

TUTORIAL - 4

$$1) T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n^2$$

$$a = 3, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 3 = 1.5$$

$$n^2 > n^{1.5}$$

$$\therefore \underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2)}$$

$$(2) T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$$

$$a = 4, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 4$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(n) = n^2$$

$$n^2 = n^2$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2 \log n)}$$

$$3) T(n) = T(n/2) + 2^n$$

$$a = 1, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 1$$

$$c = 0 (n^c = 1)$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(2^n)}$$

$$(4) T(n) = 2^n T(n/2) + 2^n$$

$$a = 2^n, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 2^n$$

$$c = n$$

$$n^c = n^n$$

$$f(n) < n^c$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^n)}$$

$$5) T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n$$

$$a = 16, b = 4$$

$$c = \log_4 4^2$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(n) < n^c$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2)}$$

$$(6) T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n \log n$$

$$a = 2, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 2 = 1$$

$$n \log n > n$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n \log n)}$$

$$(7) T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n \log n$$

$$a = 2, b = 2$$

$$c = 1$$

$$\frac{n}{\log n} < n$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n)}$$

$$(8) T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n^{0.5}$$

$$a = 2, b = 4$$

$$c = \log_4 2 \cdot c = 1/2$$

$$f(n) = n^c$$

$$n^{0.5} = n^{0.5}$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^{0.5} \log n)}$$

$$9) T(n) = 0.5T(n/2) + 1/n$$

$$c = \log_2 1/2 = -1$$

$$n^{-1} = n^{-1}$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^{-1} \log n)$$

$$11) T(n) = 4T(n/2) + \log n$$

$$a = 4, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 4 = 2$$

$$\log n < n^2$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

$$13) T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$$

$$a = 3, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 3 = 1.5$$

$$n < n^{1.5}$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^{1.5})$$

$$15) T(n) = 4T(n/2) + cn$$

$$a = 4, b = 2$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(n) = n^2$$

$$cn < n^2$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

$$10) T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n^{1/2}$$

$$a = 16, b = 4$$

$$c = \log_4 16 = 2$$

$$n^{1/2} > n^2 \text{ (when } n > 3)$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^{1/2})$$

$$\text{if } (n < 3)$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

$$(12) T(n) = \sqrt{n} T(n/2) + \log n$$

$$a = \sqrt{n}, b = 2$$

$$c = \log_2 n^{1/2}$$

$$\text{not applicable.}$$

$$(14) T(n) = 3T(n/3) + \Delta \log(n)$$

$$a = 3, b = 3$$

$$c = \log_3 a = 1$$

$$f(n) = n^{1/2}$$

$$n^c = n^1$$

$$f(n) < n^c$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n)$$

$$(16) T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/2$$

$$a = 3, b = 2$$

$$c = 1$$

$$f(n) = n/2$$

$$n^c = n$$

$$f(n) < n^c$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n)$$

$$17) T(n) = 3T(n/4) + n \log n$$

$$a = 3, b = 4$$

$$c = \log_4 3 = 0.7$$

$$f(n) = n \log n$$

$$n^c = n^{0.7}$$

$$f(n) > n^c$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n \log n)}$$

$$19) T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n \log n$$

$$a = 4, b = 2$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(n) = n \log n$$

$$n^c = n^2$$

$$n \log n < n^2$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2)}$$

$$21) T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n^2$$

$$a = 7, b = 3$$

$$c = \log_3 7 = 1.77$$

$$f(n) > n^c$$

$$n^2 > n^{1.77}$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2)}$$

$$(18) T(n) = 6T(n/3) + n^2 \log n$$

$$a = 6, b = 3$$

$$c = \log_3 6 = 1.6$$

$$f(n) > n^c$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2 \log n)}$$

$$(20) T(n) = 64T(n/8) + n^2 \log n$$

$$a = 64, b = 8$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(n) > n^c$$

$$n^2 \log n > n^2$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n^2 \log n)}$$

$$22) T(n) = T(n/2) + n(2 - \cos n)$$

$$a = 1, b = 2$$

$$\log_2 1 = 0$$

$$f(n) > n^c$$

$$n(2 - \cos n) > n^0$$

$$\underline{T(n) = \Theta(n(2 - \cos n))}$$