# Demo 02 Exercises: Wave Files and Python

DSP Lab (ECE-UY 4163 / ECE-GY 6183)

ce zhang

#### 1 way files

We will use the Python wave module a lot in this course.

https://docs.python.org/3/library/wave.html

Read and experiment with the wave module and how to use it to work with wave (.wav) files.

To read basic information from the header of a wave file, we can use functions from the wave module as follows. We can open the wav file.

```
1 | wf = wave.open( 'cat01.wav', 'rb')
```

Then we can use the commands

to read

- 1. the number of channels,
- 2. the sampling rate (frames per second), **%** ••• •
- 3. signal length and width (the many bytes per sample).

6134 and 2

### 2 Python pack function

The available data formats are listed in the Python documentation under Format Characters.

https://docs.python.org/3/library/struct.html

## 3 Assignments

It is recommended to do all parts. Submit only the indicated exercises.

1. Record a wav file of your own voice with one channel (mono) with a sampling rate of 16 kHz and 16-bits per sample. You could use Audacity or Ocenaudio (https://www.ocenaudio.com) or other audio software.



2. Write a Python script using the wav module to read and print basic information about your wav file. See the demo file read\_wavefile\_02.py. Verify that the provided information matches the intended properties of the wave file. For your 16-bit wav file, what is the value of width returned by getsampwidth()? Submit your recorded wav file, Python code, and written comments.

3. Record wav files of your voice with identical settings, but use 8-bit and 32-bit formats. For these files, what values are returned by getsampwidth()?

4. The program write sin 02 py generates a wave file with 32 bits per sample. Use MATLAB to read

- 4. The program write\_sin\_02.py generates a wave file with 32 bits per sample. Use MATLAB to read sin\_02\_mono.wav and determine the quantization size. What is the quantization size? How many quantization levels are there?
- 5. Use Python to generate a wav file of a sine wave at 8 bits per sample. Read your 8 bit/sample wav file into MATLAB and plot the signal to verify that it is a sine wave (zoom in if necessary to show the waveform). Verify that the quantization step size is as expected and verify its spectrum.
  - (a) Is there any noticeable effect of a lower number of bits/sample on the sound quality (keeping the same number of samples/second)?
  - (b) If yes, then try to explain the reasons?
  - Submit (1) Python code, (2) generated 8-bits wav file, and (3) Matlab code for verifying waveform and quantization step size, and 4) written comments for answering (a) and (b).
- 6. Use Python to generate sinusoids of lower frequency, like 50 Hz and 25 Hz. Listen to the way file.
- 7. Use higher sampling rates, like 16K, 32K, and 44.1K samples/second.
- 8. In write\_sin\_01.py, can you set the number of channels to be more than 2? Use Python to generate a wav file with more than two channels, with different waveforms for each channel. Read the wav file into MATLAB and plot the individual channels (zoom in if necessary to show the waveforms). Submit your Python code, MATLAB code, comments, and MATLAB plot saved as a pdf file.

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SUBMIT

#### 4 Submission instructions

Assignments should be submitted via the "Assignments" section of the course NYU Brightspace page. The submitted materials for each exercise should include the code and written comments for the exercise. Include all files needed to run and verify your work. Your written comments should be provided as pdf files or text files. When uploading your work, please verify that each submission includes the complete materials for your programs run.

#### 5 Note

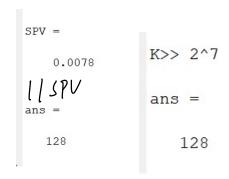
Ocenaudio software is available at https://www.ocenaudio.com

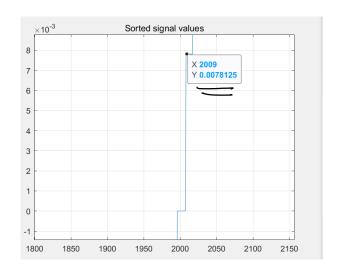
To save an 8 bit wave file using Audacity:

- 1. Use 'export audio' in 'File' option
- 2. Save type as 'other uncompressed files'
- 3. Select WAV(Microsoft) as Header
- 4. Select 'Signed 32-bit PCM' as Encoding
- 5. There are 4 PCM options in 'Encoding'. They are 'Signed 16-bit PCM', 'Signed 24-bit PCM', 32-bit PCM', and 'Unsigned 8-bit PCM'.

Size is 0.078

(min gap = 0.078





```
ans =

63.0000 62.5000 60.0000 54.5000 46.5000 37.0000 25.5000 13.0000 0 -13.0000 -

276

ans =

126 125 120 109 93 74 51 26 0 -26 -50
```

Yes, that has effect on the lover of number bits. Shows the SPV get lower.

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Became the lower bit per sampley came
Smaller SPV.