Strategy In [119... import yfinance as yf import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import warnings warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning) pd.reset_option('all') from math import floor import requests from io import StringIO import requests import json import pandas_datareader as web import datetime import scipy.optimize as sco import scipy.interpolate as sci In [120... | def MACD(asset, slow_ema, fast_ema, smooth): df = yf.download(tickers = asset, period = "1y", interval = "1d") df = df[["Close"]].copy() df["Slow EMA"] = df["Close"].ewm(slow_ema).mean() df["Fast EMA"] = df["Close"].ewm(fast_ema).mean() df["MACD"] = df["Fast EMA"] - df["Slow EMA"] df["Signal"] = df["MACD"].ewm(smooth).mean() df["Histogram"] = df["MACD"] - df["Signal"] plt.figure(figsize = (12.5, 4)) plt.plot(df.index, df["MACD"], label = "MACD Line") plt.plot(df.index, df["Signal"], label = "Signal Line") for i in range(0, len(df)): if df["Histogram"][i] > 0: plt.bar(df.index[i], df["Histogram"][i], color = "green") plt.bar(df.index[i], df["Histogram"][i], color = "red") plt.title("Histogram for: " + asset) plt.legend() plt.show() macd_entry_exit(df, asset) In [121... def macd_entry_exit(df, asset): buy = []sell = [] indicator = 0for i in range(0, len(df)): if df["MACD"][i] > df["Signal"][i]: sell.append(np.nan) df.loc[df.index[i], "Indicator"] = 1 if indicator != 1: buy.append(df["Close"][i]) indicator = 1else: buy.append(np.nan) elif df["MACD"][i] < df["Signal"][i]:</pre> buy.append(np.nan) df.loc[df.index[i], "Indicator"] = -1 if indicator != -1: sell.append(df["Close"][i]) indicator = -1else: sell.append(np.nan) else: buy.append(np.nan) sell.append(np.nan) df["Buy Signal"] = buy df["Sell Signal"] = sell plt.figure(figsize = (12.5,4)) plt.plot(df.index, df["Close"], label = asset) plt.scatter(df.index, df["Buy Signal"], color = "green", label = "Buy Signal", marker = "^", alpha = 1) plt.scatter(df.index, df["Sell Signal"], color = "red", label = "Sell Signal", marker = "v") plt.title("Buy and Sell Strategy: " + asset) plt.legend() plt.show() strategy_returns(df, asset) In []: def strategy_returns(df, asset): df["% Return"] = df["Close"].pct_change() df["Buy And Hold"] = np.cumprod(df["% Return"]+1).replace(np.nan, 1) df["Indicator"] = df["Indicator"].shift(1) df["Strategy Returns"] = np.cumprod(df["Indicator"] * df["% Return"] + 1).replace(np.nan, 1) plt.figure(figsize = (12.5, 4)) plt.plot(df["Strategy Returns"], label = "Strategy Returns") plt.plot(df["Buy And Hold"], label = "Buy And Hold") plt.legend() plt.title("Profit Curve: " + asset) plt.show() total_return_strategy = df["Strategy Returns"].iloc[-1] - 1 total_return_buy_and_hold = df["Buy And Hold"].iloc[-1] - 1 print(f"Total Return (Strategy): {total_return_strategy:.2%}") print(f"Total Return (Buy and Hold): {total_return_buy_and_hold:.2%}") investment_value = 10000 number_of_stocks = floor(investment_value/df["Close"][0]) strategy_returns = number_of_stocks * (df['Strategy Returns'].iloc[-1] - 1) print(f"Total Profit with a \${investment_value} Investment: \${strategy_returns:.2f}") #based off 10 year US Treasury Bond Yield risk_free_rate = 0.0425 sharpe_ratio = annual_sharpe_ratio(df, risk_free_rate) print(f"Annual Sharpe Ratio: {sharpe_ratio:.2f}") In []: def annual_sharpe_ratio(df, risk_free_rate): average_annual_return = df['% Return'].mean() * 252 # Assuming 252 trading days in a year excess_return = average_annual_return - risk_free_rate annual_std_dev = df['% Return'].std() * np.sqrt(252) sharpe_ratio = excess_return / annual_std_dev return sharpe_ratio In [124... slow_ema = 12 $fast_ema = 26$ smooth = 9MACD("GOOGL", slow_ema, fast_ema, smooth) [********** 100%********* 1 of 1 completed Histogram for: GOOGL MACD Line Signal Line 0 -2 -4 -6 2022-11 2023-03 2023-05 2023-07 2023-09 2022-09 2023-01 Buy and Sell Strategy: GOOGL 140 GOOGL Buy Signal 130 Sell Signal 120 110 100 90 2022-11 2023-01 2023-03 2023-05 2023-07 2023-09 2022-09 Profit Curve: GOOGL Strategy Returns 1.6 Buy And Hold 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 2023-05 2022-09 2022-11 2023-01 2023-03 2023-07 2023-09 Total Return (Strategy): 57.57% Total Return (Buy and Hold): 33.66% Total Profit with a \$10000 Investment: \$55.84 Annual Sharpe Ratio: 0.90 Part 2 - HW Minimum Variance Portfolio In [125... symbols = ["AAPL", "GOOGL", "TSLA", "DIS"] def get_df_stocks(tickers): data = yf.download(tickers, start = "2018-01-01",interval="1d")["Adj Close"] return data df = get_df_stocks(symbols) def portfolio_variance(weights, returns, cov_matrix): portfolio_return = np.sum(weights * returns) portfolio_stddev = np.sqrt(np.dot(weights.T, np.dot(cov_matrix, weights))) return portfolio_stddev returns = df.pct_change().mean() cov_matrix = df.pct_change().cov() constraints = ({'type': 'eq', 'fun': lambda weights: np.sum(weights) - 1}) initial_weights = [1/len(symbols)] * len(symbols) result = sco.minimize(portfolio_variance, initial_weights, args=(returns, cov_matrix), method='SLSQP', constraints=constraints) optimal_weights = result.x for i, symbol in enumerate(symbols): print(f"Optimal Weight for {symbol}: {optimal_weights[i]:.4f}") num_simulations = 10000 portfolio_returns = np.zeros(num_simulations) portfolio_stddevs = np.zeros(num_simulations) for i in range(num_simulations): random_weights = np.random.rand(len(symbols)) random_weights /= random_weights.sum() random_portfolio_return = np.sum(random_weights * returns) random_portfolio_stddev = np.sqrt(np.dot(random_weights.T, np.dot(cov_matrix, random_weights))) portfolio_returns[i] = random_portfolio_return portfolio_stddevs[i] = random_portfolio_stddev plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6)) plt.scatter(portfolio_stddevs, portfolio_returns, alpha=0.2) plt.xlabel('Standard Deviation (Risk)') plt.ylabel('Expected Return') plt.title('Monte Carlo Simulation of Portfolio Returns') min_variance_idx = portfolio_stddevs.argmin() min_variance_return = portfolio_returns[min_variance_idx] min_variance_stddev = portfolio_stddevs[min_variance_idx] plt.scatter(min_variance_stddev, min_variance_return, color='red', marker='x', label='Minimum Variance Portfolio') plt.legend() plt.grid(True) plt.show() print(f"Minimum Variance Portfolio Return: {min_variance_return:.4f}") print(f"Minimum Variance Portfolio Standard Deviation: {min_variance_stddev:.4f}") [********** 4 of 4 completed Optimal Weight for AAPL: 0.3181 Optimal Weight for GOOGL: 0.3729 Optimal Weight for TSLA: 0.3388 Optimal Weight for DIS: -0.0298 Monte Carlo Simulation of Portfolio Returns Minimum Variance Portfolio 0.0020 Expected Return 0.0015 0.0010 0.0005 0.0175 0.0200 0.0225 0.0250 0.0275 0.0300 0.0325 0.0350 0.0375 Standard Deviation (Risk) Minimum Variance Portfolio Return: 0.0006 Minimum Variance Portfolio Standard Deviation: 0.0168 Purchase assets on Alpaca In [126... API_KEY = "PKPK4VA4MV6QDQGP5PLB" SECRET_KEY = "b7BTjQduW1usldizL04mnAnaZfenhQMRi3j27p8H" BASE_URL = "https://paper-api.alpaca.markets" ACCOUNT_URL = BASE_URL + "/v2/account" ORDERS_URL = BASE_URL + "/v2/orders" def create_order(symbol, qty, side, type_, time_in_force): data = { "symbol": symbol, "qty": qty, "side": side, "type": type_, "time_in_force": time_in_force r = requests.post(ORDERS_URL, json=data, headers = {'APCA-API-KEY-ID': API_KEY, 'APCA-API-SECRET-KEY': SECRET_KEY}) return json.loads(r.content) In [127... | def purchase_minimum_variance_portfolio_assets(symbols, optimal_weights): df_stocks = get_df_stocks(symbols) # Step 2: Get account balance r = requests.get(ACCOUNT_URL, headers={'APCA-API-KEY-ID': API_KEY, 'APCA-API-SECRET-KEY': SECRET_KEY}) info = json.loads(r.content) account_val = float(info["cash"]) # Step 3: Calculate the number of shares to purchase shares = [] for i, symbol in enumerate(symbols): weight = optimal_weights[i] price = df_stocks[symbol][-1] qty = (weight * account_val) / price qty = qty // 1shares.append(qty) # Step 4: Purchase assets for i, symbol in enumerate(symbols): qty = shares[i] **if** qty > 0: create_order(symbol, qty, "buy", "market", "gtc") # Purchase assets for the minimum variance portfolio purchase_minimum_variance_portfolio_assets(symbols, optimal_weights) In []:

Part 1 - HW