# **DESIGN PATTERNS - ITERATOR PATTERN**

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/design\_pattern/iterator\_pattern.htm

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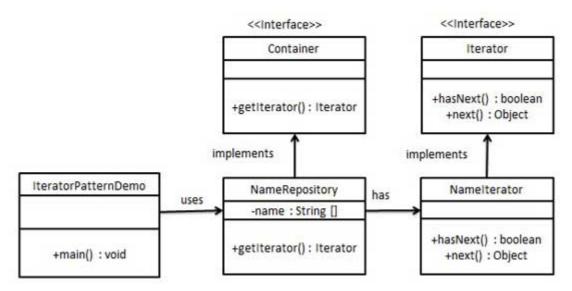
Iterator pattern is very commonly used design pattern in Java and .Net programming environment. This pattern is used to get a way to access the elements of a collection object in sequential manner without any need to know its underlying representation.

Iterator pattern falls under behavioral pattern category.

#### **Implementation**

We're going to create a *Iterator* interface which narrates navigation method and a *Container* interface which retruns the iterator. Concrete classes implementing the *Container* interface will be responsible to implement *Iterator* interface and use it

*IteratorPatternDemo*, our demo class will use *NamesRepository*, a concrete class implementation to print a *Names* stored as a collection in *NamesRepository*.



## Step 1

Create interfaces.

Iterator.java

```
public interface Iterator {
   public boolean hasNext();
   public Object next();
}
```

Container.java

```
public interface Container {
   public Iterator getIterator();
}
```

#### Step 2

Create concrete class implementing the *Container* interface. This class has inner class *Namelterator* implementing the *Iterator* interface.

NameRepository.java

```
public class NameRepository implements Container {
  public String names[] = {"Robert" , "John" ,"Julie" , "Lora"};
```

```
@Override
   public Iterator getIterator() {
      return new NameIterator();
   private class NameIterator implements Iterator {
      int index;
      @Override
      public boolean hasNext() {
          if(index < names.length){</pre>
             return true;
          return false;
      }
      @Override
      public Object next() {
          if(this.hasNext()){
             return names[index++];
         return null;
      }
   }
}
```

### Step 3

Use the NameRepository to get iterator and print names.

IteratorPatternDemo.java

```
public class IteratorPatternDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      NameRepository namesRepository = new NameRepository();

   for(Iterator iter = namesRepository.getIterator(); iter.hasNext();){
      String name = (String)iter.next();
      System.out.println("Name : " + name);
   }
}
```

#### Step 4

Verify the output.

```
Name : Robert
Name : John
Name : Julie
Name : Lora
```