

3.2 Hw Solutions

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Feb 16, 2023

Question 1:

Solution:

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If:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)] + g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)].$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 5x^2 + 4 \longrightarrow f'(x) = 10x \\ g(x) &= 7x + 9 \longrightarrow g'(x) = 7. \end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= (5x^2 + 4)(7) + (7x + 9)(10x) \\ &= 105x^2 + 90x + 28. \end{aligned}$$

Question 2:

Solution:

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If:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)] + g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)].$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^4 \longrightarrow f'(x) = 4x^3 \\ g(x) &= e^x \longrightarrow g'(x) = e^x. \end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= (x^4)(e^x) + (e^x)(4x^3) \\ &= x^4 e^x + 4x^3 e^x \\ &= x^3 e^x (x + 4). \end{aligned}$$

Question 3:

Solution:

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If:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)] + g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)].$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= (7x^2 - 4x) \longrightarrow f'(x) = (14x - 4) \\ g(x) &= e^x \longrightarrow g'(x) = e^x. \end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned}(7x^2 - 4x)(e^x) + (e^x)(14x - 4) \\= 7x^2e^x - 4xe^x + 14xe^x - 4e^x \\= 7x^2e^x + 10xe^x - 4e^x \\= e^x(7x^2 + 10x - 4).\end{aligned}$$

Question 4:

Solution:

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If:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)] - f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)]}{[g(x)]^2}.$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) = e^x &\longrightarrow f'(x) = e^x \\g(x) = (4 - e^x) &\longrightarrow g'(x) = -e^x.\end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= \frac{(4 - e^x)(e^x) - (e^x)(-e^x)}{(4 - e^x)^2} \\&= \frac{4e^x - e^{2x} + e^{2x}}{(4 - e^x)^2} \\&= \frac{4e^x}{(4 - e^x)^2}.\end{aligned}$$

Question 5:

Solution:

⊗

$$\begin{aligned}f'(u) &= 12u^3 - 8 \\h'(u) &= 1.\end{aligned}$$

If:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)] - f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)]}{[g(x)]^2}.$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned}G'(u) &= \frac{(u + 1)(12u^3 - 8) - (3u^4 - 8u)(1)}{(u + 1)^2} \\&= \frac{12u^4 - 8u + 12u^3 - 8 - (3u^4 - 8u)}{(u + 1)^2} \\&= \frac{12u^4 - 8u + 12u^3 - 8 - 3u^4 + 8u}{(u + 1)^2} \\&= \frac{9u^4 + 12u^3 - 8}{(u + 1)^2}.\end{aligned}$$

Question 6:

Solution:

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If:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f(x) \frac{d}{dx}[g(x)] + g(x) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)].$$

And:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= (4u^{-1} + 4u - 2) \\ f'(x) &= (-4u - 2 - 8u^{-3}). \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(x) &= (2u + 2u^{-1}) \\ g'(x) &= (2 - 2u^{-2}). \end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\begin{aligned} J'(u) &= (4u^{-1} + 4u^{-2})(2 - 2u^{-2}) + (2u + 2u^{-1})(-4u^{-2} - 8u^{-3}) \\ &= (8u^{-1} - 8u^{-3} + 8u - 2 - 8u^{-4}) + (-8u^{-1} - 16u^{-2} - 8u^{-3} - 16u^{-4}) \\ &= -8u^{-3} + 8u - 2 - 8u^{-4} - 16u^{-2} - 8u^{-3} - 16u^{-4} \\ &= -16u^{-3} - 8u^{-2} - 24u^{-4} \\ &= -\frac{16}{u^3} - \frac{8}{u^2} - \frac{24}{u^4}. \end{aligned}$$

Question 7:

Solution:

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In this problem we need to use both formulas, product rule in the numerator to find $f'(x)$. And then the quotient rule once we found $f'(x)$.

So $f'(x)$: If $f(x) = x^7$ and $g(x) = e^x$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= (x^7)(e^x) + (e^x)(7x^6) \\ &= x^7e^x + 7x^6e^x. \end{aligned}$$

Now:

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(x^7 + e^x)(x^7e^x + 7x^6e^x) - (x^7e^x)(7x^6e^x)}{(x^7 + e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{(x^{14}e^x + 7x^{13}e^x + x^7e^{2x} + 7x^6e^{2x}) - (7x^{13}e^x + x^7e^{2x})}{(x^7 + e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^{14}e^x + 7x^{13}e^x + x^7e^{2x} + 7x^6e^{2x} - 7x^{13}e^x - x^7e^{2x}}{(x^7 + e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^{14}e^x + 7x^6e^{2x}}{(x^7 + e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^6(x^8e^x + 7e^{2x})}{(x^7 + e^x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Question 8:

Solution:



Question 9:

Solution:



Question 10:

Solution:



Question 11:

Solution:



Question 12:

Solution:



Question 13:

Solution:

