Gate 2023 EC 58

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PROBLEM STATEMENT

Let $x_1(t) = u(t + 1.5) - u(t - 1.5)$ and $x_2(t)$ is shown in the figure below. For $y(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t)$, the $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(t) dt$ is ______.

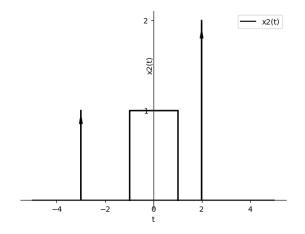


Fig. 1. Figure

Solution

INPUT PARAMETERS

Input Parameters		
Function	Expression	Description
$x_1(t)$	u(t+1.5) - u(t-1.5)	Step function with delay and width parameters.
$X_1(\omega)$		Fourier Transform of $x_1(t)$.
$x_2(t)$	$\delta(t+3) + \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + 2\delta(t-2)$	Impulse function followed by a rectangle and
	ν-/	two impulses.
$X_2(\omega)$		Fourier Transform of $x_2(t)$.

$$x_1(t) = u(t+1.5) - u(t-1.5)$$
 (1)

$$x_1(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) \tag{2}$$

$$\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{a}\right) \xrightarrow{f} a \times \sin(2\pi f \frac{a}{2}) \tag{3}$$

$$\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{a}\right) \xrightarrow{f} a \times \sin(2\pi f \frac{a}{2}) \tag{3}$$
where $\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t}{a}\right) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } |t| < \frac{a}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

The Fourier Transform of $rect(\frac{t}{a})$:

(22)

$$F(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} rect\left(\frac{t}{a}\right) e^{-j2\pi f t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\frac{g}{2}}^{\frac{g}{2}} e^{-j2\pi f t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{-i2\pi f} e^{-j2\pi f t} \Big|_{-\frac{g}{2}}^{\frac{g}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{-j2\pi f} \left(e^{-j2\pi f \frac{g}{2}} - e^{j2\pi f \frac{g}{2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{2\pi f} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi f a}{2}\right)$$

$$= \left[F(f) = a \sin\left(\frac{2\pi f a}{2}\right)\right]$$

$$X_1(f) = 3\sin(1.52\pi f)$$

$$X_2(t) = \delta(t+3) + \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + 2\delta(t-2)$$

$$X_2(f) = e^{3j2\pi f} + 2\sin(2\pi f) + 2e^{-2j2\pi f}$$

$$y(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \text{rect}\left(\frac{\tau}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\delta(t+3-\tau) + \text{rect}\left(\frac{t-\tau}{2}\right) + 2\delta(t-\tau-2)\right) d\tau$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \text{rect}\left(\frac{\tau}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\delta(t+3-\tau) + \text{rect}\left(\frac{t-\tau}{2}\right) + 2\delta(t-\tau-2)\right) d\tau$$

$$= \delta(t+3) + 2\text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + 4\delta(t-2)$$

$$Y(f) = X_1(f) \cdot X_2(f)$$

$$= 3\sin(1.52\pi f) \cdot (e^{3j2\pi f} + 2\sin(2\pi f) + 2e^{-2j2\pi f})$$

$$Y(0) = 3\sin(0) \cdot (e^0 + 2\sin(0) + 2e^0)$$

$$= 3 \cdot (1+2+2)$$
(21)

Therefore, the value of $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(t) dt$ is 15

= 15