$

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(as)

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$$\frac{\{ INV \} \textbf{while } e \textbf{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \textbf{ od } \{ INV \wedge \neg e \} \quad INV \wedge \neg e \Rightarrow G}{\{ INV \} \textbf{while } e \textbf{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \textbf{ od } \{ G \}} \quad (lc)$$

(as)

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$T_0: Inv \wedge e \wedge t = t_0$

$e: x \neq 0$

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Implication (3):

$$Inv \wedge \neg e \Rightarrow G$$
$$(3x + 2y = 3x_0 \wedge x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = 0) \Rightarrow 2y = 3x_0$$

# Annotation Calculus

$\{ 1: x = x_0 \wedge x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \}$

$y := 0;$

**while**  $x \neq 0$  **do**

$x := x - 2;$

$y := y + 3$

**od**

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$x := x - 2;$

$y := y + 3$

$\{ 5: \text{Inv} \wedge 0 \leq t < t_0 \}$  (wht'')

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It remains to prove the implications

$$1 \Rightarrow 9$$

$$4 \Rightarrow 8$$

$$6 \Rightarrow 2$$

## Proving Total Correctness with WP

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$$\vdots$$

$$i \text{ iterations: } F_i = e \wedge \text{wp}(p, F_{i-1}) \quad (\text{for } i > 0)$$

## Weakest Precondition

$\text{wp}(y := 0; \text{while } \dots, 2y = 3x_0)$

$= \text{wp}(y := 0, \text{wp}(\text{while } \dots, 2y = 3x_0))$

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$= x \neq 0 \wedge x - 2 = 0 \wedge 2(y + 3) = 3x_0$

$= (x = 2 \wedge 2y + 6 = 3x_0)$



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$F_i : x = 2i \wedge 2y + 6i = 3x_0$

$= (x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0) \quad (\text{guess})$

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$= \text{wp}(y := 0, \text{wp}(\text{while } \dots, 2y = 3x_0))$

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$F_0 : x = 0 \wedge 2y = 3x_0$

$F_1 : x \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(x := x - 2; y := y + 3, x = 0 \wedge 2y = 3x_0)$

$= x \neq 0 \wedge x - 2 = 0 \wedge 2(y + 3) = 3x_0$

$= (x = 2 \wedge 2y + 6 = 3x_0)$

$F_i : x = 2i \wedge 2y + 6i = 3x_0$

$= (x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0) \quad (\text{guess})$

$F_{i+1} : x \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(x := x - 2; y := y + 3, x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

## Weakest Precondition

$\text{wp}(y := 0; \text{while } \dots, 2y = 3x_0)$

$= \text{wp}(y := 0, \text{wp}(\text{while } \dots, 2y = 3x_0))$

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$F_i : x = 2i \wedge 2y + 6i = 3x_0$

$= (x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0) \quad (\text{guess})$

$F_{i+1} : x \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(x := x - 2; y := y + 3, x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$= (x = 2(i + 1) \wedge 2(y + 3) + 3(x - 2) = 3x_0)$

## Weakest Precondition

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$= (x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0) \quad (\text{guess})$

$F_{i+1} : x \neq 0 \wedge \text{wp}(x := x - 2; y := y + 3, x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$= (x = 2(i + 1) \wedge 2(y + 3) + 3(x - 2) = 3x_0)$

$= (x = 2(i + 1) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0) \quad (\text{proof})$

## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$= \exists i \geq 0 \ x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$

## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$$= \exists i \geq 0 \ x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$$= \exists i \geq 0 \ x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

$\text{wp}(y := 0, x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 3x = 3x_0$$



## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

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$\text{wp}(y := 0, x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 3x = 3x_0$$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0$$

## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$$= \exists i \geq 0 \ x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0$$

$\text{wp}(y := 0, x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 3x = 3x_0$$

$$= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0$$

$F \Rightarrow \text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$$x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0 \Rightarrow x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0 \text{ (Tautology)}$$

## Weakest Precondition cont.

$\text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \exists i \geq 0 \ x = 2i \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0 \\ &= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0 \end{aligned}$$

$\text{wp}(y := 0, x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 2y + 3x = 3x_0)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge 3x = 3x_0 \\ &= x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0 \end{aligned}$$

$F \Rightarrow \text{wp}(\text{while } x \neq 0 \text{ do } x := x - 2; y := y + 3 \text{ do}, 2y = 3x_0)$

$x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0 \Rightarrow x \geq 0 \wedge \text{even}(x) \wedge x = x_0$  (Tautology)

$\{F\}p\{G\}$  totally correct