## MATH 633(HOMEWORK 7)

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**Exercise.** (1) Suppose f is locally bijective. For every  $p \in U$ , f is locally injective. Therefore, f' is nonzero in the neighborhood around p. In other words, f' is nonzero on U.

## The other direction

**Exercise.** (12(a)) Let  $a \neq b$  be two fixed points. Let  $\sigma(z) = (z-a)/(1-\overline{a}z)$ . Then  $\sigma$  sends a to 0 and maps D to D bijectively. Let  $g = \sigma \circ f \circ \sigma^{-1}$ . g has two fixed points, 0 and  $\sigma(b)$ . By applying Lemma 2.1, g is a rotation. However, g fixes  $\sigma(b) \neq 0$ , so g must be the identity map. Then f must be the identity.

**Exercise.** (12(b)) The map  $\sigma: z \mapsto (z-i)/(z+i)$  maps the upper half-plane to the unit disk bijectively. Then  $\sigma \circ f \circ \sigma^{-1}$  where f(z) = z+1 is a holomorphic bijection on f that has no fixed point because f has no fixed point.