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# Computational Microelectronics

## L8

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# Neural network

# Why neural networks in this course?

- Basically, this course is for the TCAD development.
  - Numerical analysis of a set of governing equations
  - Governing equations → discretization → implementation

## Electron continuity at a steady-state

- No time derivative

– The electron current density becomes divergenceless (solenoidal).

$$\frac{1}{q} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J}_n = \frac{\partial n}{\partial t} = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{Steady-state}$$

– The electron current density reads: (Einstein relation)

$$\mathbf{J}_n = qD_n \left( \nabla n - \frac{1}{V_T} n \nabla \phi \right)$$

– 1D case,  $J_n$

$$\frac{dJ_n}{dx} = 0$$
$$J_n = qD_n \left( \frac{dn}{dx} - \frac{1}{V_T} n \frac{d\phi}{dx} \right)$$

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## Derivation (5)

- We are almost there.

– From  $J_n = -\frac{qD_n}{V_T} \frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta x} C_2$ ,

$$J_n = \frac{qD_n}{\Delta x} \left( n_{i+1} \frac{\frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T}}{\exp \frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T} - 1} - n_i \frac{\frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T} \exp \frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T}}{\exp \frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T} - 1} \right)$$

– With the Bernoulli function,  $B(x) = \frac{x}{\exp x - 1}$ ,

$$J_n = \frac{qD_n}{\Delta x} \left[ n_{i+1} B \left( \frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T} \right) - n_i B \left( -\frac{\Delta\phi}{V_T} \right) \right]$$

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## # Electron continuity

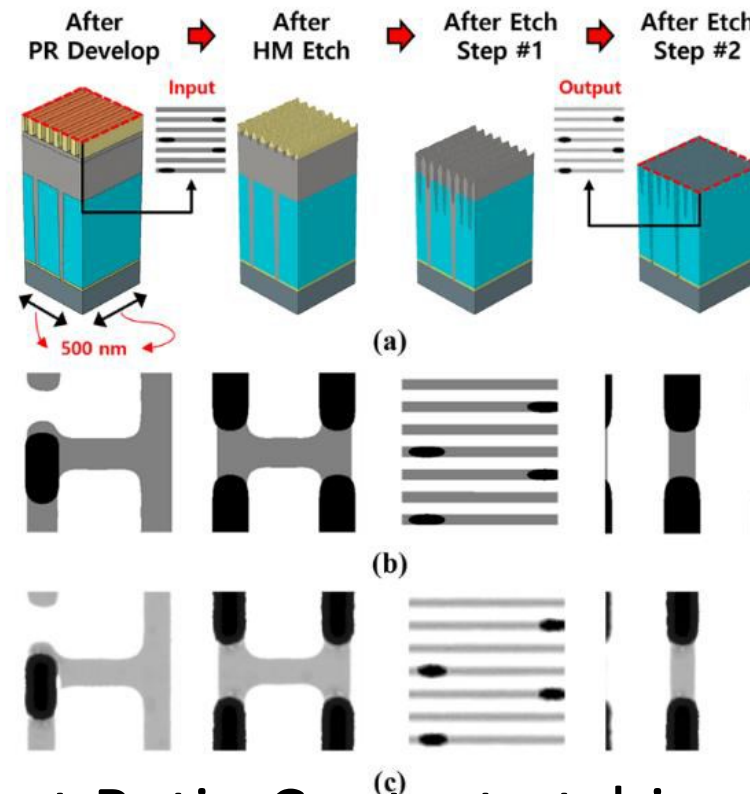
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dphi = (phi[ii+1]-phi[ii])/VT
b[3*ii+2] = q*Dn/10*( elec[ii+1]*Ber(dphi) -
A[3*ii+2,3*(ii+1)+2] = A[3*ii+2,3*(ii+1)+2] +
A[3*ii+2,3*ii+2] = A[3*ii+2,3*ii+2] +
A[3*ii+2,3*(ii+1)] = A[3*ii+2,3*(ii+1)] +
A[3*ii+2,3*ii] = A[3*ii+2,3*ii] +

dphi = (phi[ii]-phi[ii-1])/VT
b[3*ii+2] = b[3*ii+2] - q*Dn/10*( elec[ii]*Ber
A[3*ii+2,3*ii+2] = A[3*ii+2,3*ii+2] -
A[3*ii+2,3*(ii-1)+2] = A[3*ii+2,3*(ii-1)+2] -
A[3*ii+2,3*ii] = A[3*ii+2,3*ii] -
A[3*ii+2,3*(ii-1)] = A[3*ii+2,3*(ii-1)] -
```

- It (“neural network”) is a new topic introduced this semester.
  - Data-driven approach

# Recent applications (1)

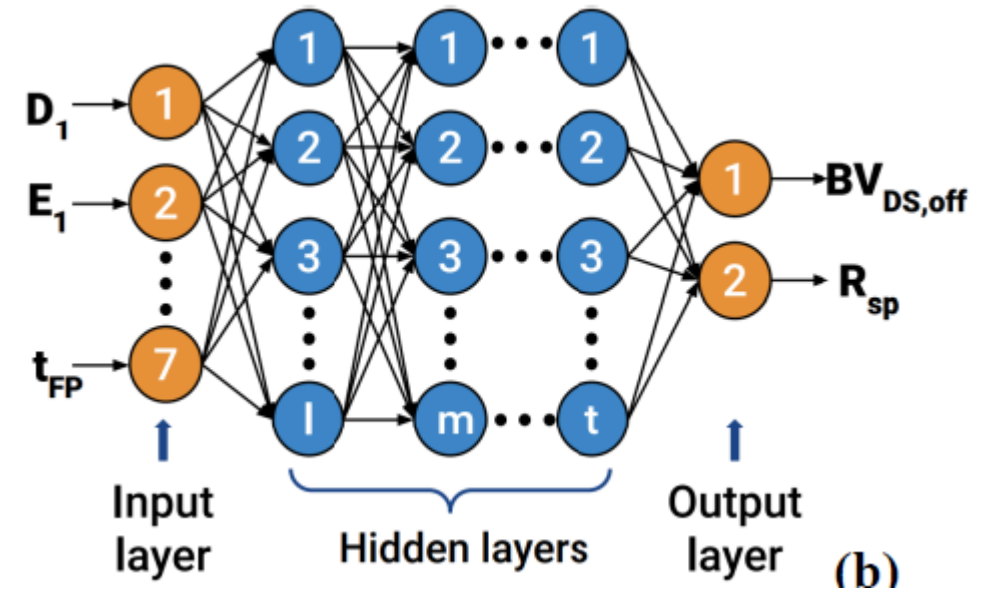
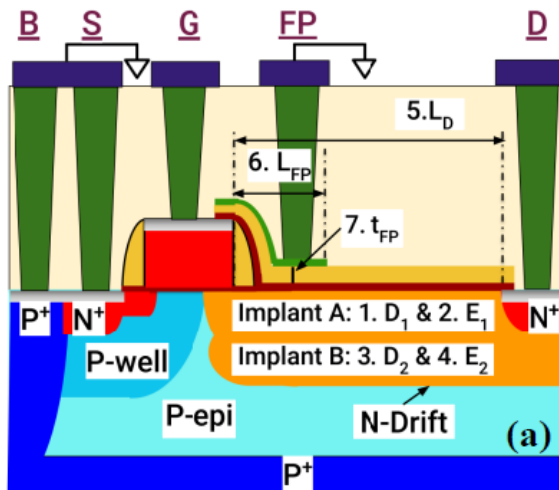
- Process
  - Early detection of process faults



High Aspect Ratio Contact etching (SK hynix)

# Recent applications (2)

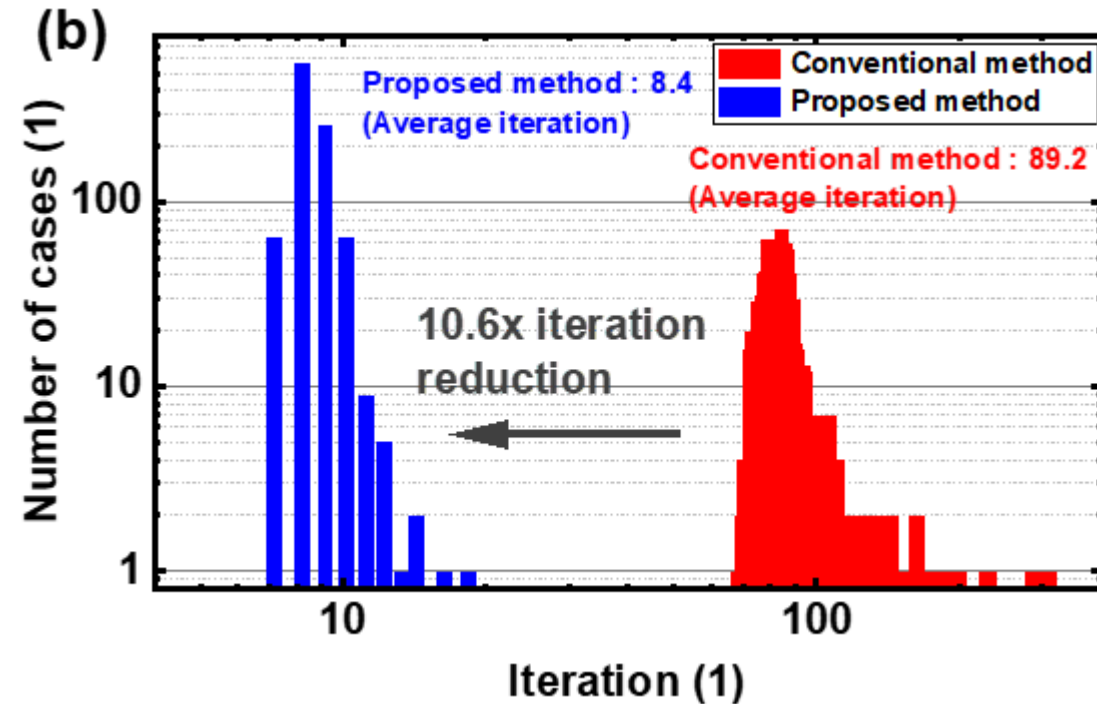
- Surrogate model
  - A simple model to predict important parameters



Surrogate model (IIT)

# Recent applications (3)

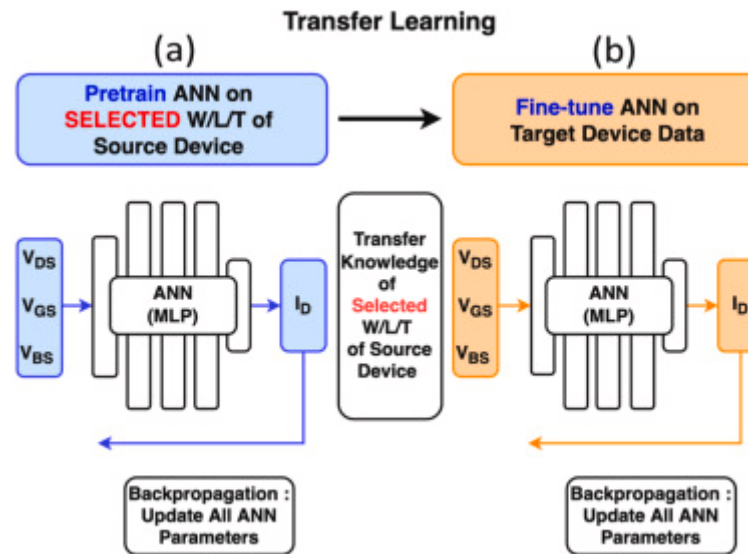
- TCAD acceleration
  - Prepare a good initial guess for the Newton-Raphson method



TCAD acceleration (GIST)

# Recent applications (4)

- Compact model
  - BSIM-CMG is a standard model.
  - Recently, BSIM-NN is developed.



Compact model (Alsemy)

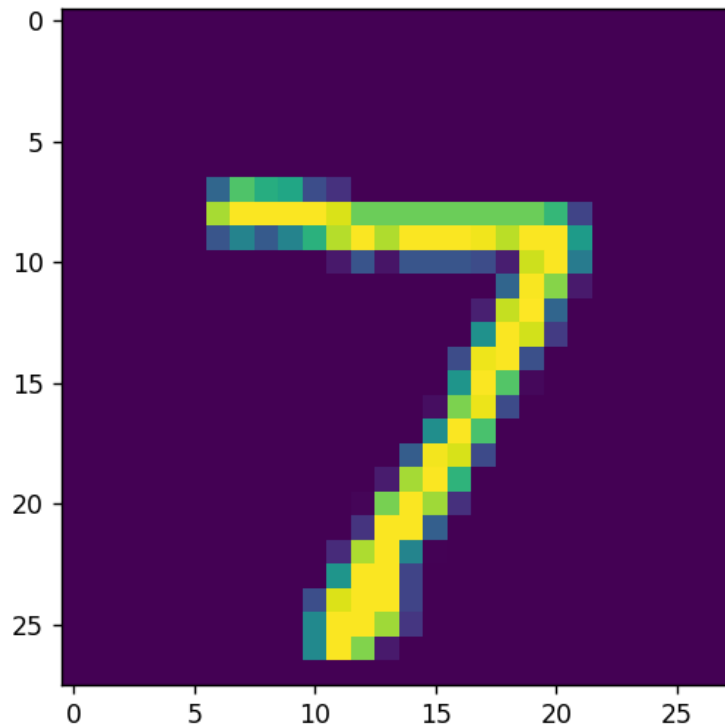




# Homework#8

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- Due: AM08:00, October 10
- Problem#1
  - Download the MNIST dataset. For your later use, visualize one of them.
  - For example, one of them looks like:



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**Thank you for your attention!**