#### 20140269 고혁훈

# - parameter setting 및 모델 설계

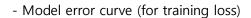
: data - train 50000 & test 10000 from CIFAR10

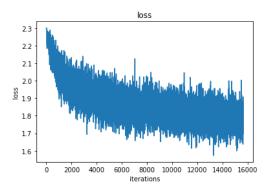
- input 3\*32\*32 images, class 10개

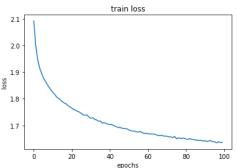
: xavier init for conv2d & linear

: 정규 init for batchnorm2d

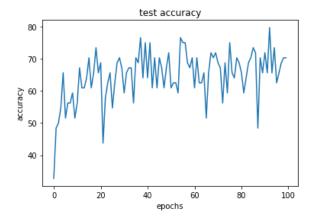
: epoch == [20,40,100] Ir == default for adam, batch size == 64







#### - accuracy curve



## - 모델 summary

```
Test (
  (layer1): Sequential(
   (0): Conv2d(3, 6, kernel size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2, 2))
   (1): BatchNorm2d(6, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
   (2): ReLU()
   (3): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
 (layer2): Sequential(
   (0): Conv2d(6, 16, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
   (1): BatchNorm2d(16, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
   (2): ReLU()
   (3): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
 (layer3): Sequential(
   (0): Conv2d(16, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
   (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
   (2): ReLU()
   (3): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
)
 (fc1): Linear(in features=512, out features=120, bias=True)
 (fc2): Linear(in features=120, out features=84, bias=True)
 (fc3): Linear(in features=84, out features=10, bias=True)
```

### - 모델 중간 사이즈

```
torch.Size([64, 3, 32, 32])
torch.Size([64, 6, 16, 16])
torch.Size([64, 16, 8, 8])
torch.Size([64, 32, 4, 4])
torch.Size([64, 512])
torch.Size([64, 120])
torch.Size([64, 84])
torch.Size([64, 10])

## test 할 경우

torch.Size([10000, 3, 32, 32])
torch.Size([10000, 6, 16, 16])
torch.Size([10000, 16, 8, 8])
torch.Size([10000, 32, 4, 4])
torch.Size([10000, 512])
torch.Size([10000, 120])
torch.Size([10000, 84])
```

#### - 학습 결과의 일부

```
Epoch [9/10], Step [6401/50048], Loss: 1.7524, Accuracy: 65.6% Epoch [9/10], Step [12801/50048], Loss: 1.8655, Accuracy: 71.9% Epoch [9/10], Step [19201/50048], Loss: 1.8129, Accuracy: 64.1% Epoch [9/10], Step [25601/50048], Loss: 1.7790, Accuracy: 60.9% Epoch [9/10], Step [32001/50048], Loss: 1.8075, Accuracy: 57.8% Epoch [9/10], Step [38401/50048], Loss: 1.7916, Accuracy: 62.5% Epoch [9/10], Step [44801/50048], Loss: 1.7833, Accuracy: 67.2% Epoch [10/10], Step [6401/50048], Loss: 1.6860, Accuracy: 65.6% Epoch [10/10], Step [12801/50048], Loss: 1.7446, Accuracy: 70.3% Epoch [10/10], Step [19201/50048], Loss: 1.8081, Accuracy: 51.6% Epoch [10/10], Step [25601/50048], Loss: 1.7854, Accuracy: 64.1% Epoch [10/10], Step [32001/50048], Loss: 1.7000, Accuracy: 64.1% Epoch [10/10], Step [38401/50048], Loss: 1.8745, Accuracy: 65.6% Epoch [10/10], Step [44801/50048], Loss: 1.7909, Accuracy: 62.5%
```

## - 결과

: cifar10을 학습하는 것에 20 epoch정도면 괜찮다.

: 약 20 에포크가 넘어가면 validation 성능은 더 증가하지 않는다.

```
Accuracy of the network on the 50000 test images 83.068% Accuracy of the network on the 10000 test images 68.29%
```

(30번째 정확도, 40번째 정확도가 여전히 test데이터에서 샘플링한 데이터의 60~70사이를 왔다갔다 한다.)

: conv2d의 채널을 더 늘려보는 것도 좋을 것 같고, linear 레이어를 2개만 해도 추가해도 될 것 같다.