

---

# **Frazier-PipeLine Documentation**

***Release 0.0.1***

**Henry Herbol**

**Sep 30, 2016**



CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>Frazier PipeLine</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Installing . . . . .	3
1.2	Documentation . . . . .	3
1.3	Using FPL . . . . .	4
<b>2</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>5</b>



Contents:



## FRAZIER PIPELINE

Pipeline for submitting solubility simulations. Bonus output may include Unsaturated Mayer Bond Order amongst other things.

### 1.1 Installing

Currently installation involves first installing clancelot:

```
cd ~; git clone git@github.com:clancylab/clancelot2.0.git
```

And then cloning this project:

```
cd ~; git clone git@github.com:hherbol/frazier-pipeline.git
```

Note, you'll also have to append the frazier-pipeline/pys folder to your PYTHONPATH variable.

```
echo 'export PYTHONPATH="/PATH/TO/FRAZIER/PIPELINE/pys:$PYTHONPATH"' >> ~/.zshrc
```

### 1.2 Documentation

Documentation is necessary, and the following steps MUST be followed during contribution of new code:

#### Setup

1. Download [Sphinx](#). This can be done simply if you have [pip](#) installed via `pip install -U Sphinx`
2. Wherever you have *frazier-pipeline* installed, you want another folder called *frazier-pipeline-docs* (NOT as a subfolder of frazier-pipeline).

```
cd ~; mkdir frazier-pipeline-docs; cd frazier-pipeline-docs; git clone -b gh-pages  
git@github.com:hherbol/frazier-pipeline.git html
```

3. Forever more just ignore that directory (don't delete it though)

#### Adding Documentation

Documentation is done using [ReStructuredText](#) format docstrings, the [Sphinx](#) python package, and indices with autodoc extensions. To add more documentation, first add the file to be included in *docs/source/conf.py* under *os.path.abspath('example/dir/to/script.py')*. Secondly, ensure that you have proper docstrings in the python file, and finally run *make full* to re-generate the documentation and commit it to your local branch, as well as the git *gh-pages* branch.

For anymore information on documentation, the tutorial follwed can be found [here](#).

## 1.3 Using FPL

Once installed, FPL can be used to automate some work. The following is an example use of how to (1) generate a system of a solute with solvent, (2) equilibrate in lammps, (3) equilibrate with less solvents in lammps, and (4) equilibrate in DFT using Orca.

..code-block::python

```
import os
import fpl
from fpl_imp_large import job as Imp_large_job

import time, datetime

solute = "pb2+"
solvent = "THTO"
run_name = "%s_%s" % (solvent, solute)

# Generate initial object
fpl_obj = fpl.fpl_job(run_name, solvent, solute)

# Set simulation parameters for system here
fpl_obj.num_solvents=8

# Generate system
fpl_obj.generate_system()

# Set simulation parameters for lammps here
fpl_obj.queue=None
fpl_obj.procs=1

# Add the task here
fpl_obj.add_task(
    Imp_large_job(fpl_obj) )

fpl_obj.start()
```



## INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`