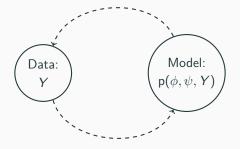
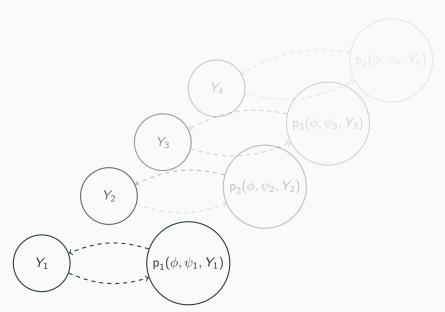
# Markov melding, submodel conflict, and self-density ratios

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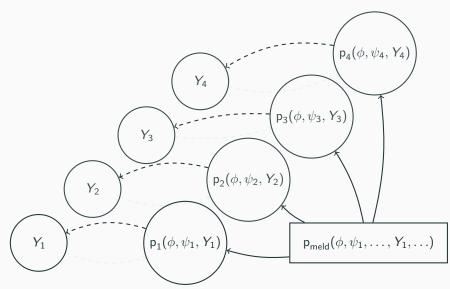
# Statistical modelling



# Modern statistical modelling



# Melding based statistical modelling?



# Markov melding

- Markov melding (Goudie et al. 2019) lets us join models with common component:  $\phi$
- Ideally we would specify the generative model (For M=2 submodels):

$$\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2, Y_1, Y_2) = \mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi) \ \mathsf{p}_1(\psi_1, Y_1 \mid \phi) \ \mathsf{p}_2(\psi_2, Y_2 \mid \phi)$$

Models developed in isolation, re-express as:

$$p_{\text{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2, Y_1, Y_2) = p_{\text{pool}}(\phi) \ \frac{p_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)}{p_1(\phi)} \ \frac{p_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)}{p_2(\phi)}$$

• Analytic form of  $p_m(\phi)$  often unknown

### Multi-stage sampler

• Need to sample the melded posterior:

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2 \mid Y_1, Y_2) &\propto \mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2, Y_1, Y_2) \\ &= \mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi) \ \frac{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)}{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi)} \ \frac{\mathsf{p}_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)}{\mathsf{p}_2(\phi)} \end{split}$$

 $\blacksquare$  Submodels can be complex  $\to$  Sample in stages

## Stage one acceptance probability

Say we we choose to target:

$$p_{\text{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2 \mid Y_1, Y_2) \propto p_{\text{pool}}(\phi) \frac{p_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)}{p_1(\phi)} \frac{p_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)}{p_2(\phi)}$$

 Given our stage one target, the stage one sampler has the following acceptance probability:

$$\alpha((\phi^*, \psi_1^*), (\phi, \psi_1)) = \frac{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*, \psi_1^*, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi)\mathcal{Q}(\phi, \psi_1 \mid \phi^*, \psi_1^*)}{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*)\mathcal{Q}(\phi^*, \psi_1^* \mid \phi, \psi_1)}$$

(asymptotically) Produces samples from the stage one target

## Stage two acceptance probability

Stage two target, the melded posterior:

$$p_{\text{meld}}(\phi, \psi_1, \psi_2 \mid Y_1, Y_2) \propto p_{\text{pool}}(\phi) \frac{p_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)}{p_1(\phi)} \frac{p_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)}{p_2(\phi)}$$

• Use stage one samples of  $\phi$  as the proposal distribution in a Gibbs update for  $\phi \mid \psi$ :

$$\alpha(\phi^*, \phi) = \frac{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi^*)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*, \psi_1, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*, \psi_2, Y_2)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi)\mathsf{p}_2(\phi)}{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*)\mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*)}$$

$$\frac{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi, \psi_1, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*)}{\mathsf{p}_1(\phi^*, \psi_1, Y_1)\mathsf{p}_1(\phi)}$$

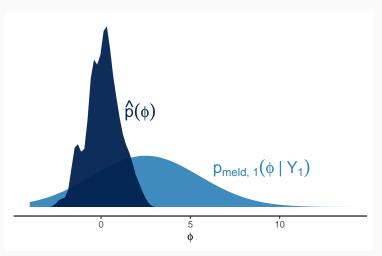
Stage one terms cancel:

$$\alpha(\phi^*, \phi) = \frac{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi^*) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*, \psi_2, Y_2) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi)}{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*)}$$

•  $p_2(\phi)$  not known analytically  $\rightarrow$  substitute KDE:  $\hat{p}_2(\phi)$ 

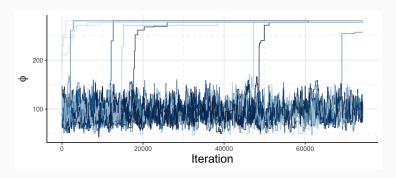
#### Conflict

$$\alpha(\phi^*, \phi) = \frac{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi^*) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*, \psi_2, Y_2)}{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)} \cdot \frac{\hat{\mathsf{p}}_2(\phi)}{\hat{\mathsf{p}}_2(\phi^*)}$$



#### **Conflict in action**

$$\alpha(\phi^*, \phi) = \frac{p_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi^*)p_2(\phi^*, \psi_2, Y_2)}{p_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi)p_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)} \cdot \frac{\hat{p}_2(\phi)}{\hat{p}_2(\phi^*)}$$



H1N1 example from Goudie et al. (2019)

## Self density ratios

 Only interact with unknown marginal via self-density ratio (Hiraoka, Hamada, and Hori 2018):

$$\mathsf{r}(\phi_\mathsf{nu},\phi_\mathsf{de}) = rac{\mathsf{p}(\phi_\mathsf{nu})}{\mathsf{p}(\phi_\mathsf{de})}$$

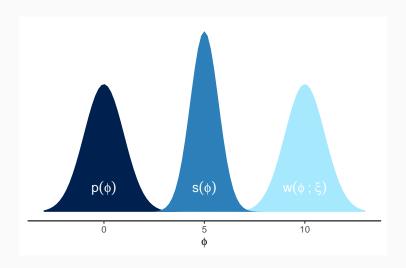
- Weighted-sample self-density ratio estimation (WSRE) Intuition:
  - Sampling  $\phi \sim p(\phi, \psi, Y)$  admits  $\phi \sim p(\phi)$
  - Instead, sample:  $\phi \sim p(\phi, \psi, Y)w(\phi; \eta) \rightarrow \phi \sim p(\phi)w(\phi; \eta) = s(\phi)$
  - Use the weighted sample density estimator of Jones (1991):

$$\hat{p}(\phi) = \frac{1}{ZNh} \sum_{i=1}^{N} w(\phi; \eta)^{-1} K_h(\phi - \phi_i)$$

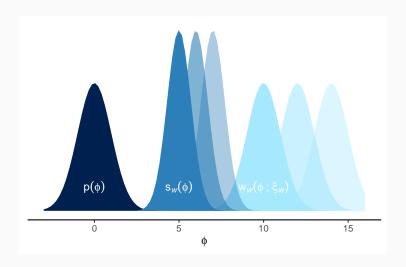
Ratio estimator is then:

$$\hat{\mathsf{r}}(\phi_{\mathsf{nu}},\phi_{\mathsf{de}}) = rac{\hat{\mathsf{p}}(\phi_{\mathsf{nu}})}{\hat{\mathsf{p}}(\phi_{\mathsf{de}})}$$

# WSRE intuition - 1

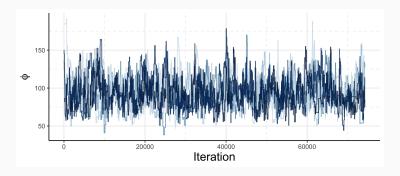


# WSRE intuition - W



#### Fixed!

$$\alpha(\phi^*, \phi) = \frac{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi^*) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi^*, \psi_2, Y_2)}{\mathsf{p}_{\mathsf{pool}}(\phi) \mathsf{p}_2(\phi, \psi_2, Y_2)} \cdot \hat{\mathsf{r}}(\phi, \phi^*)$$



#### References

Goudie, Robert J. B., Anne M. Presanis, David Lunn, Daniela De Angelis, and Lorenz Wernisch. 2019. "Joining and Splitting Models with Markov Melding." *Bayesian Anal.* 14 (1). International Society for Bayesian Analysis: 81–109. doi:10.1214/18-BA1104.

Hiraoka, Kazuyuki, Toshihiko Hamada, and Gen Hori. 2018. "Necessary and Sufficient Conditions of Proper Estimators based on Self Density Ratio for Unnormalized Statistical Models." *Neural Networks* 98: 263–70. doi:10.1016/j.neunet.2017.11.018.

Jones, M. C. 1991. "Kernel Density Estimation for Length Biased Data." *Biometrika* 78 (3). Oxford University Press, Biometrika Trust: 511–19. http://www.jstor.org/stable/2337020.