

# MATH 601 (DUE 11/6)

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### 1. GALOIS THEORY II (P.2)

**Exercise.** (Problem 1) Let  $f(x) \in F[x]$  be an irreducible polynomial of degree  $d$ . Let  $F \subset K$  be a field extension such that  $f(x)$  factors as a product of linear polynomials in  $K[x]$ . Show that  $f(x)$  is separable if and only if there exist  $d$  distinct  $F$ -algebra homomorphisms,  $F[x]/(f(x)) \rightarrow K$ .

*Proof.* Without loss of generality, assume  $f(x)$  is monic and  $f(x) = \prod_{i=1}^d (x - a_i)$  for some  $a_i \in K$ .

Suppose  $f(x)$  is separable. Then  $a_i \neq a_j$  for all  $i \neq j$ . For each  $i$ , let  $\phi_i : F[x]/(f(x)) \rightarrow K$  be an  $F$ -algebra homomorphism such that  $x \mapsto a_i$  and  $a \mapsto a$  for all  $a \in F$ . Then each  $\phi_i$  is distinct because  $\phi_i(x) \neq \phi_j(x)$  whenever  $i \neq j$ . Thus we showed the existence of  $d$  distinct  $F$ -algebra homomorphisms.

Suppose there exist  $d$  distinct homomorphisms  $\phi_i$  for  $i = 1, \dots, d$ . For any  $j$ ,  $\prod_{i=1}^d (\phi_j(x) - a_i) = \phi_j(\prod_{i=1}^d (x - a_i)) = \phi_j(f(x)) = 0$ , so  $\phi_j(x) \in K$  is a root of  $f(x)$ . Thus  $x - \phi_i(x)$  divides  $f(x)$  for each  $i$ . Since  $\phi_i$  is uniquely determined by the value  $\phi_i(x)$ ,  $\phi_i(x) \neq \phi_j(x)$  whenever  $i \neq j$ . Thus  $f(x) = \prod_{i=1}^d (x - \phi_i(x))$ , and  $f(x)$  is separable.  $\square$

**Exercise.** (Problem 2) Let  $F \subset F[v_1, \dots, v_r] = K$  be an algebraic field extension such that the irreducible manic polynomial,  $f_i(x) \in F[x]$ , for  $v_i$  is separable for each  $i$ . Let  $F \subset L$  be a splitting field of  $f(x) := \prod_{i=1}^r f_i(x) \in F[x]$ . Let  $w \in K$  and let  $g(x) \in F[x]$  be the minimal manic polynomial of  $w$ . Set  $d = \deg(g(x))$ . Show that there are exactly  $d$  distinct  $F$ -algebra homomorphisms,  $F[w] \rightarrow L$ .

*Proof.*

Because of Problem 3, I don't think I'm supposed to show that  $g$  is separable.

$\square$

**Exercise.** (Problem 3) Let  $F \subset F[v_1, \dots, v_r] = K$  be as in the previous problem. Let  $w \in K$ . Show that the monic irreducible polynomial of  $w$  is separable.

*Proof.*

Can I just use the results of Problem 1 and 2?

□

## 2. GALOIS THEORY II (P.8)

**Exercise.** (Problem 1) Recall that  $p$  is prime and  $q$  is a power of  $p$ . Define  $F_q : \mathbb{F}_{q^r} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_{q^r}$  by  $F_q(a) = a^q$ . Show that  $F_q \in \text{Aut}(\mathbb{F}_{q^r}/\mathbb{F}_q)$ .

*Proof.*  $F_q(a+b) = (a+b)^q = a^q + b^q$  since  $p \mid \binom{q}{i}$  for  $1 \leq i \leq q-1$ . Thus  $F_q$  preserves addition, and it is clear that  $F_q$  preserves multiplication, so  $F_q$  is a homomorphism. Moreover, any element in  $\mathbb{F}_q$  satisfies  $x^q - x = 0$ , so  $F_q(a) = a^q = a$  for any  $a \in \mathbb{F}_q$ . □

## 3. FACTORING POLYNOMIALS WITH COEFFICIENTS IN FINITE FIELDS

**Exercise.** (Problem 9) Let  $\mathbb{F}_q$  be a field with  $q = p^m$  elements. Let  $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_q[x]$  be square free. Describe  $\gcd(x^q - x, f(x))$  in terms of the linear factors of  $f(x)$ .

*Proof.* Since  $(x^q - x)' = -1$ ,  $\gcd(x^q - x, (x^q - x)') = 1$ . Thus  $x^q - x$  is square free by Problem 7 from last week. Thus  $x^q - x = \prod_{i=1}^q (x - a_i)$  where  $\mathbb{F}_q = \{a_1, \dots, a_q\}$ . Each linear factor (if any) of  $f(x)$  is associate to  $x - a_i$  for some  $i$ . Since  $f(x)$  is square free,  $\gcd(x^q - x, f(x))$  is the product of all the linear factors of  $f(x)$ . □