# Confetti Specification

Version 1.0-beta.1

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This specification defines **version 1.0-beta.1** of Confetti.

NOTE

Confetti is stable. If you discover bugs in this specification, then please report them to the project's issue tracker.

### Introduction

#### This clause is informative.

Confetti is a configuration language intended for human-editable configuration files. It is minimalistic, untyped, and unopinionated.

This specification defines the core language for Confetti, but does not assign semantic meaning to it. Assigning semantic meaning is the responsibility of the Confetti user.

Confetti is designed to be minimal and extensible. Similar to how various flavors of Markdown exist, implementations can introduce custom Confetti extensions by extending the grammar. Official extensions can be found in the annex of this specification. These extensions provide a syntactic framework for extending Confetti in a way compatible with its grammar.

The Confetti grammar has been designed to allow each directive to be processed individually; that is, an implementation may process all arguments of a single directive before continuing to the next directive or subdirectives. This design allows for *incremental processing*. It also allows the user to decide if processing should continue (or abort) based on their semantic interpretation of a directive.

Confetti implementations may use their own terminology when presenting Confetti concepts. For example, an implementation may refer to the first argument of a directive as its *name* (or *key*) and the remaining arguments as its de facto *arguments* (or *values*).

End of informative text.

# **Conformance**

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119. However, for readability, these words do not appear in all uppercase letters in this specification.

All of the text of this specification is normative except examples and sections explicitly marked as informative.

### **Lexical Structure**

Confetti-conformant source text is formally known as a *configuration unit*. Although a configuration unit might have a one-to-one correspondence with a file in a file system, such correspondence is not required.

A configuration unit shall consist of zero or more Unicode scalar values. This specification does not mandate a specific Unicode character encoding form.

#### **Forbidden Characters**

Forbidden characters are Unicode scalar values with general category Control, Surrogate, and Unassigned, excluding characters with the Whitespace property.

Forbidden characters must not appear in a configuration unit.

### **White Space**

White space characters are Unicode characters with the Whitespace property, excluding line terminators.

#### **Comments**

Comments must begin with a # and continue until a line terminator or EOF is found.

All Unicode characters should be permitted in comments excluding forbidden characters.

Example: Comment.

# This is a comment.

### **Line Terminators**

Line terminators are defined by the Unicode standard and are listed in the following table.

For compatibility with Windows operating systems, implementations may treat the sequence Carriage Return (U+000D) followed by Line Feed (U+000A) as a single, indivisible new line character sequence.

Name	Description
LF	Line Feed (U+000A)
VT	Vertical Tab (U+000B)
FF	Form Feed (U+000C)
CR	Carriage Return (U+000D)

Name	Description
NEL	Next Line (U+0085)
LS	Line Separator (U+2028)
PS	Paragraph Separator (U+2029)

#### **Reserved Punctuators**

The following table lists all reserved punctuators.

Name	Description
п	Quotation Mark (U+0022)
#	Number Sign (U+0023)
;	Semicolon (U+003B)
{	Left Curly Bracket (U+007B)
}	Right Curly Bracket (U+007D)

#### **Directive**

A configuration unit shall consist of zero or more *directives*.

#### **Simple Directive**

A simple directive shall be a sequence of one or more arguments.

A simple directive must be terminated by a character from the line terminator character set or a Semicolon (U+003B).

Example: Simple directive with two arguments.

```
username jsmith
```

#### **Block Directive**

A block directive shall be a sequence of one or more arguments, zero or more line terminators, and a subdirective block.

A subdirective block shall be a sequence of zero or more directives enclosed in curly braces. The subdirective block begins with a Left Curly Bracket (U+007B) and terminates with a Right Curly Bracket (U+007D).

A subdirective block may be succeeded by a Semicolon (U+003B).

Example: Composite directive with one subdirective.

```
application {
```

```
version 1.2.3 ①
}
```

1 Subdirective with arguments version and 1.2.3

### Argument

An argument shall be a sequence of one or more characters from the argument character set. The argument character set shall consist of any Unicode scalar value excluding characters from the white space, line terminator, reserved punctuator, and forbidden character sets.

The value of an argument shall be the argument's lexeme with escaped characters processed and line continuations processed.

### **Quoted Argument**

A quoted argument shall be an argument enclosed in Quotation Marks (U+0022).

#### **Single-Quoted Argument**

A single-quoted argument must begin with a leading punctuator Quotation Mark (U+0022), followed by zero or more single-quoted argument characters, and terminated by the trailing punctuator Quotation Mark (U+0022).

The single-quoted argument character set shall be the union of the argument character set and white space character set.

The value of a single-quoted argument shall be the argument's lexeme with escaped characters processed, leading and trailing Quotation Mark (U+0022) removed, and line continuations processed.

Example: Directive with a single-quoted argument.

```
name "John Smith, Jr."
```

#### **Triple-Quoted Argument**

A triple-quoted argument must begin with three consecutive leading punctuator Quotation Mark (U+0022), followed by zero or more characters from the triple-quoted argument character set, and terminated by the trailing punctuator Quotation Mark (U+0022).

The triple-quoted argument character set shall be the union of the argument character set, the white space character set, and the line terminator character set.

The value of a triple-quoted argument shall be the argument's lexeme with escaped characters processed and the leading and trailing triple Quotation Mark (U+0022) characters removed.

Example: Directive with a triple-quoted argument.

```
execute """function() {
  console.log("Hello, World!")
}"""
```

### **Escaped Characters**

When a Reverse Solidus (U+005C) appears in an argument, a single-quoted argument, or a tripled quoted argument, it must be succeeded by a Unicode character 'C'. Unicode character 'C' shall be any Unicode scalar value except white space, line terminators, and forbidden characters.

The Reverse Solidus (U+005C) and character 'C' are together labeled as an *escaped character*. An escaped character is interpreted as if the character 'C' replaces the reverse solidus and 'C' character.

The escaped character shall not be interpreted as a reserved punctuator in any context.

#### **Line Continuation**

When the last argument of a directive is a Reverse Solidus (U+005C) succeeded by a line terminator, the implementation shall delete the reverse solidus and line terminator and continue processing arguments for the directive.

Example: Multi-line directive.

```
probe-device eth0 \ ①
eth1
```

1 Directive with arguments probe-device and eth0 and eth1

Between the Quotation Marks (U+0022) of a single-quoted argument, when a Reverse Solidus (U+005C) immediately precedes a line terminator, the implementation shall delete the reverse solidus and line terminator and continue processing single-quoted argument characters.

Example: Line continuation in a single-quoted argument.

```
message "Hello, \ 1 World!"
```

① Directive with arguments message and Hello, World!

#### Grammar

The formal grammar:

```
configuration-unit = <directives>
    directives = { <simple-directive> | <block-directive> | <newline-char> }
simple-directive = <arguments> ( <newline-char> | ';' )
block-directive = <arguments> { <newline-char> } <block> [ ';' ]
    block = '{' <directives> '}'
    arguments = <argument> { <argument> }
    argument = <simple-argument> | <quoted-argument>
simple-argument = <argument-char> { <argument-char> }
quoted-argument = <single-quoted> | <triple-quoted>
single-quoted = '"' { <argument-char> | <space-char> } '"'
triple-quoted = '""' { <argument-char> | <space-char> | <newline-char> } '"""'
```

The lexical grammar:

```
argument-char = [^ \p{Whitespace} \p{gc=Control} \p{gc=Surrogate}
\p{gc=Unassigned} ]
newline-char = [ \u000A \u000B \u000C \u000D \u000B \u2028 \u2029 ]
space-char = [ [ \p{Whitespace} ] - [ <newline-char> ] ]
```

# **Implementation Scope**

Implementations may impose limits on the number of Unicode scalar values that may appear in a configuration unit.

Implementations may impose limits on the number of directives a configuration unit may have.

Implementations may impose limits on the number of arguments a directive may have.

Implementations may impose limits on the number of Unicode scalar values that an argument may have.

Implementations may impose limits on the maximum depth of nested block directives.

Implementations may reject configuration units with Unicode bidirectional formatting characters.

Implementations may extend this specification, on the condition that any additions are thoroughly documented.

## **Normative References**

This specification is written against the Unicode Standard version 16.0. It is possible newer standards may necessitate a revision of this specification.

This specification defines formal grammar rules using EBNF as defined in ISO/IEC 14977:1996.

This specification defines lexical grammar rules using Unicode character set notation as defined in Unicode Technical Standard #35.

# **Annex A: Comment Syntax Extension**

Implementations may include a comment syntax based on C language conventions where multiline comments are enclosed in /\* and \*/ and single-line comments begin with //.

Single-line comments must behave identically to # comments.

Valid multi-line comments must begin with a /\* and continue until a \*/ is found.

The following table extends the reserved punctuator table.

Name	Description
//	Two Solidus (U+002F U+002F)
/*	Solidus Asterisk (U+002F U+002A)
*/	Asterisk Solidus (U+002A U+002F)

# **Annex B: Expression Arguments Extension**

Implementations may support *expression arguments*. An expression argument is a user-defined expression that may appear wherever an argument is permitted. The interpretation and evaluation of an expression argument is implementation defined.

This extension requires Left Parenthesis (U+0028) and Right Parenthesis (U+0029) to be interpreted as reserved punctuators. If an implementation permits parenthesis in the expression argument, then they must be *balanced*. Parentheses are balanced if for every Left Parenthesis (U+0028) there is a succeeding Right Parenthesis (U+0029).

The production rules shall be amended as follows:

```
argument ::= <simple-argument> | <quoted-argument> | <expression-argument>
expression-argument ::= `(` ? implementation defined ? `)`
```

# **Annex C: Punctuator Arguments Extension**

Implementations may define their own *punctuator arguments*. A punctuator argument is a self-delimiting argument that may appear wherever an argument is permitted.

Punctuator arguments shall consist of one or more characters from the argument character set.

Punctuator arguments must be self-delimiting; that is, they are treated as a single argument. Adjacent characters must not contribute to the punctuator argument, even if they would under standard interpretation.

The production rules shall be amended as follows:

```
argument ::= <simple-argument> | <quoted-argument> | <punctuator-argument>
punctuator-argument ::= ? implementation defined ?
```