



Assignment 1

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Graph Representation and Traversal

Task 1. Consider a webgraph representing how websites are connected, where nodes represent URLs and edges represent hyperlinks between them. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Compute the time complexity of finding whether two URLs are connected or not, for adjacency matrix, adjacency list and edge list.
- 2. What is the most time efficient graph representation to find the number of links for a particular URL in the network.
- 3. Explain how to use the adjacency matrix representation to find out if the graph is directed or undirected.

Task 2. Create a Python script using NetworkX python library and perform the following tasks:

- 1. Download and extract the social network *CollegeMsg.txt.gz* from http://snap.stanford.edu/data/CollegeMsg.html. The dataset represents an online social network of the University of California. Nodes represent users and edges represent messages between them.
- 2. Load the network to your script and print the network information (such as number of nodes and edges) using *NetworkX* library.
- 3. Perform a Depth-First-Search (DFS) traversal starting from Node 1 using NetworkX library, and list the order of traversed edges.

Library details:

 NetworkX: Python language software package for the creation, manipulation, and study of the structure, dynamics, and functions of complex networks.
Download and install NetworkX library from https://networkx.github.io/

Task 3. Create a Python script using Matplotlib python library to plot the college social network from Task 2. What do you notice about the structure of the network?

Library details:

 Matplotlib: Plotting library for the Python programming language. Download and install Matplotlib library from http://matplotlib.org/





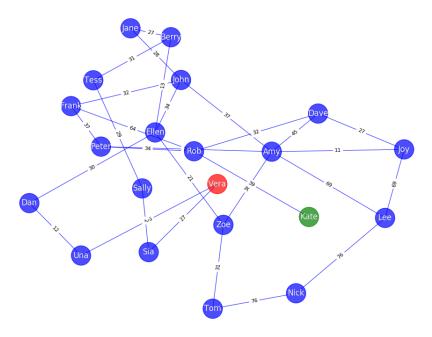


Figure 1

Task 4. Given a social media graph, where nodes represent users and edges represent friendships between them as shown in Figure 1. Consider the following costs functions to propagate a piece of information across the network:

- Cost to come: In (file: users_edgelist.txt), each line is in the form: user1 user2 cost, which represents an edge between user1 and user2.
- Cost to go: In (file: users_heuristics.txt), each line is in the form: user cost, which represents the cost from each user to destination user: Vera.

Given the incomplete Greedy Search algorithm implementation (file: greedy_search.py), perform the following tasks:

- 1. Load the network (file: users_edgelist.txt) and heuristics into your script.
- 2. Complete the Greedy Search algorithm implementation, to find the best route to propagate a piece of information starting from user: *Kate* to user: *Vera*.
- 3. Visualize the network and highlight the greedy path using Matplotlib Library.

Assignment delivery notes:

- This assignment should be uploaded to ILIAS by 06.03.2019
- Tasks 1 should be uploaded in pdf format.
- Tasks 2-4 should be uploaded in py format.