## Calculus - Chapter 10.1 Exercises

## 난이도 하

1. **Exercise 3:** Sketch the curve by using the parametric equations to plot points. Indicate with an arrow the direction in which the curve is traced as t increases.

$$x = 1 - t^2$$
,  $y = 2t - t^2$ ,  $-1 < t < 2$ 

2. Exercise 7: (a) Sketch the curve by using the parametric equations to plot points. (b) Eliminate the parameter to find a Cartesian equation of the curve.

$$x = 2t - 1, \quad y = \frac{1}{2}t + 1$$

3. **Exercise 9:** (a) Sketch the curve. (b) Eliminate the parameter to find a Cartesian equation.

$$x = t^2 - 3$$
,  $y = t + 2$ ,  $-3 \le t \le 3$ 

4. **Exercise 11:** (a) Sketch the curve. (b) Eliminate the parameter to find a Cartesian equation.

$$x = \sqrt{t}, \quad y = 1 - t$$

5. **Exercise 13:** (a) Eliminate the parameter to find a Cartesian equation of the curve. (b) Sketch the curve and indicate the direction.

$$x = 3\cos t$$
,  $y = 3\sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le \pi$ 

6. Exercise 21: (a) Eliminate the parameter. (b) Sketch the curve.

$$x = \sin^2 t, \quad y = \cos^2 t$$

7. **Exercise 37(b):** Find parametric equations to represent the line segment from (-2,7) to (3,-1).

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8. Exercise 15: (a) Eliminate the parameter. (b) Sketch the curve.

$$x = \cos \theta$$
,  $y = \sec^2 \theta$ ,  $0 \le \theta < \pi/2$ 

9. Exercise 19: (a) Eliminate the parameter. (b) Sketch the curve.

$$x = \ln t, \quad y = \sqrt{t}, \quad t \ge 1$$

10. **Exercise 25:** Describe the motion of a particle with position (x, y) as t varies in the given interval.

$$x = 5 + 2\cos(\pi t), \quad y = 3 + 2\sin(\pi t), \quad 1 \le t \le 2$$

11. **Exercise 27:** Describe the motion of a particle with position (x, y) as t varies in the given interval.

$$x = 5\sin t$$
,  $y = 2\cos t$ ,  $-\pi \le t \le 5\pi$ 

- 12. Exercise 34(a, b): Match the parametric equations with the graphs labeled I-VI. Give reasons for your choices.
  - (a)  $x = t^4 t + 1$ ,  $y = t^2$
  - (b)  $x = t^2 2t$ ,  $y = \sqrt{t}$
- 13. Exercise 34(c, d): Match the parametric equations with the graphs labeled I-VI. Give reasons for your choices.
  - (c)  $x = t^3 2t$ ,  $y = t^2 t$
  - (d)  $x = \cos(5t)$ ,  $y = \sin(2t)$
- 14. **Exercise 41(a, c):** Find parametric equations for the path of a particle that moves along the circle  $x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 4$  in the manner described.
  - (a) Once around clockwise, starting at (2, 1).
  - (c) Halfway around counterclockwise, starting at (0,3).
- 15. Exercise 42(a): Find parametric equations for the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ .
- 16. **Exercise 45(b):** Sketch the graph of each curve and explain how the curves differ from one another. (i)  $x = t^2, y = t$  (ii)  $x = t, y = \sqrt{t}$
- 17. **Exercise 49:** A curve traced out by a point P at a distance d from the center of a circle of radius r as the circle rolls along a straight line is called a trochoid. Show that its parametric equations are:

$$x = r\theta - d\sin\theta$$
,  $y = r - d\cos\theta$ 

18. Exercise 58(a): If a gun is fired with  $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$  and  $v_0 = 500$  m/s, when will the bullet hit the ground? How far from the gun will it hit the ground?

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19. **Exercise 28:** Describe the motion of a particle with position (x, y) as t varies in the given interval.

$$x = \sin t, \quad y = \cos^2 t, \quad -2\pi \le t \le 2\pi$$

- 20. Exercise 34(e, f): Match the parametric equations with the graphs labeled I-VI.
  - (e)  $x = t + \sin(4t)$ ,  $y = t^2 + \cos(3t)$
  - (f)  $x = t + \sin(2t)$ ,  $y = t + \sin(3t)$
- 21. Exercise 51: Find parametric equations for the curve that consists of all possible positions of the point P in the figure, using the angle  $\theta$  as the parameter.
- 22. Exercise 53: A curve, called a witch of Maria Agnesi, consists of all possible positions of the point P in the figure. Show that parametric equations for this curve can be written as:

$$x = 2a \cot \theta, \quad y = 2a \sin^2 \theta$$

- 23. **Exercise 54:** Find parametric equations for the set of all points P as shown in the figure such that |OP| = |AB|. (This curve is called the cissoid of Diocles).
- 24. **Exercise 56:** The position of one particle is  $x = 3\sin t$ ,  $y = 2\cos t$  and a second particle is  $x = -3 + \cos t$ ,  $y = 1 + \sin t$  for  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ .
  - (a) Graph the paths. At how many points do they intersect?
  - (b) Do the particles collide? If so, find the collision points.
- 25. **Exercise 59:** Investigate the family of curves defined by the parametric equations  $x = t^2$ ,  $y = t^3 ct$ . How does the shape change as c increases?