

## MATH 601 HOMEWORK (DUE 9/18)

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**Exercise.** Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with one. Explain why there is a unique ring homomorphism,  $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow R$ .

*Proof.* The existence of a ring homomorphism is clear since  $\phi(n) = 1_R + \cdots + 1_R$  and  $\phi(-n) = -\phi(n)$  define a homomorphism.

We will show the uniqueness of a ring homomorphism. Let  $\phi_1, \phi_2 : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow R$  be ring homomorphisms.

We claim that  $\phi_1(n) = \phi_2(n)$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

- By definition,  $\phi_1(1) = \phi_2(1) = 1_R$ .
- Suppose  $\phi_1(n) = \phi_2(n)$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Then  $\phi_1(n+1) = \phi_1(n) + \phi_1(1) = \phi_2(n) + \phi_2(1) = \phi_2(n+1)$ .

By mathematical induction,  $\phi_1(n) = \phi_2(n)$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

For every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\phi_1(-n) = -\phi_1(n) = -\phi_2(n) = \phi_2(-n)$ . Finally,  $\phi_1(0) = \phi_1(0+0) = \phi_1(0) + \phi_1(0)$ , so  $\phi_1(0) = 0_R$ . Similarly,  $\phi_2(0) = 0_R$ . Thus  $\phi_1(0) = \phi_2(0)$ .

Hence, we have shown that  $\phi_1 = \phi_2$ . □