Operating System Lab (4ITRC2)

IT IV Semester

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CPU Scheduling Algorithms:

1. First Come First Serve (FCFS)

• FCFS is the simplest CPU scheduling algorithm where the process that arrives first gets executed first, following a strict queue-like order.

```
Algorithm (C):-
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, i;
  int bt[20], wt[20], tat[20];
  float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;
  printf("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter burst time for each process:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     printf("P[\%d]: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
  wt[0] = 0;
  // Calculate waiting time
  for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
     wt[i] = bt[i - 1] + wt[i - 1];
   // Calculate turnaround time
   for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
     avg_wt += wt[i];
     avg_tat += tat[i];
  printf("\nProcess\tBT\tWT\tTAT\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("P[%d]\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", i + 1, bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
```

```
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time = %.2f", avg_wt / n);
  printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time = \%.2f\n", avg_tat / n);
  return 0;
}
```

Sample Input:-

Enter number of processes: 4

Output:-

Enter number of processes: 4
Enter burst time for each process:
P[1]: 5
P[2]: 8
P[3]: 6
P[4]: 3
Output:-
Process Burst Waiting Turnaround
P[1] 5 0 5
P[2] 8 5 13
P[3] 6 13 19
P[4] 3 19 22

Average Waiting Time = 9.25

Average Turnaround Time = 14.75

2. Shortest Job First (SJF) – Non-preemptive

SJF selects the process with the smallest burst time next, minimizing average waiting time but requiring knowledge of future process durations.

Algorithm (C):-

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
  int n, i, j;
  int bt[20], p[20], wt[20], tat[20], temp;
  float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;
  printf("Enter total number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter burst time for each process:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     printf("P[%d]: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
     p[i] = i + 1;
   }
  // Sorting burst times (SJF)
  for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
     for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
        if (bt[i] > bt[j]) {
           temp = bt[i];
           bt[i] = bt[j];
           bt[j] = temp;
          temp = p[i];
          p[i] = p[j];
          p[j] = temp;
        }
```

```
}
  wt[0] = 0;
  for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    wt[i] = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < i; j++)
       wt[i] += bt[j];
  }
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
    avg_wt += wt[i];
    avg_tat += tat[i];
  }
  printf("\nProcess\tBT\tWT\tTAT\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P[\%d]\t\%d\t\%d\t\%d\n", p[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time = %.2f", avg_wt / n);
  printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time = %.2f\n", avg_tat / n);
  return 0;
}
```

Sample Input:-

Enter total number of processes: 4

P[1]: 6

P[2]: 8

P[3]: 7

Output:-

P[4]: 3				20		
Output:-						
Process	Burst	Waiting	Turnaro	ound		
P[4]	3	0	3			
P[1]	6	3	9	· Ma		
P[3]	7	9	16			
P[2]	8	16	24			
Average Waiting Time = 7.00						

Average Turnaround Time =

3. Round Robin Scheduling

Round Robin assigns a fixed time quantum to each process in a cyclic order, ensuring fair CPU allocation and better response time for all processes.

```
Algorithm (C):-
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, i, qt, count = 0, temp, sq = 0;
  int bt[10], rem_bt[10], wt[10], tat[10];
  float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;
  printf("Enter number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter burst time for each process:\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
  printf("P[\%d]: ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
  rem_bt[i] = bt[i];
}
printf("Enter time quantum: ");
scanf("%d", &qt);
while (1) {
  int done = 1;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if (rem_bt[i] > 0) {
        done = 0;
        if (rem_bt[i] > qt) {
          sq += qt;
          rem_bt[i] = qt;
        } else {
          sq += rem_bt[i];
          wt[i] = sq - bt[i]
          rem_bt[i] = 0;
     }
  if (done =
     break
printf("\nProcess\tBT\tWT\tTAT\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
  avg_wt += wt[i];
  avg_tat += tat[i];
  printf("P[%d]\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", i + 1, bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time = %.2f", avg_wt / n);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time = \%.2f\n", avg_tat / n);
return 0;
```

}

Sample Input:-

Enter number of processes: 4

P[1]: 24 P[2]: 3 P[3]: 3 P[4]: 12

Enter time quantum: 4

Output:-

Process	Burst	Waiting	Turnaround
P[1]	24	26	50
P[2]	3	4	7
P[3]	3	7	10
P[4]	12	18	30

Average Waiting Time = 13.75 Average Turnaround Time = 24.25