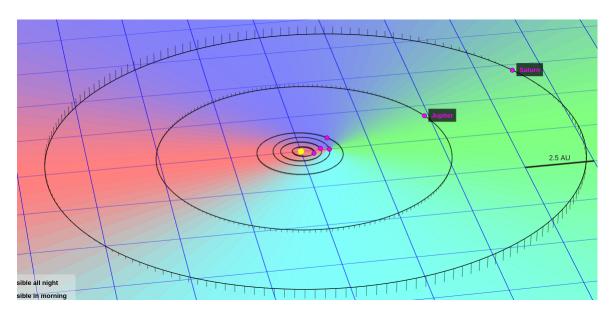
Assignment 1 EAE 103

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Computer Science Northern Illinois University August 30, 2023 United States 1.a



- 1.b Mars
- 1.c Jupiter, Saturn

2.

Table 7.1:

| Name | Distance from Sun (AU) | Revolution Period (y) | Diameter (km) | Mass (10^{23} kg) | Density (g/cm ³) |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Mercury | 0.39 | 0.24 | 4,878 | 3.3 | 5.4 |
| Venus | 0.72 | 0.62 | 12,120 | 48.7 | 5.2 |
| Earth | 1.00 | 1.00 | 12,756 | 59.8 | 5.5 |
| Mars | 1.52 | 1.88 | 6,787 | 6.4 | 3.9 |
| Jupiter | 5.20 | 11.86 | 142,984 | 18,991 | 1.3 |
| Saturn | 9.54 | 29.46 | 120,536 | 5686 | 0.7 |
| Uranus | 19.18 | 84.07 | 51,118 | 866 | 1.3 |
| Neptune | 30.06 | 164.82 | 49,660 | 1030 | 1.6 |

2.a Jupiter is a distance of:

$$5.2~AU \cdot \frac{93E6~Million~Miles}{1~AU} \cdot \frac{1~Foot}{1E6~MillionMiles} \\ = \frac{5.2 \cdot 93E6}{1E6} \\ = 483.6~ft.$$

2.b Saturn is a distance of:

$$9.54~AU \cdot \frac{93E6~Million~Miles}{1~AU} \cdot \frac{1~Foot}{1E6~MillionMiles} \\ = \frac{9.54 \cdot 93E6}{1E6} \\ = 887.22~ft.$$

2.c Uranus is a distance of:

$$19.18~AU \cdot \frac{93E6~Million~Miles}{1~AU} \cdot \frac{1~Foot}{1E6~MillionMiles} \\ = \frac{19.18 \cdot 93E6}{1E6} \\ = 1783.74~ft.$$

- **3.a** The Moon's orbital path is tilted approximately 5 degrees relative to the Earth's orbital plane, known as the ecliptic. Eclipses are only possible when the Moon intersects this ecliptic plane during either a New Moon or a Full Moon.
- 3.b A node is the point at which the moon intersects the earths ecliptic
- **4.a** New moon, waxing crescent, first quarter, waxing gibbous, full moon, waning gibbous, third quarter, waning-crescent.
- ${f 4.b}$ This cycle takes 29.5 days and is called the ${f synodic\ period}$