20202041 Park, Nuri

2D electron gas system, 3D bulk material. physical thickness

Quasi- 2D electron gas system: $E - (k_X, k_y)$,n : subband

We have calculated N_total: it is a scalar.

We want to calculate electron density. : n(x, y, z) It can generate $\phi(x, y, z)$

$$N_{total} = \int n(x, y, z) dx dy dz$$

Required condition: $\int |\psi(x)|^2 dx dy dz = 1$

Wave function : $\psi_{k_xk_yn}(x,y,z) = A_{k_xk_yn}e^{ik_xx}e^{ik_yy}\psi_{z,n}(z)$

 $\left| \psi_{k_x k_y n}(x,y,z) \right|^2 = \left| A_{k_x k_y n} \right|^2 \left| \psi_{z,n}(z) \right|^2 \text{ thus Integration of } \left| \psi_{k_x k_y n}(x,y,z) \right|^2 \text{over the box :}$

$$L_x L_y \left| A_{k_x k_y n} \right|^2 \int_0^{L_z} dz \left| \psi_{z,n}(z) \right|^2 = 1 \text{ thus } \left| A_{k_x k_y n} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{L_x L_y}$$

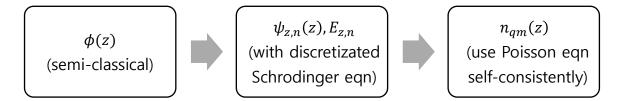
Each state contributes $\left| \psi_{k_x k_y n}(x, y, z) \right|^2 = \frac{\left| \psi_{z, n}(z) \right|^2}{L_x L_y}$

$$n(x,y,z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\psi|^2 f_{FD}(E)}{L_{\chi}L_{\gamma}}$$

Schrodinger egn discretization

$$\begin{split} &: -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_{zz}}\frac{d^2}{dx^2}\psi_{z,n}(z) + V(z)\psi_{z,n}(z) = E_{z,n}\psi_{z,n}(z) \\ & -> -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_{zz}(\Delta z)^2} \big(\psi_{z,n,i+1} - 2\psi_{z,n,i} + \psi_{z,n,i-1}\big) + (-q\phi(z) + E_c - E_i)\psi_{z,n,i} = E_{z,n}\psi_{z,n,i} \\ & \int_0^{L_z} dz \big|\psi_{z,n}(z)\big|^2 = 1 \\ & -> \frac{\Delta z}{2} \big|\psi_{z,n,1}\big|^2 = \frac{\Delta z}{2} \big|\psi_{z,n,N_z}\big|^2 = 0, \; \sum_{i=2}^{N_z-1} \Delta z \big|\psi_{z,n,i}\big|^2 = 1 \end{split}$$

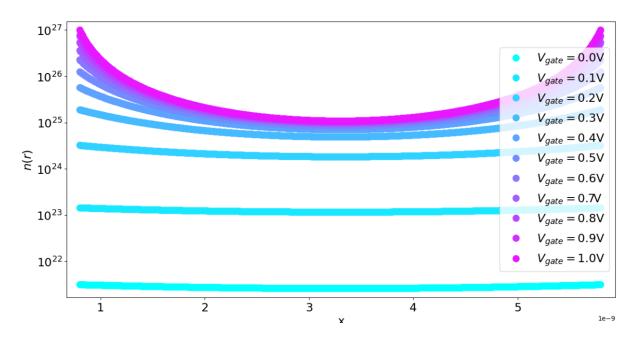
Simulation flow



We test six valleys in silicon which have two-fold degeneracy.

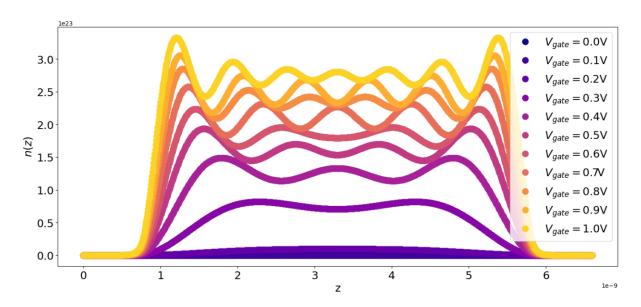
$$\begin{split} m_{xx} &= 0.91 m_0, m_{yy} = 0.19 m_0, m_{zz} = 0.19 m_0 \\ m_{xx} &= 0.19 m_0, m_{yy} = 0.91 m_0, m_{zz} = 0.19 m_0 \\ m_{xx} &= 0.19 m_0, m_{yy} = 0.19 m_0, m_{zz} = 0.91 m_0 \end{split}$$

Result



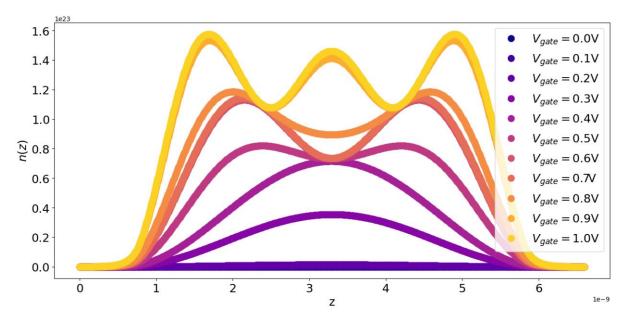
This figure shows the density with the semi-classical method.

1. $m_{zz} = 0.91 m_0$ (quantum mechanical result)



We now have wavy equations. Hight gate voltage makes more nodes in the density. We also find that maximum values of the density of quantum mechanical method is lower than that of semiclassical method at the same gate voltage.

$2.\,m_{zz}=0.19m_0$ (quantum mechanical result)



Low effective mass of electrons shows similar forms of density with high effective mass of electron with low gate voltage.