

## MATH 601 HOMEWORK (DUE 9/4)

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**Exercise.** (2.1) Show that the function  $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^1$ ,  $g(r) = \exp(2\pi ir)$ , where  $i^2 = -1$ , satisfies the property that  $g(r) = g(r')$  if and only if  $r \sim r'$ . Use this to explicitly construct a bijective map from the orbit space of the action to  $S^1$ ,  $g : \mathbb{R}/\sim = \mathbb{Z} \backslash \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^1$ .

*Proof.*

- Let  $r, r' \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $r \sim r'$ . Let  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $k * r' = r$ . Therefore,  $k + r' = r$ .

$$\begin{aligned} g(r) &= \exp(2\pi ir) \\ &= \exp(2\pi i(k + r')) \\ &= \exp(2\pi ik + 2\pi ir') \\ &= \exp(2\pi ik) \exp(2\pi ir') \\ &= \exp(2\pi ir') \\ &= g(r'). \end{aligned}$$

- Let  $r, r' \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $g(r) = g(r')$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \exp(2\pi ir) = \exp(2\pi ir') &\implies \exp(2\pi i(r - r')) = 1 \\ &\implies \cos(2\pi(r - r')) + i \sin(2\pi(r - r')) = 1 \\ &\implies \sin(2\pi(r - r')) = 0 \\ &\implies r - r' \in \mathbb{Z} \\ &\implies \exists k \in \mathbb{Z}, r = k * r' \\ &\implies r \sim r'. \end{aligned}$$

TODO

□

**Exercise.** (2.2) Let  $* : G \times S \rightarrow S$  be a left action of  $G$ . Show that  $s * g = g^{-1} * s$  defines a right action of  $G$  on  $S$ .

*Proof.* Let  $s \in S, g, h \in G$  be given.

$$\begin{aligned}
 (s \star g) \star h &= h^{-1} * (s \star g) \\
 &= h^{-1} * (g^{-1} * s) \\
 &= (h^{-1}g^{-1}) * s \\
 &= (gh)^{-1} * s \\
 &= s \star (gh).
 \end{aligned}$$

Let  $e \in G$  denote the identity element and let  $s \in S$  be given.

$$\begin{aligned}
 s \star e &= e^{-1} * s \\
 &= e * s \\
 &= s.
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $\star$  is indeed a right action of  $G$  on  $S$ . □