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# Lecture22:

## Operational amplifier (1)

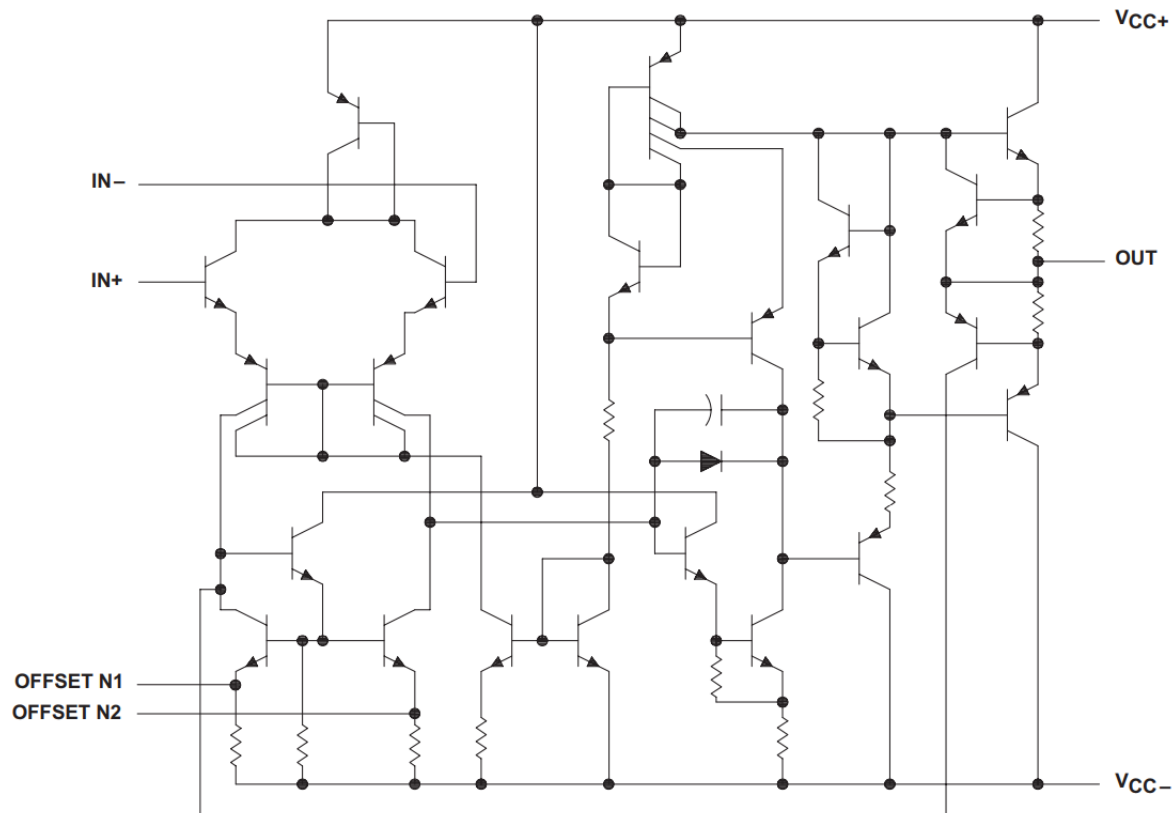
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# Operational amplifier

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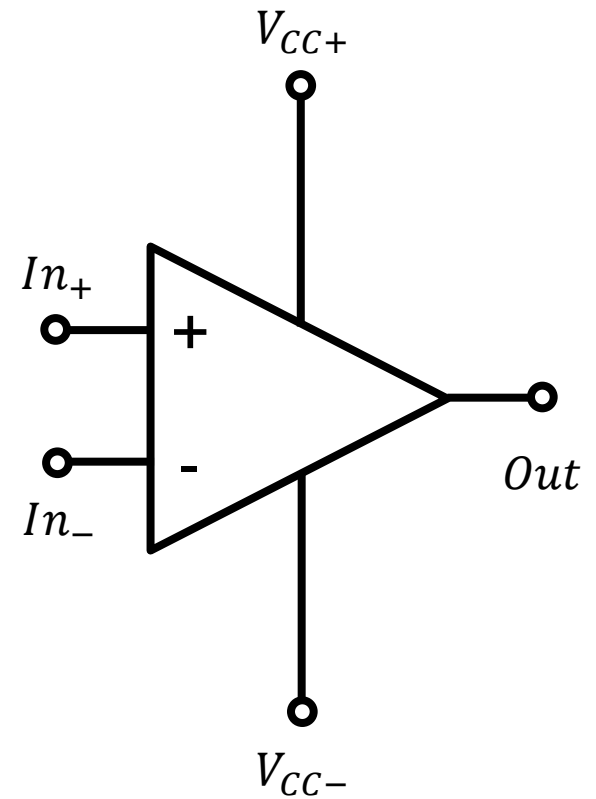
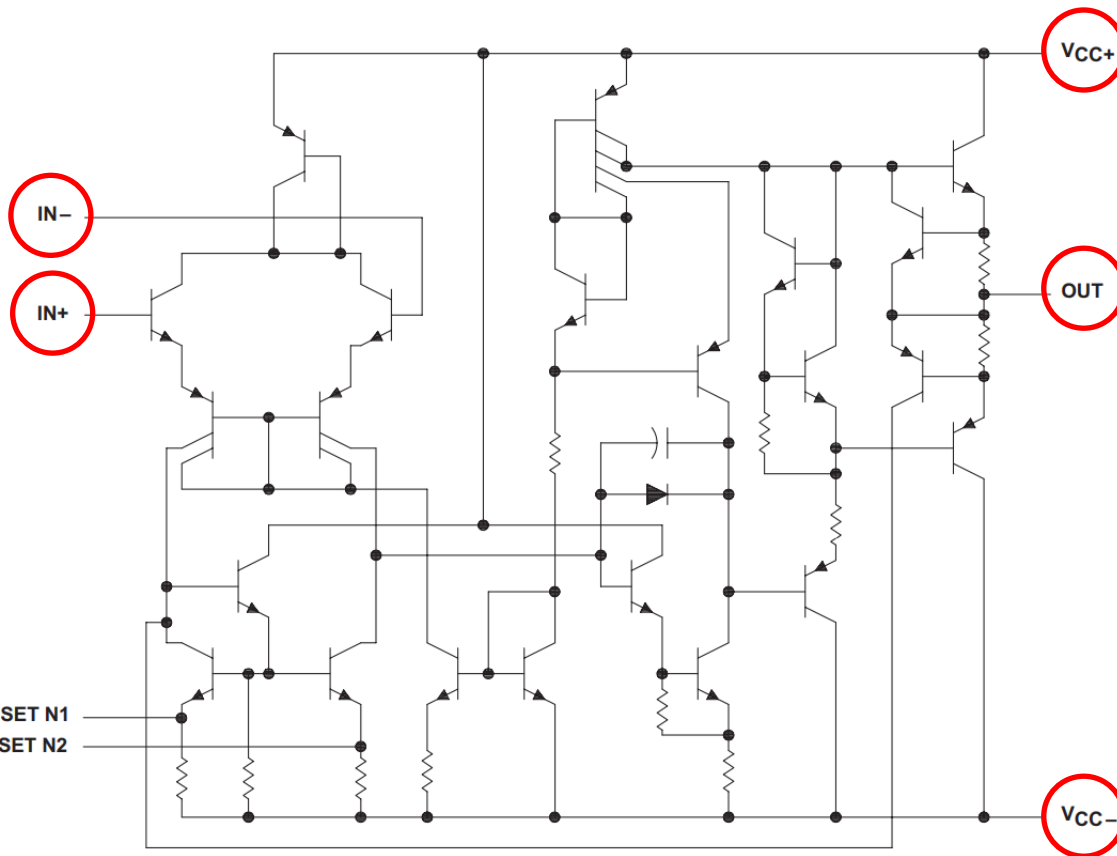
- As a black box
  - We will follow Razavi's book.
- Its inside



Circuit schematic of a 741 op amp (Texas Instruments)

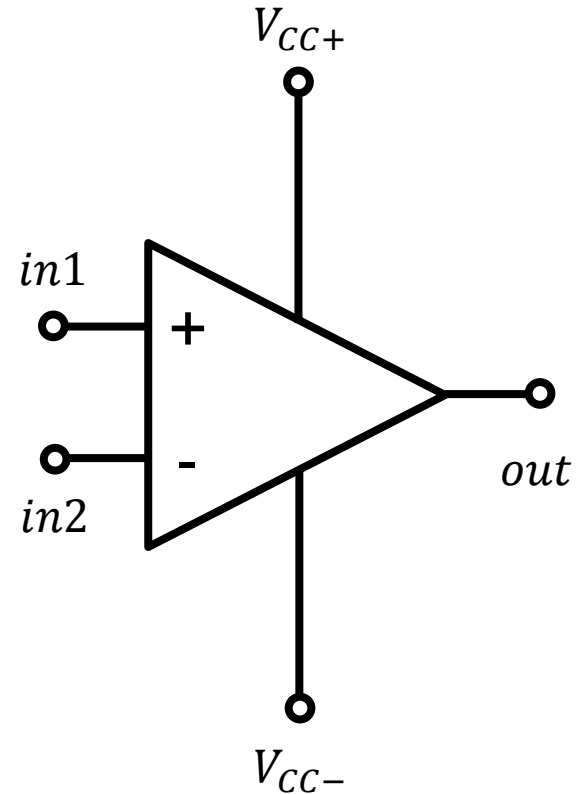
# Symbol

- It is a differential amplifier with a single output.



# Open-loop gain

- The open-loop gain,  $A_0$ 
  - The output voltage is given by
$$V_{out} = A_0(V_{in1} - V_{in2})$$
  - Noninverting input:  $V_{in1}$
  - Inverting input:  $V_{in2}$



PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS <sup>(1)</sup>		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	20	200		V/mV
		$V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V}$	Full range	15			

Open-loop gain of a 741 op amp (Texas Instruments)

# Very large open-loop gain

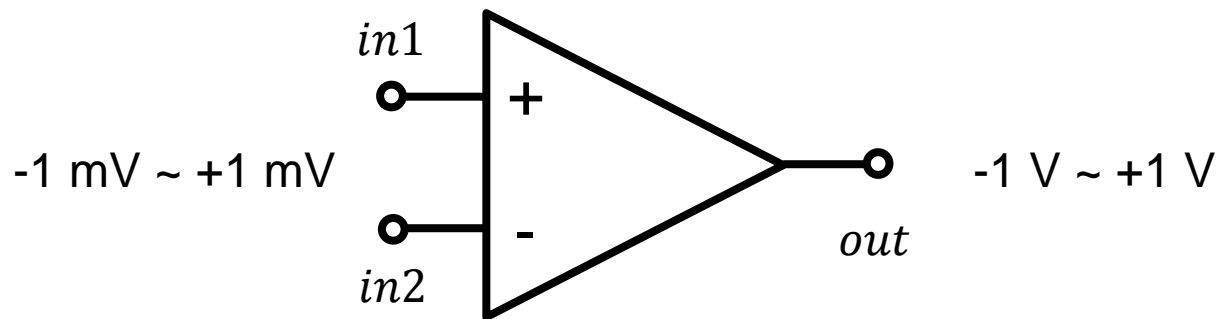
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- If the output voltage is bounded,
  - The difference between two inputs is also bounded.

$$V_{out} = A_0(V_{in1} - V_{in2})$$

- Since the open-loop gain is very large,

$$V_{in1} - V_{in2} = \frac{V_{out}}{A_0} \approx 0$$



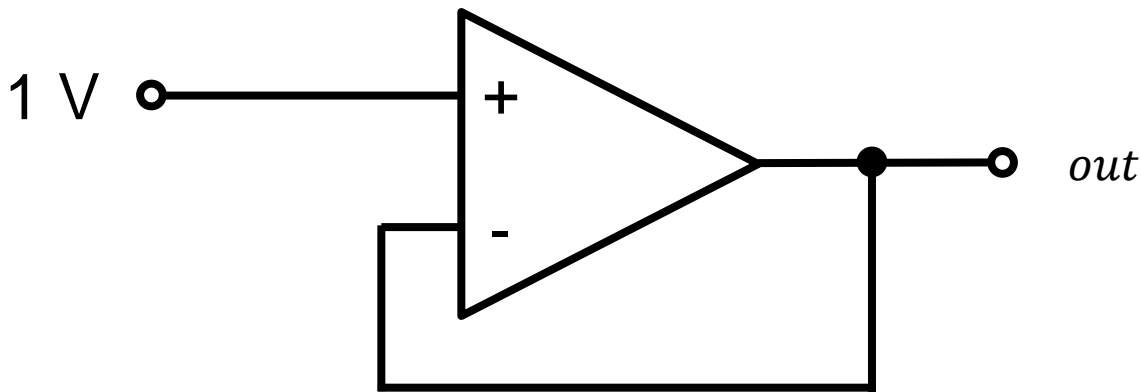
Open-loop gain of 1000

# Example 8.1

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- “Unit-gain” buffer
  - What is  $V_{out}$ ?

$$V_{out} = A_0(1 - V_{out})$$



# Homework#10 (Last one)

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- Due: 09:00, June 4
- Solve the following problems of the final exam in 2017.
  - P44
  - P45
  - P46
  - P47
  - P48
  - P49
  - P50