
Computational Microelectronics

L9

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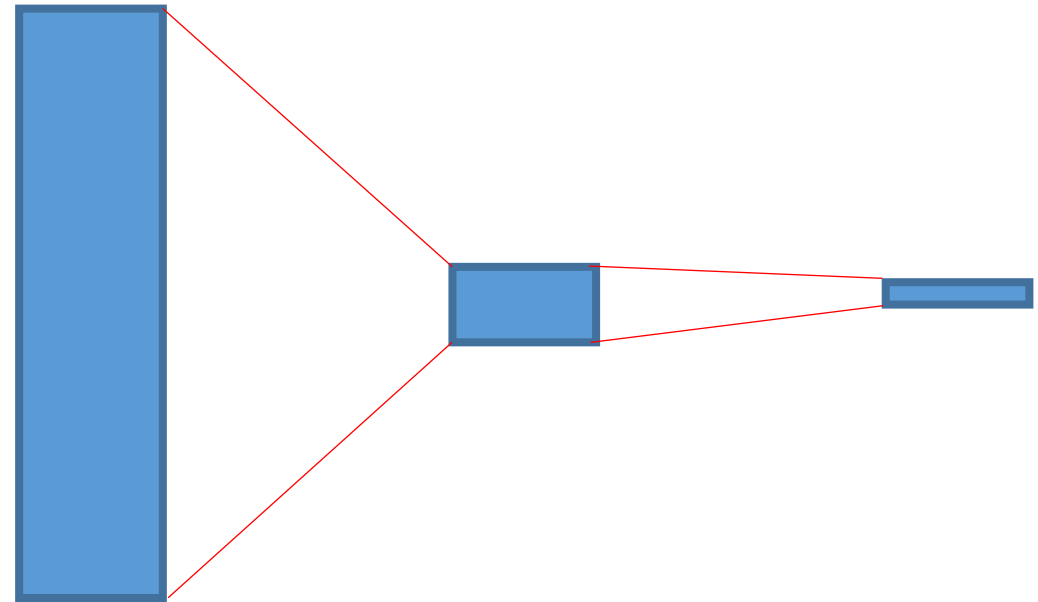
Neural network

Prepare dataset.

- Reference: <https://numpy.org/numpy-tutorials/content/tutorial-deep-learning-on-mnist.html>
- Load mnist_train.csv and mnist_test.csv.
 - From these two files, prepare images and labels.

Build a small neural network.

- Input layer, hidden layer, output layer
 - An image is loaded in the input layer. (A vector, 784×1)
 - Matrix-vector multiplication in the hidden layer. (A vector, 100×1) Then, ReLU activation. Then, dropout
 - Matrix-vector multiplication in the output layer. (A vector, 10×1)
 - (No bias term in this example)



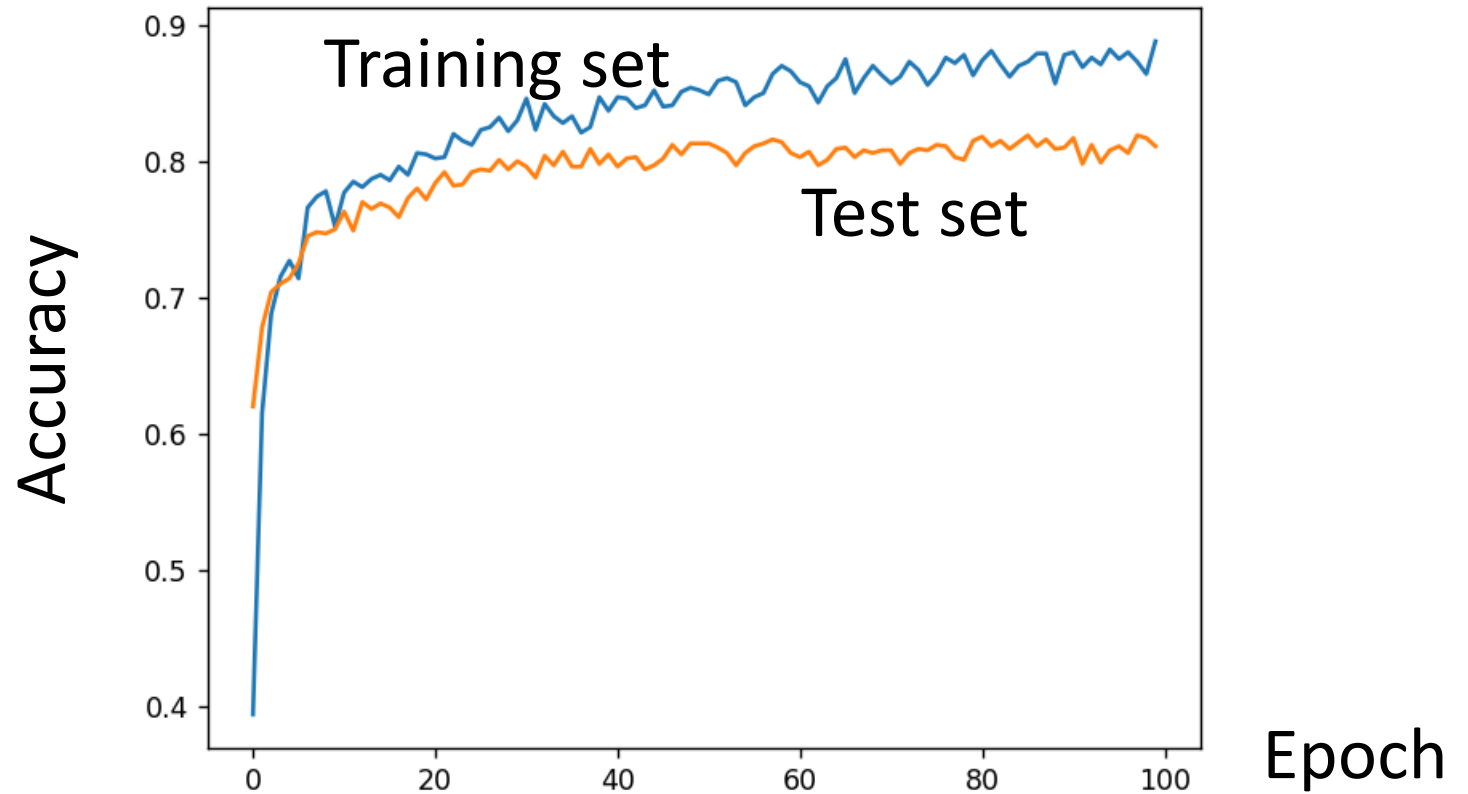
First, random weights

- Let's start with random weights.
 - 1) weights_1 (A matrix, 100X784)
 - 2) weights_2 (A matrix, 10X100)
 - Every entry in weights_1 and weights_2 is within a range of [-0.1,0.1].
 - Dropout: Half of the hidden layer outputs are dropped out. Instead, surviving entries are doubled.
- Accuracy?
 - For 10k training set, the accuracy is 11.31 %. (As expected)

```
2 ==> 6 Wrong
3 ==> 8 Wrong
9 ==> 3 Wrong
0 ==> 7 Wrong
1 ==> 1 Correct
2 ==> 3 Wrong
2 ==> 5 Wrong
0 ==> 1 Wrong
8 ==> 7 Wrong
9 ==> 7 Wrong
```

Skip the training phase.

- Pre-trained neural network
 - My training process



- You can find them in our GitHub repository. (They're transposed.)

Homework#9

- Due: AM08:00, October 15
- Problem#1
 - Implement a neural network for detecting the MNIST dataset. Calculate the accuracy of your neural network.

Thank you for your attention!