Instructions on how to use Harley's Data Viewer:

- Prerequisites:
 - A linux device configured to use libxdaq & libncpa.
 - An installation of python.
 - The channelvisualiser.py program is downloaded & present in the libxdag folder.

- How to use:

- Make sure the array is connected to the computer.
- Open a command prompt in the libxdag folder.
- Run xstream, piping the output into the python application, such as:
- "./xstream.exe -deviceID 0xb1 -uniqueID 0xb1 OBS -enableFaucet | python3 channelvisualiser.py"
- Xstream outputs it's 24 channel data in the form of a .tsv file into stdout, which when forwarded into the program, is converted into close-to-real time figures

- How to operate:

- Arrow keys up and down correspond to increase & decrease y respectively.
- Arrow keys right and left correspond to increase & decrease x respectively.
- Click on a figure to minimize. Minimizing an entire row or column will cause all other rows or columns to grow to fill in the gap. Click reset to undo, and restore all graphs.
- If the frame delta is negative, a buffer is being built up over time.
 When it is positive, it is going through the buffer faster than new data is being added. An equilibrium is achieved around 0.
- Pause the fig using the pause button.

- Binary Mode:

- A separate mode of execution allows for xstream and the channel visualiser to communicate using binary.
- Xstream has not been officially updated to support this, so this feature is still in development.
- To utilize, pass a binary flag to both xstream and channelvisualiser.py, like such:
- "./xstream.exe –deviceID 0xb1 –uniqueID 0xb1 OBS –enableFaucet
 –binary | python3 channelvisualiser.py –binary"

Upkeep:

- Source code can be found at https://github.com/hhgarret/channelvisualiser/tree/main.
- Please forward any requests or questions to Harley Garrett of the Applied Acoustics Group at the NCPA, reachable at hhgarret@go.olemiss.edu

Additional Notes:

- You can use awk to limit the initial channels fed from xstream. For example, if you want to read in from only channels/columns 1, 4, and 6, you can use the full command of: "./xstream.exe –deviceID 0xb1 –uniqueID 0xb1 OBS –enableFaucet | awk -v OFS='\t' '{print \$1,\$4,\$6}' | python3 channelvisualiser.py"
- Alternatively, and perhaps preferably, one can replace the use of awk with cut, like such: | cut -f 1,4,6 |
- For more documentation on awk, visit:
 https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/awk-command-unixlinux-examples/,
 but basically, you are taking the 1st, 4th, and 6th field, then printing them out using the 'output field separator' of a tab to mimic the output of xstream, then feeding that into the program.

(without binary, time to record 10 seconds) 24 channels

real 0m10.322s user 0m17.636s sys 0m4.139s

24 channels, cut to 4

real 0m10.096s user 0m17.939s sys 0m4.168s

128 channels

real 0m25.914s user 0m29.547s sys 0m11.827s

128 channels, cut to 4

real 0m26.926s user 0m31.218s sys 0m12.380s

(with binary, time to record 10 seconds) 24 channels

real 0m10.156s user 0m12.150s sys 0m5.101s

128 channels

real 0m10.156s user 0m12.150s sys 0m5.101s