第一章 部署准备

1.1 目的

将 spring boot 程序做成 docker 镜像, 推送到镜像仓库, 使用 jenkins 自动部署和回滚。

1.2 规划

OS : CentOS_7. 5 x64

IP : 10.1.5.64, jenkins 服务器

172.16.6.32, harbor 搭建的 docker 私仓

172.16.6.33, 运行程序(jar)

三台机器均安装如下包:

docker-ce-cli : 18.09.0
docker-ce : 18.09.0

其中, 172.16.6.32 还需要部署 harbor, 参考其他文档。

第二章 docker 安装

操作对象:

10. 1. 5. 64 172.16.6.32 172.16.6.33

安装方法有很多,这里选择其中一种,rpm方式。

2.1 安装

添加 docker 源:

```
yum-config-manager --add-repo
https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo
从指定源安装 docker-ce :
yum install docker-ce --enablerepo=docker-ce-stable -y
systemctl start docker
systemctl enable docker
查看是否开机运行:
systemctl list-unit-files grep docker
```

2.2 确认

docker version

```
[root@docker01 ~]# docker version
Client:
Version:
                    18.09.0
 API version:
                    1.39
                    go1.10.4
Go version:
Git commit:
                    4d60db4
                    Wed Nov 7 00:48:22 2018
Built:
OS/Arch:
                    linux/amd64
Experimental:
                    false
Server: Docker Engine - Community
Engine:
 Version:
                    18.09.0
 API version:
                    1.39 (minimum version 1.12)
 Go version:
                    gol.10.4
 Git commit:
                    4d60db4
                    Wed Nov 7 00:19:08 2018
 Built:
                    linux/amd64
 OS/Arch:
 Experimental:
                    false
```

2.3 ubuntu 安装(补充)

方法有很多, 这里只说一种。

curl -sSL https://get.docker.com/ | sh systemctl start docker chkconfig docker on

第三章 harbor 安装

操作对象:

172.16.6.32

不是本文档的重点,这里不再想说,参考其他文档。

第四章 jenkins 环境准备

4.1 基础软件安装

操作对象:

10. 1. 5. 64

需要准备 tomcat+jenkins+maven+jdk,搭建一个 jenkins 的环境,步骤比较简单,这里不再详细介绍。

4.2 ansible 安装

安装 ansible, 方法很多, 这里也不再详细介绍。

4.3 密钥认证

即是将 jenkins 本机的公钥发送到 172.16.6.33 机器,做免密认证,步骤很简单,这里不再详细介绍。

第五章 jenkins 配置

5.1 参数化构建

工程 louxe-open-api-for-docker		
需要如下参数用于构建项目:		
pname	louxe-open-api	
	项目名,作为变量使用	
version	0	
	回滚的版本数,当选择deplay时,此参数无效	
action_choic	action_choice deplay ▼	
	选择动作:	
	deplay : 部署 roolback : 回滚	
env_choice	gray ▼	
0.11_0.10.00		
	选择环境:	
	gray: 灰度	
	pro : 生产	
port	8081	
开始构建		

如上图, 为了适应通用性, 尽量多配置变量:

pname:字符参数,区分各个不同的项目,这里使用打包出来的 jar 的名称进行区分

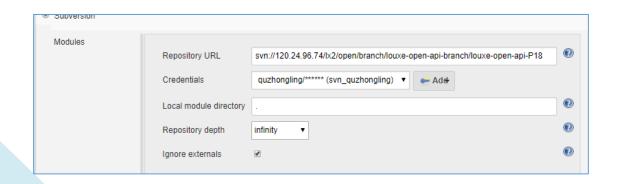
version:字符参数,选择版本,用于回滚

action_choice: 选项参数, 用于区分是部署还是回滚

env_choice: 选项参数, 用于区分是灰度环境还是生产环境

port: 字符参数, 定义项目启用的端口

5.2 源码管理



5.3 构建-打包和推送镜像

```
#打包
if [ $action choice = "deplay" ]; then
mvn clean package -Dmaven.test.skip=true -Puat
#准备 jar 文件及时区配置文件到 dockerfile 目录
[! -d /tmp/dockerfile] && mkdir /tmp/dockerfile
rm -rf /tmp/dockerfile/*
cp $WORKSPACE/target/$pname.jar /tmp/dockerfile
cp /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Shanghai /tmp/dockerfile
#准备 Dockerfile 文件
cat>/tmp/dockerfile/Dockerfile<<EOF
FROM frolvlad/alpine-oraclejdk8
MAINTAINER quzhongling quzhongling@1x2.com
VOLUME /data/1x2
COPY $pname.jar /$pname.jar
COPY Shanghai /etc/localtime
RUN mkdir -p /data/1x2 && echo 'Asia/Shanghai' > /etc/timezone
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/$pname.jar", "--server.port=$port"]
EOF
#生成镜像
cd /tmp/dockerfile
docker build -t $pname-oracle-jdk:v$BUILD NUMBER.
#给镜像打标签
docker tag $pname-oracle-jdk:v$BUILD NUMBER
172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/$pname-oracle-jdk:v$BUILD NUMBER
#登陆私仓
docker login -u admin -p Harbor12345 172.16.6.32:5000
#推送到私仓
docker push 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/$pname-oracle-jdk:v$BUILD NUMBER
fi
```

5.4 构建-部署和回滚

```
cd ~/playbook-pro-by-quzl

if [ $action_choice = "deplay" ]; then
    ansible-playbook -i hosts update-jar-by-docker.yml -e "port=$port
pname=$pname version=$BUILD_NUMBER action_choice=$action_choice"
else
    ansible-playbook -i hosts update-jar-by-docker.yml -e "port=$port
pname=$pname version=$version action_choice=$action_choice"
fi
```

5.5 补充 ansible 脚本

cat update-jar-by-docker.yml

```
hosts: louxe-open-api-by-docker
 gather_facts: false #不采集系统信息,有利于加速访问
 remote user: root
 serial: 1 #串行执行
 tasks:
    - name: 登陆私仓
     docker login:
       registry: 172.16.6.32:5000
       username: admin
       password: Harbor12345
       reauthorize: no
   - name: 拉取镜像
     docker image:
       name: 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/{{ pname }}-oracle-jdk
       tag: v{{ version }}
       pull: yes
   - name: 停止当前运行的容器
     shell: docker stop $(docker ps|grep louxe-open-api|awk '{print
$NF}')
     ignore errors: yes
   - name: 删除旧容器,保留最近的30个
     shell: docker rm $(docker ps -a -f name=^{{ pname }} -q|tail -n
+30)
     ignore errors: yes
   - name: 删除旧的镜像, 保留最近的 30 个
     shell: docker rmi $(docker images
172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/{{pname}}-oracle-jdk -q|tail -n +31)
     ignore_errors: yes
   - name: 启动新容器-版本是-{{version}}
     docker container:
       name: "{{ pname }}-v{{ version }}"
       image: 172.16.6.32:5000/1x2/{{ pname }}-oracle-
jdk:v{{ version }}
       state: started
       volumes:
         - /data/1x2:/data/1x2
       ports:
         - "{{ port }}:{{ port }}"
```

对应的 host 文件包含如下内容:

第六章 验证

6.1 部署

```
Started by user jenkins系統管理员
Building in workspace /root/.jenkins/workspace/louxe-open-api-for-docker
Updating svn://120.24.96.74/lx2/open/branch/louxe-open-api-branch/louxe-open-api-P18 at revision '2018-11-23T15:24:33.808 +0800'
At revision 153

No changes for svn://120.24.96.74/lx2/open/branch/louxe-open-api-branch/louxe-open-api-P18 since the previous build
[louxe-open-api-for-docker] $ /bin/sh -xe /data/tomcat-jenkins-prd-8080/temp/jenkins2972227035154900508.sh
+ [ deplay = deplay ]
+ mvn clean package -Dmaven. test. skip=true -Puat
[INFO] Scanning for projects...
```

部署 deplay, 拉取代码,

```
[INFO] — spring-boot-maven-plugin:1.5.10.RELEASE:repackage (default) @ louxe-

[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS

[INFO] — [INFO] Total time: 17.523 s

[INFO] Finished at: 2018-11-23T15:24:54+08:00

[INFO] Final Memory: 51M/589M
```

maven 构建成功

```
+ [ ! -d /tmp/dockerfile ]
+ rm -rf /tmp/dockerfile/Dockerfile /tmp/dockerfile/Shanghai /tmp/dockerfile/louxe-open-api.jar
+ cp /root/.jenkins/workspace/louxe-open-api-for-docker/target/louxe-open-api.jar /tmp/dockerfile
+ cp /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Shanghai /tmp/dockerfile
+ cd /tmp/dockerfile
+ docker build -t louxe-open-api-oracle-jdk:v65
Sending build context to Docker daemon 64.02MB
Step 1/7 : FROM frolvlad/alpine-oraclejdk8
 --> b81355b10fa3
Step 2/7 : MAINTAINER quzhongling quzhongling@lx2.com
  —> Using cache
 —> 59d1243ab9c9
Step 3/7 : VOLUME /data/lx2
  ─> Using cache
 —> 26a987e88898
Step 4/7 : COPY louxe-open-api.jar /louxe-open-api.jar
   -> 96bf695c545d
Step 5/7 : COPY Shanghai /etc/localtime
   -> d7b2c8c4cf54
Step 6/7 : RUN mkdir -p /data/lx2 && echo 'Asia/Shanghai' > /etc/timezone
   -> Running in 7c8ea523f3a2
Removing intermediate container 7c8ea523f3a2
   —> 44edf9551a0d
Step 7/7 : ENTRYPOINT ["java","-jar","/louxe-open-api.jar","-server.port=8081"]
    -> Running in 45e794c8f265
Removing intermediate container 45e794c8f265
 ---> 46d104218ecc
Successfully built 46d104218ecc
Successfully tagged louxe-open-api-oracle-jdk:v65
+ docker tag louxe-open-api-oracle-jdk:v65 172.16.6.32:5000/lx2/louxe-open-api-oracle-jdk:v65
```

生成镜像, 并推送到镜像仓库

```
.
r65: digest: sha256:ee6a06340bf79a9b2fde4d411c9361412e0ac373c65961e118e609003b70f983 size: 1577
[louxe-open-api-for-docker] $ /bin/sh -xe /data/tomoat-jenkins-prd-8080/temp/jenkins5245370163964628770.sh
+ cd /root/playbook-pro-by-quzl
+ [ deplay = deplay ]
+ ansible-playbook -i hosts update-jar-by-docker.yml -e port=8081 pname=louxe-open-api version=65 action_choice=deplay
[WARNING]: Found variable using reserved name: port
ok: [172.16.6.33]
changed: [172, 16, 6, 33]
changed: [172.16.6.33]
...ienorine
argument.\nSee 'docker rmi —help'.\n\nUsage: docker rmi [OFTIONS] IMAGE [IMAGE..]\n\nRemove one or more images", "stderr_line 1 argument.", "See 'docker rmi —help'.", "", "Usage: docker rmi [OPTIONS] IMAGE [IMAGE...]", "", "Remove one or more images"],
...ignoring
changed: [172.16.6.33]
: ok=6 changed=5 unreachable=0 failed=0
```

拉取镜像并部署

6.2回滚

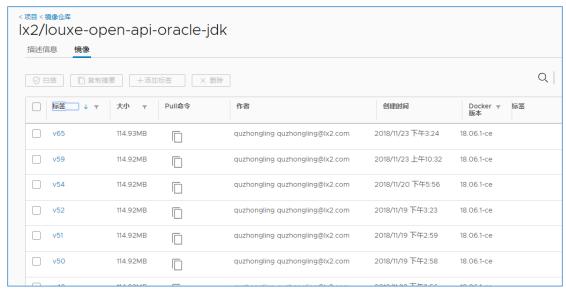
```
Started by user jenkins系统管理员
Building in workspace /root/.jenkins/workspace/louxe-open-api-for-docker
Updating svn://120.24.96.74/lx2/open/branch/louxe-open-api-branch/louxe-open-api-P18 at revision '2018-11-23T15:33:07.764 +080
At revision 153
No changes for swn://120.24.96.74/lx2/open/branch/louxe-open-api-branch/louxe-open-api-P18 since the previous build
[louxe-open-api-for-docker] $ /bin/sh -xe /data/tomcat-jenkins-prd-8080/temp/jenkins3790457368197757490.sh
 + [ roolback = deplay ]
[louxe-open-api-for-docker] $ /bin/sh -xe /data/tomoat-jenkins-prd-8080/temp/jenkins3150239448498531080.sh
 + cd /root/playbook-pro-by-quzl
 + [ roolback = deplay ]
 + ansible-playbook -i hosts update-jar-by-docker.yml -e port=8081 pname=louxe-open-api version=59 action_choice=roolback
  [WARNING]: Found variable using reserved name: port
ok: [172.16.6.33]
ok: [172, 16, 6, 33].
changed: [172.16.6.33]
The state in the state of the s
  ... ignoring
```

6.3 程序宿主机观察

```
| Transference | Tran
```

启动容器时,要按照规律进行命名,这样便于回滚。ansible-playbook 脚本配置保留最近的 30 个镜像、最近 30 个容器,用于回滚。如果更早的版本,会自动到镜像仓库拉取并重新生成容器。

6.4 私仓观察



只要磁盘空间够用,可保留很多镜像文件。

至此,结束!