

Question 1:

The graph gives the position s(t) of an object moving along a line at time t, over a 2.5 second interval. Find the average velocity of the object over the following intervals.

a.) [0.5, 2.5]

Solution:

if Average Velocity = $\frac{\text{change in height}}{\text{change in time}}$

Then at the interval $[0.5,\,2.5]$ we would have an average velocity of:

$$\frac{150 - 46}{2.5 - 0.5} \\
= 52.$$

b.) [0.5, 2]

Solution:

$$\frac{136 - 46}{2 - 0.5}$$
= 60.

c.) [0.5, 1.5]

Solution:

$$\frac{114 - 46}{1.5 - 0.5} \\
= 68.$$

d.) [0.5, 1]

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{84 - 46}{1 - 0.5} \\ &= 76. \end{aligned}$$

Question 2:

Evaluate each of the following limits. No work to be shown.

- $\mathbf{a.)} \lim_{x \to 4+} g\left(x\right) = \mathbf{2}$
- $\mathbf{b.)} \lim_{x \to 4-} g(x) = \mathbf{0}$
- c.) $\lim_{x\to 2} g(x) = \mathbf{DNE}$
- $\mathbf{d.)} \lim_{x \to 6} g(x) = \mathbf{1}$

Question 3:

Evaluate the limit. Show your work. Use limit notation when necessary.

$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{9 - x}{3 - \sqrt{x}}.$$

Solution:

If we plug 9 into the denomonator, we get an output of 0. Therefore 9 is not in the domain of this function and we must use **Direct Substitution Property.**

If we multiply the numerator and denomonator by $3 + \sqrt{x}$, we get:

$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{(9-x)(3+\sqrt{x})}{(3-\sqrt{x})(3+\sqrt{x})}.$$

If we simplify the denomonator we get:

$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{(9-x)(3+\sqrt{x})}{9-x}.$$

Now we can cancel out the common term (9-x) and we are left with:

$$\lim_{x \to 9} 3 + \sqrt{x}.$$

Now we just plug 9 into this new equation and output our answer

$$3 + \sqrt{9}$$
$$= 6.$$

Therefore:

$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{9 - x}{3 - \sqrt{x}} = 6.$$