Fast ALS-based tensor factorization for context-aware recommendation from implicit feedback

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Context information

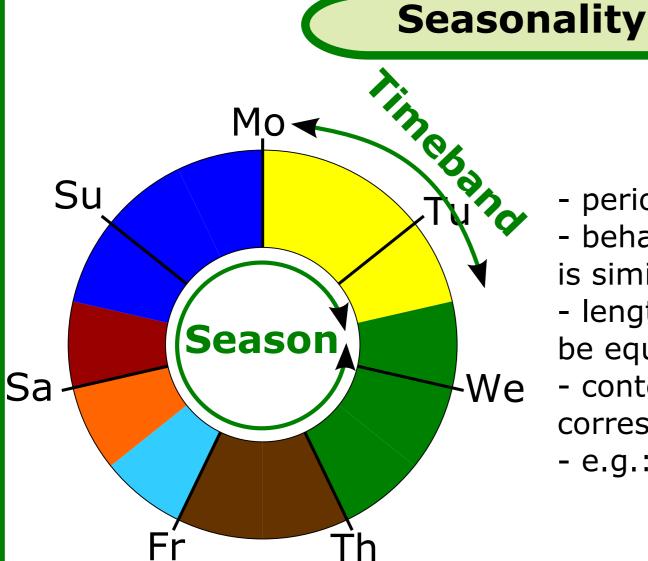
Context: any information associated with events

Context-state: the value of the context

belonging to the event

Context-aware recommendation: different itemlist to the same user in different context

states



- periodicity
- behaviour in a timeband is similar in seasons
- length of timebands can be equal or different
- context-state of event: corresponding timeband
- e.g.: days of week

User	Item	Date	Context
Α	1	12/07/2010	yellow
В	2	15/07/2010	brown
Α	2	15/07/2010	brown
A	1	19/07/2010	yellow

Sequentiality

User A [i1 | i2 | i4 | i1 | i2 | i3 | i1 | i2

User C [i7 | i5 | i2 | i4 | i3 | i8 | i7

- previously bought item(s) by the user
- association rule like information in factorization framework
- can learn negated rules

Implicit feedback problem

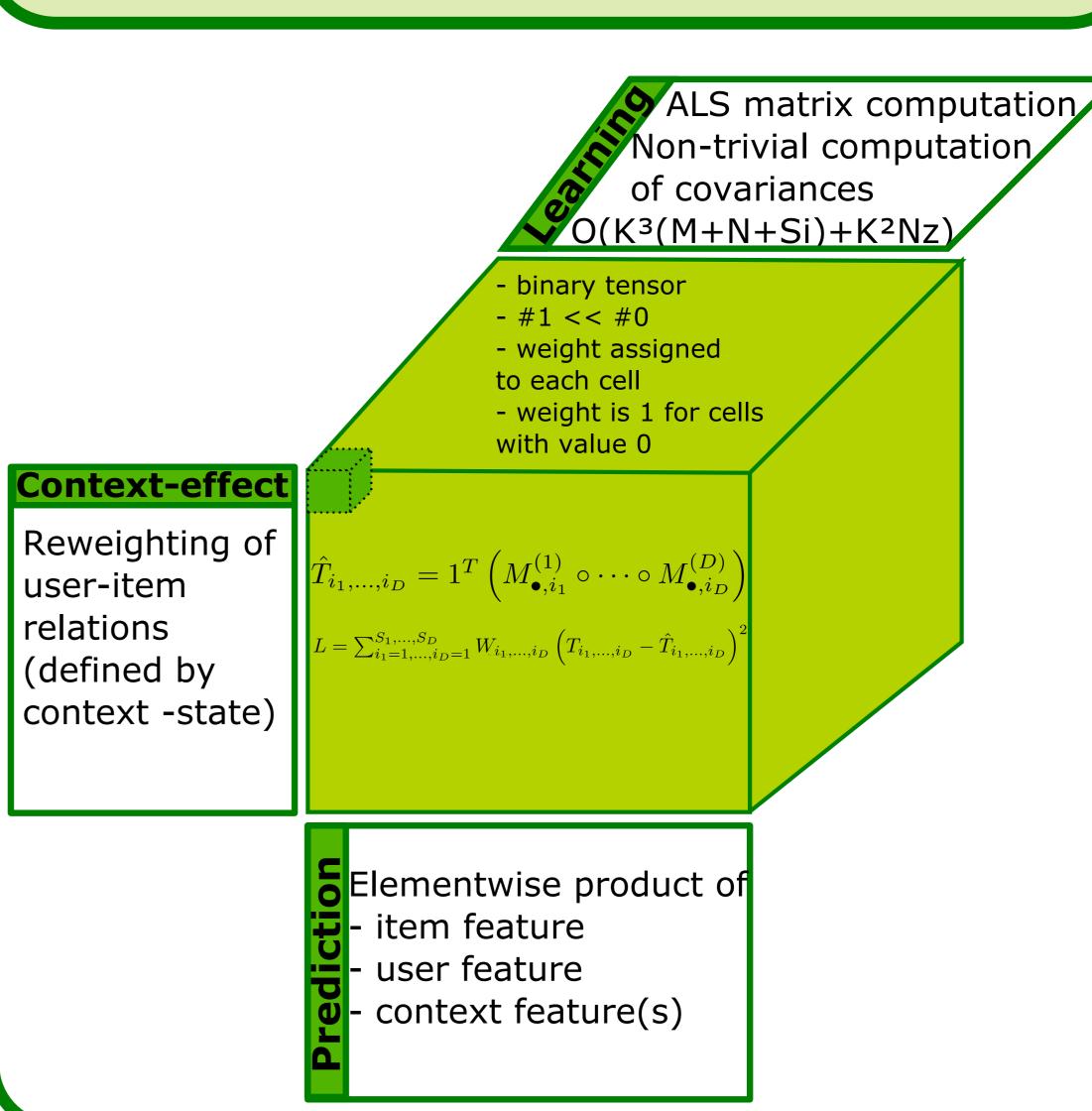
Properties

- preferences coded implicitely in transactional data
- noisy positive feedback
- no negative feedback
- harder problem than explicit counterpart

Importance

- easier to collect than explicit feedback
- every user provides it
- common in practice

iTALS algorithm / model



Results

