使用 Harbor 搭建 Docker 私有仓库

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第一章 部署准备

1.1 目的

搭建自己的 docker 私有仓库,并可以通过 web 管理。

1.2 规划

OS : CentOS_7.5 x64 IP : 172.16.6.31-32

 docker-ce-cli
 : 18.09.0

 docker-ce
 : 18.09.0

 docker-compose
 : 1.23.1

 Harbor
 : 1.5.4

其中 172.16.6.32 部署私有仓库,172.16.6.31 打包、上传、下载镜像等。

这里使用 harbor 搭建私有仓库, harbor 是 vmware 开源出来的,项目地址 https://github.com/goharbor/harbor

当然也可以使用官方提供的镜像进行搭建,只是没有认证、web 等好多个性化功能。

第二章 docker 安装

操作对象:

172.16.6.31 172.16.6.32

安装方法有很多,这里选择其中一种,rpm 方式。

2.1 安装

添加 docker 源:

yum-config-manager --add-repo

https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo

从指定源安装 docker-ce:

yum install docker-ce --enablerepo=docker-ce-stable -y

systemctl start docker
systemctl enable docker

查看是否开机运行:

systemctl list-unit-files grep docker

2.2 确认

docker version

[root@docker01 ~]# docker version

Client:

Version: 18.09.0
API version: 1.39
Go version: gol.10.4
Git commit: 4d60db4

Built: Wed Nov 7 00:48:22 2018

OS/Arch: linux/amd64

Experimental: false

Server: Docker Engine - Community

Engine:

Version: 18.09.0

API version: 1.39 (minimum version 1.12)

Go version: gol.10.4 Git commit: 4d60db4

Built: Wed Nov 7 00:19:08 2018

OS/Arch: linux/amd64

Experimental: false

2.3 ubuntu 安装(补充)

方法有很多,这里只说一种。

curl -sSL https://get.docker.com/ | sh

systemctl start docker chkconfig docker on

第三章 docker-compose 安装

操作对象:

172.16.6.32

harbor 的几个组件是用 docker-compose 启动和管理的,所以首先安装 docker-compose。

```
curl -L
```

https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/download/1.23.1/dockercompose uname -s - uname -m -o /usr/local/bin/docker-compose chmod +x /usr/local/bin/docker-compose docker-compose version

[root@docker02 harbor]# docker-compose version
docker-compose version 1.23.1, build b02f1306

docker-py version: 3.5.0 CPython version: 3.6.7

OpenSSL version: OpenSSL 1.1.0f 25 May 2017 [root@docker02 harbor]#

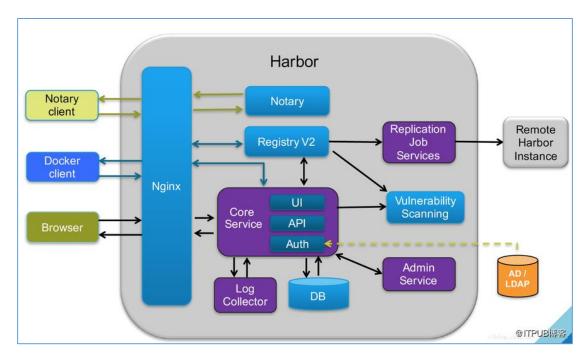
第四章 harbor 安装

操作对象:

172.16.6.32

harbor 项目在 github 上开源,地址: https://github.com/goharbor/harbor 安装方式有多种,这里使用离线形式安装。

4.1 harbor 架构



- Proxy: 对应启动组件 nginx。它是一个 nginx 反向代理, 代理 Notary client (镜像认证)、Docker client (镜像上传下载等) 和浏览器的访问请求 (Core Service) 给后端的各服务;
- UI (Core Service): 对应启动组件 harbor-ui。底层数据存储使用 mysql 数据库,主要提供了四个子功能:
 - UI: 一个 web 管理页面 ui;
 - API: Harbor 暴露的 API 服务;
 - Auth: 用户认证服务, decode 后的 token 中的用户信息在这里进行认证; auth 后端可以接 db、ldap、uaa 三种认证实现;
 - Token 服务(上图中未体现): 负责根据用户在每个 project 中的 role 来为每一个 docker push/pull 命令 issuing 一个 token, 如果从 docker client 发送给 registry 的请求没有带 token, registry 会重定向请求到 token 服务创建 token。
- Registry:对应启动组件 registry。负责存储镜像文件,和处理镜像的 pull/push 命令。 Harbor 对镜像进行强制的访问控制, Registry 会将客户端的每个 pull、push 请求转发到 token 服务来获取有效的 token。

- Admin Service: 对应启动组件 harbor-adminserver。是系统的配置管理中心附带检查 存储用量, ui 和 jobserver 启动时候需要加载 adminserver 的配置;
- Job Sevice:对应启动组件 harbor-jobservice。负责镜像复制工作的,他和 registry 通信,从一个 registry pull 镜像然后 push 到另一个 registry,并记录 job_log;
- Log Collector:对应启动组件 harbor-log。日志汇总组件,通过 docker 的 log-driver 把日志汇总到一起;
- Volnerability Scanning:对应启动组件 clair。负责镜像扫描
- Notary:对应启动组件 notary。负责镜像认证
- DB: 对应启动组件 harbor-db, 负责存储 project、 user、 role、replication、image_scan、access 等的 metadata 数据。

4.24.1 下载

使用离线的形式安装,800多M,耐心等待,这里选择罪行的1.5.4版本。

wget https://storage.googleapis.com/harbor-releases/harbor-offline-installer-v1.5.4.tgz

tar xf harbor-offline-installer-v1.5.4.tgz cd harbor

4.3 修改配置文件

4.3.1 文件 harbor. cfg

修改 harbor.cfg 中的内容

hostname = reg. mydomain.com

为:

hostname = 172.16.6.32

提示:

- 1、该文件中,不要保留#hostname = reg.mydomain.com,因为 install 中会使用相关关键字做环境检查
- 2、该文件还有很多其他配置,如有需要可根据需要进行配置,当然有些也可以再安装完成后再配置,比如邮件通知部分

4.3.2 文件 docker-compose.yml

该文件也是使用 yaml 语法,和 ansible-playbook 使用的是一样的。 在该文件的 registry 段落,增加如下两行

ports:

- 5000:5000

如果不添加,则该私有仓库没有端口映射,其他机器(比如 172.16.6.31) 无法访问。

```
dns_searcn: .
registry:
    image: vmware/registry-photon:v2.6.2-v1.5.4
    container_name: registry
    restart: always
    volumes:
        - /data/registry:/storage:z
        - ./common/config/registry/:/etc/registry/:z
    networks:
        - harbor

ports:
        - 5000:5000
    dns_search: .
        environment:
        - GODERUG-netdns-cgo
```

4.4 安装

执行

./install.sh

等待安装完成即可。其实就是下载指定的几个镜像,并启动。

一共分 5 步 (Setp 0-4):

h2 "[Step \$item]: checking installation environment ..."; let item+=1

h2 "[Step \$item]: loading Harbor images ..."; let item+=1

h2 "[Step \$item]: preparing environment ..."; let item+=1

h2 "[Step \$item]: checking existing instance of Harbor ..."; let item+=1

h2 "[Step \$item]: starting Harbor ..."

安装完成之后的提示:

```
[Step 4]: starting Harbor ...
Creating network "harbor_harbor" with the default driver
Creating harbor-log ... done
Creating redis ... done
Creating harbor-adminserver ... done
Creating harbor-db ... done
Creating registry ... done
Creating harbor-ui ... done
Creating harbor-jobservice ... done
Creating nginx ... done
Creating nginx ... done
✓ ----Harbor has been installed and started successfully.----
Now you should be able to visit the admin portal at http://172.16.6.32.
For more details, please visit https://github.com/vmware/harbor .
```

4.5 观察

下载好的镜像:

[root@docker02 harbor]# docker images								
REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE				
vmware/redis-photon	v1.5.4	c7a3c332ff8f	3 weeks ago	210MB				
vmware/clair-photon	v2.0.6-v1.5.4	faf3e2f1841f	3 weeks ago	302MB				
vmware/notary-server-photon	v0.5.1-v1.5.4	f9a7e87fa884	3 weeks ago	209MB				
vmware/notary-signer-photon	v0.5.1-v1.5.4	d9c8ddb0da72	3 weeks ago	207MB				
vmware/registry-photon	v2.6.2-v1.5.4	6b4bdec4101e	3 weeks ago	196MB				
vmware/nginx-photon	v1.5.4	ef99f7e61229	3 weeks ago	132MB				
vmware/harbor-log	v1.5.4	13ae381fcfc5	3 weeks ago	198MB				
vmware/harbor-jobservice	v1.5.4	aea9fd3c3fc0	3 weeks ago	192MB				
vmware/harbor-ui	v1.5.4	a947b8b53a8f	3 weeks ago	209MB				
vmware/harbor-adminserver	v1.5.4	d9ead0ee5c4a	3 weeks ago	181MB				
vmware/harbor-db	v1.5.4	17cc3586bcd3	3 weeks ago	525MB				
vmware/mariadb-photon	v1.5.4	446d2083018d	3 weeks ago	525MB				
vmware/postgresql-photon	v1.5.4	0f4f752b7a90	3 weeks ago	219MB				
photon	1.0	03c1901c3cd5	5 weeks ago	127MB				
vmware/harbor-migrator	v1.5.0	466c57ab0dc3	6 months ago	1.16GB				
[root@docker02 harbor]#								

运行的容器:

[root@docker02 harbor]# docker ps							
CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS		
NAMES							
5eed15dbe6fc	vmware/nginx-photon:v1.5.4	"nginx -g 'daemon of"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)	0.0.0.0:80->80/tcp, 0.0.0.0:4		
4443/tcp nginx							
f7b204d22419	vmware/harbor-jobservice:v1.5.4	"/harbor/start.sh"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute			
	observice						
	vmware/harbor-ui:v1.5.4	"/harbor/start.sh"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)			
harbor-u:							
	vmware/harbor-db:v1.5.4	"/usr/local/bin/dock"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)	3306/tcp		
harbor-db							
		"/harbor/start.sh"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)			
harbor-adminserver							
	vmware/registry-photon:v2.6.2-v1.5.4	"/entrypoint.sh serv"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)	5000/tcp		
registry							
a91b28e5fa6d	vmware/redis-photon:v1.5.4	"docker-entrypoint.s"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute	6379/tcp		
redis							
01e337f8310a	vmware/harbor-log:v1.5.4	"/bin/sh -c /usr/loc"	About a minute ago	Up About a minute (healthy)	127.0.0.1:1514->10514/tcp		
harbor-l	og						

端口监听:

7 10 L TITT. 2	' I ·						
[root@docker02 harbor]# netstat -tnlp							
Active Internet connections (only servers)							
Proto Re	ecv-Q Se	nd-Q Local Address	Foreign Address	State	PID/Program name		
tcp	0	0 127.0.0.1:1514	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	10694/docker-proxy		
tcp	0	0 0.0.0.0:22	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN	967/sshd		
tcp6	0	0 :::80	:::*	LISTEN	11382/docker-proxy		
tcp6	0	0 :::22	:::*	LISTEN	967/sshd		
tcp6	0	0 :::443	:::*	LISTEN	11361/docker-proxy		
tcp6	0	0 :::4443	:::*	LISTEN	11334/docker-proxy		
[rootedocker02 harbor]#							

/data 中有以下目录做了映射,是上述容器中映射出来的目录,至于如何映射的,可查看 docker-compose.yml 文件

```
[root@docker02 harbor]# ll /data/
总用量 32
drwxr-xr-x. 2 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:11 ca_download
drwxr-xr-x. 2 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:08 config
drwxr-xr-x. 5 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:11 database
drwxr-xr-x. 2 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:11 job_logs
drwxr-xr-x. 2 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:11 psc
drwxr-xr-x. 2 polkitd root 4096 11月 12 14:08 redis
drwxr-xr-x. 2 10000 10000 4096 11月 12 14:11 registry
-rw-----. 1 10000 10000 16 11月 12 14:07 secretkey
```

第五章 镜像操作

操作对象:

172.16.6.31

当然也可以操作其他已经安装了 docker 的机器, 就像和 dockerhub 交互一样。

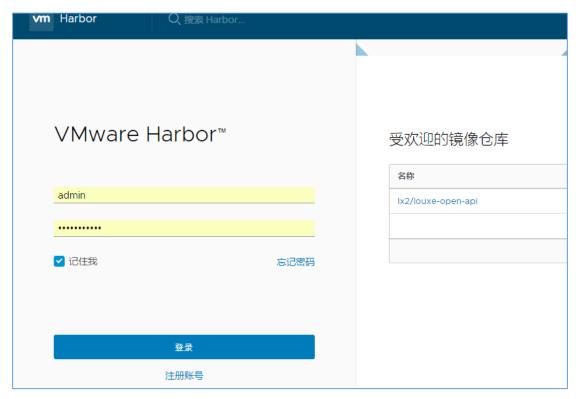
5.1 添加项目

使用浏览器打开:

http://172.16.6.32/harbor/sign-in

默认账号: admin

默认密码: Harbor12345



登陆后如下图创建项目,项目名叫做 lx2



注意,必须先添加项目,对于不存在的项目,无法推送,如下图,由于不存在 open 项目, 所以无法推送。这是 harbor 相对于官方私有仓库的一个变化。

```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/open/louxe-open-api
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/open/louxe-open-api]
270f2c3d6b0b: Preparing
23885d16cf59: Preparing
35c20f26d188: Preparing
c3fe59dd9556: Preparing
6ed1a81ba5b6: Preparing
a3483ce177ce: Waiting
ce6c8756685b: Waiting
30339f20ced0: Waiting
0eb22bfb707d: Waiting
a2ae92ffcd29: Waiting
denied: requested access to the resource is denied
[root@docker01 ~]# ls .docker/
```

5.2 修改配置文件

由于 docker 默认使用 https,而我们的 harbor 是使用 http,所以要配置 docker 使用 http 修改

/etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/docker.service

或者

/lib/systemd/system/docker.service

文件中下面这行

#ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd -H unix://

为

ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd --insecure-registry 172.16.6.32:5000 加下图

```
[Service]
Type=notify
# the default is not to use systemd for cgroups because the delegate issues still
# exists and systemd currently does not support the cgroup feature set required
# for containers run by docker

ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd --insecure-registry 172.16.6.32:5000
#ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd -H unix://

ExecReload=/bin/kill -s HUP $MAINPID
TimeoutSec=0
RestartSec=2
Restart=always
```

修改后使配置生效

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl resart docker
```

如果不修改,会有如下报错,无法推送镜像到镜像库

```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v4
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api]
Get https://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/: http: server gave HTTP response to HTTPS client
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]#
```

提醒: 如果系统服务使用 init 管理的,配置文件的修改方式参考 6.2

5.3 登陆仓库

使用如下命令登陆仓库

```
docker login -u admin -p Harbor12345 172.16.6.32:5000
也可以使用
```

docker login 172.16.6.32:5000

根据提示输入账号密码。

如果不登陆会有如下提示, 无法上传, 也无法拉取

```
[root@docker01 .docker]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v2
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api]
270f2c3d6b0b: Layer already exists
23885d16cf59: Layer already exists
35c20f26d188: Layer already exists
c3fe59dd9556: Layer already exists
6ed1a81ba5b6: Layer already exists
a3483ce177ce: Layer already exists
ce6c8756685b: Layer already exists
30339f20ced0: Layer already exists
0eb22bfb707d: Layer already exists
a2ae92ffcd29: Layer already exists
errors:
denied: requested access to the resource is denied
unauthorized: authentication required
```

登陆信息会保存在:

~/.docker/config.json

内容如下:

5.4 推送镜像

给已有镜像打标签, 并推送

```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker images louxe-open-api
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
louxe-open-api v2 a937eef2d4df 3 days ago 771MB
[root@docker01 ~]#
```

docker tag a937eef2d4df 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/louxe-open-api:v4 docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/louxe-open-api:v4

```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v4
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api]
270f2c3d6b0b: Layer already exists
23885d16cf59: Layer already exists
35c20f26d188: Layer already exists
c3fe59dd9556: Layer already exists
6ed1a81ba5b6: Layer already exists
6ed1a81ba5b6: Layer already exists
a3483ce177ce: Layer already exists
ce6c8756685b: Layer already exists
30339f20ced0: Layer already exists
0eb22bfb707d: Layer already exists
a2ae92ffcd29: Layer already exists
v4: digest: sha256:631404e2988e05e44a986ac405809ec40c48f5d2c346dbbafd96ed3ea5b71623 size: 2424
[root@docker01 c]#
```

注意,使用 harbor 搭建的私有镜像库,待推送的镜像标签中必须带有项目名,如上面的 lx2,这是一种经过增强的仓库。如果使用官方的,则有没有均可。

5.5 拉取镜像

使用如下命令拉取即可

docker pull 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/louxe-open-api:v2

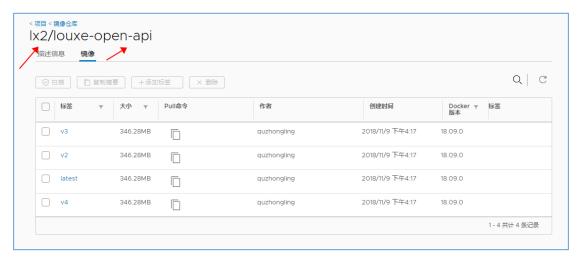
```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker images 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v4
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED
                                                                                                        SIZE
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]#
Status: Downloaded newer image for 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v4
[root@docker01 ~]# docker images 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api:v4
                                                                           IMAGE ID
                                                                                                     CREATED
REPOSITORY
                                                 TAG
                                                                                                                               SIZE
| T72.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api
| T72.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api
| T72.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api
| T72.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api
| T72.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api
                                                                           a937eef2d4df
                                                                                                                                771MB
                                                 v4
                                                                                                     3 days ago
```

5.6 观察镜像库

使用 <u>http://172.16.6.32/harbor/users</u> 登陆

账号: admin

密码: Harbor12345



harbor 私有库可以实现镜像复制、镜像删除等操作,这里不再演示。

第六章 用官方的私有仓库(补充)

6.1 安装

docker run -d -v /data/docker-registry:/var/lib/registry -p 5000:5000 --restart=always --privileged=true --name registry registry:latest

注释:

- -v /data/docker-registry:/var/lib/registry 本地的/data/docker-registry 映射到容器内
- --restart=always 容器退出时总是重启容器
- --name registry 指定容器的名称

6.2 调整配置

操作使出现如下错误:

[root@docker01 system]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/centos:7
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/centos]
Get https://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/: http: server gave HTTP response to HTTPS client
[root@docker01 system]#

因为 docker 默认使用 https, 私有仓库不是使用 https 的,解决方法如下: [root@docker01 system]# cat /etc/docker/daemon.json { "insecure-registries":["172.16.6.32:5000"]}

systemctl reload docker service docker relod

使配置生效。

6.3 相关操作

推送、拉取等都不需要认证,也不需要在打标签时指定项目名,如下 docker tag louxe-open-api 172.16.6.32:5000/louxe-open-api docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/louxe-open-api

```
[root@docker01 system]# docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/louxe-open-api
The push refers to repository [172.16.6.32:5000/louxe-open-api]
270f2c3d6b0b: Pushed
23885d16cf59: Pushed
35c20f26d188: Pushed
c3fe59dd9556: Pushed
6ed1a81ba5b6: Pushed
a3483ce177ce: Pushed
ce6c8756685b: Pushed
30339f20ced0: Pushed
0eb22bfb707d: Pushed
a2ae92ffcd29: Pushed
latest: digest: sha256:631404e2988e05e44a986ac405809ec40c48f5d2c346dbbafd96ed3ea5b71623 size: 2424
```

查看私有仓库中有哪些镜像:

curl http://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/_catalog

查看某个镜像有哪些标签:

curl http://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/louxe-open-api/tags/list

```
[root@docker01 ~]# curl http://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/_catalog
{"repositories":["centos","louxe-open-api"]}
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]# curl http://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/louxe-open-api/tags/list
{"name":"louxe-open-api","tags":["v3","latest"]}
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]#
[root@docker01 ~]# curl http://172.16.6.32:5000/v2/centos/tags/list
{"name":"centos","tags":["7"]}
[root@docker01 ~]#
```