

Q.1 Given an array of size N & Amazon 'Q' queries of the format $\begin{matrix} \text{'s' \& 'e'} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \text{start} \quad \text{end} \end{matrix}$

Return sum of elements from index 's' to 'e'.

$A : [-3, 6, 2, 4, 5, 2, 8, -9, 3, 1]$ $N=10$

$Q : 4$

<u>s</u>	<u>e</u>	
1	3	$\Rightarrow 12$
2	7	$\Rightarrow 12$
4	8	$\Rightarrow 9$
0	2	$\Rightarrow 5$

Brute approach:

```
for (i=0 ; i < Q ; i++)
{
    scan {s, e}
    sum = 0
```

$T.C \Rightarrow O(NQ)$
 $S.C \Rightarrow O(1)$
 (extra)

```
for (j=s ; j <= e ; j++)
{
    sum = sum + a[j]
}
print(sum)
```

}

Given the scores of last 10 overs of a match.

⁴¹	⁴²	⁴³	⁴⁴	⁴⁵	⁴⁶	⁴⁷	⁴⁸	⁴⁹	⁵⁰
288	312	330	349	360	383	394	406	436	439

$$\text{Runs scored in last 5 overs} = 439 - 360 \\ [46 \rightarrow 50] \quad R[50] - R[45]$$

$$\text{Runs scored in } 50^{\text{th}} \text{ over} = 439 - 436 = 3 \\ [50 \rightarrow 50] \quad R[50] - R[49]$$

$$\text{Runs scored in } 49^{\text{th}} \text{ over} = 436 - 406 \\ [49 \rightarrow 49] \quad R[49] - R[48]$$

$$\text{Runs scored from } 42^{\text{nd}} \text{ to } 45^{\text{th}} = 360 - 288 \\ [42 \rightarrow 45] \quad R[45] - R[41]$$

$$ABD \Rightarrow 100 (31)$$

Prefix Sum Array → Every index should store the sum of all elements from start till that index.

$$\underline{PS[i]} \Rightarrow \underline{\text{sum of elements from } [0 \rightarrow i]}$$

$$A[]: [-3, 6, 2, 4, 5, 2, 8, -9, 3, 1]$$

$$PS[]: [-3, 3, 5, 9, 14, 16, 24, 15, 18, 19] \leftarrow$$

$$PS[0] = A[0]$$

$$\rightarrow PS[1] = A[0] + A[1]$$

$$PS[2] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] \leftarrow$$

$$PS[3] = [A[0] + A[1] + A[2]] + A[3]$$

$$= PS[2] + A[3]$$

⋮

$$PS[i] = \underbrace{A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + \dots + A[i-1]}_{PS[i-1]} + A[i]$$

$$PS[i] = PS[i-1] + A[i]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} PS[0] = A[0] \leftarrow \\ \text{for } (i=1; i < N; i++) \\ \quad PS[i] = PS[i-1] + A[i]; \end{array} \right.$$

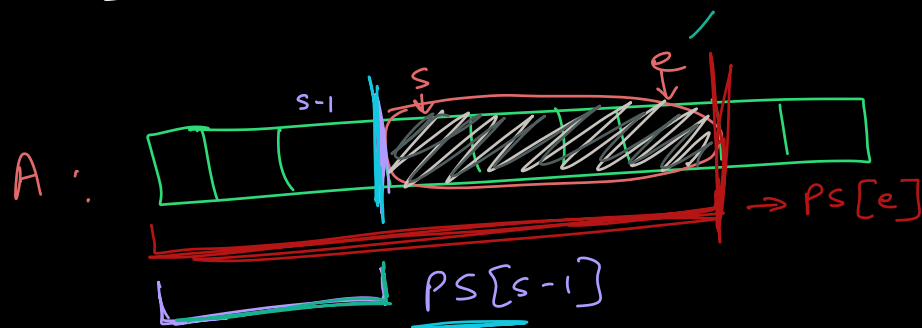
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \# \text{ iterations} = N-1 \\ TC: O(N) \\ SC: O(N) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$A[]: [-3, 6, 2, 4, 5, 2, 8, -9, 3, 1]$$

$$PS[]: [-3, 3, 5, 9, 14, 16, 24, 15, 18, 19]$$

Q :

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 s & e & \Rightarrow ps[e] - ps[s-1] \\
 1 & 3 & \Rightarrow 9 - (-3) \Rightarrow 12 \\
 \hline
 2 & 7 & \Rightarrow 15 - 3 \Rightarrow 12 \\
 \hline
 4 & 8 & \Rightarrow 18 - 9 \Rightarrow 9 \\
 \hline
 0 & 2 & \Rightarrow 5 - 0 \Rightarrow 5
 \end{array}$$



$$ps[e] - ps[s-1]$$

$$sum(0-e) = sum(0, s-1) + sum(s, e)$$

$$sum(s, e) = ps[e] - ps[s-1]$$

$$ps[e] \leftarrow \text{if}(s == 0)$$

#T.C : Build P.S. $\Rightarrow O(N)$
 Ans for Q queries $\Rightarrow O(Q)$

$$T.C \Rightarrow O(N+Q) \leftarrow$$

$$S.C \Rightarrow O(N)$$

Range Sum \Rightarrow Prefix Sum

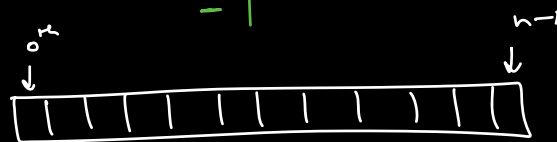
Direct

Q2 Given an array, return 'true' if there exists an equilibrium index in array.

E.I \Rightarrow index for which, (excluding itself)
sum of all no. on left side = sum of all no. on right side.

A : $[1, 2, 3, 4, \boxed{8}, 10]$ \Rightarrow True.
10 10

Quiz : $[-7, 1, 5, \boxed{2}, -4, 3, 0]$
-1 -1



sum on left side for $0^{th} \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow S_L$

sum on right side $\Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow S_R$

Brute force For every index 'i'.
check if $\sum [0 \rightarrow i-1] = \sum [i+1 \rightarrow n-1]$
return true;

PS []

for ($i=0$; $i < N$; $i++$)

// $S_L = \text{sum of } 0 \text{ to } (i-1) \Rightarrow \text{for } (0 \rightarrow i-1) \text{ sum} += A[j] \leftarrow O(N)$

index Out of Bound $\Rightarrow S_L = \boxed{PS[i-1]} // O(1)$

// $S_R = \text{sum of } (i+1) \text{ to } (n-1) \Rightarrow \text{for } (i+1 \rightarrow n-1) \text{ sum} += A[j]$

$S_R = PS[n-1] - PS[i] // O(1) \leftarrow O(N)$

if ($S_L == S_R$)
return True;

}

T.C \Rightarrow Build P.S. + Find E.I.
 $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$
 $O(N)$

Eg. A. $\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ [-7, & 1, & 5, & 2, & -4, & 3, & 0] \end{matrix}$

P.S : $[-7, -6, -1, 1, -3, 0, 0]$

$i=0$ $S_L = \cancel{PS[-1]} \rightarrow 0$
 $S_R = PS[n-1] - PS[0] = 0 - (-7) = 7$

$i=1$ $S_L = PS[0] = -7$
 $S_R = PS[n-1] - PS[1] = 0 - (-6) = 6$

$i=3$ $S_L = PS[2] = -1$
 $S_R = PS[n-1] - PS[3] = 0 - 1 = -1$

$i \dots$

Break : 10:15

H.W: Do this without using P.S.

S.C $\Rightarrow O(1)$

T.C $\Rightarrow O(N)$

20 mins

Q. Given array, given Q queries.

$\Rightarrow s, e, O \Rightarrow$ Sum of all the odd indexed elements
 $\rightarrow s, e, E \Rightarrow$ Sum of all the even indexed elements
from 's' to 'e'

A: $[2, 3, 1, -1, 0, 8, 5, 4]$

$s \quad e \quad O/E$
 $\Rightarrow 3 \quad 6 \quad O \Rightarrow A[3] + A[5] \Rightarrow 7$
 $\Rightarrow 1 \quad 5 \quad E \Rightarrow A[2] + A[4] \Rightarrow 1$

Range sum \Rightarrow Prefix Sum.

A: $2, 3, 1, 6, 4, 5$

$s \quad e$
 $1 \quad 7$
 $PS_E[7] - PS_E[0]$

PS_E: $2, 2, 3, 3, 7, 7$

$\Rightarrow PS_E(i) \Rightarrow$ Sum of all even indexed elements from 0 to i

PS_O: $0, 3, 3, 9, 9, 14$
 $\Rightarrow PS_O(i) \Rightarrow$ sum of all odd indexed ($\rightarrow i$)

Build PS_E & $PS_O \Rightarrow O(N)$

Each Query $\rightarrow O(1)$ time

Q4

Given an array. Count the no. of special index in the array.

Directi
CodeNation
Google
JP Morgan

Special index: An index after removing which,

Sum of all odd indexed elements = Sum of all even indexed elements.

remaining array.

\Rightarrow A:

0	1	2	3	4	5
4	3	2	7	6	-2

Remove.

$O(N)$

$i=0 \Rightarrow$	3	2	7	6	-2	$\Rightarrow S_e=8$	$S_o=8$
$i=1 \Rightarrow$	4	2	7	6	-2	$\Rightarrow S_e=9$	$S_o=8$
$i=2 \Rightarrow$	4	3	7	6	-2	$\Rightarrow S_e=9$	$S_o=9$

Quiz

0	1	2	3	4	5
4	1	5	3	7	10

4	1	3	7	10
0	1	2	3	4

$x \rightarrow x-1$
odd \rightarrow even
even \rightarrow odd.



Quiz: $[2, 3, 1, 4, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8]$

$$S_o = S_o[0 \rightarrow 2] + S_E[4 \rightarrow 9]$$

↳ Because after removal of index 3 all index in this range will toggle.

$S_o \Rightarrow [2, 3, 1, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8]$

Quiz: $[2, 3, 1, 4, 0, -1, 2, -2, 10, 8]$

$$S_E = S_E[0 \rightarrow 2] + S_o[4 \rightarrow 9]$$

After removing index i ,

$$S_E = S_E[0, i-1] + S_o[i+1, N-1]$$

$$S_o = S_o[0, i-1] + S_E[i+1, N-1]$$

$S(s, e) = P(e) - P(s-1)$

$PS_E \rightarrow$ sum of element at Even index ($0 \rightarrow i$)

$PS_o \rightarrow$ sum of elements at odd index ($0 \rightarrow i$)

$$S_E[0, i-1] = PS_E[i-1]$$

$$S_o[0, i-1] = PS_o[i-1]$$

$$S_o[i+1, N-1] = PS_o[N-1] - PS_o[i]$$

$O(1)$

$$S_E[i+1, N-1] = PS_E[N-1] - PS_E[i]$$

Pseudo Code.

// Build PS_E

// Build PS_O

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right\} O(N)$

$\Rightarrow ans = 0;$

for ($i = 0; i < N; i++$) $\Rightarrow O(N)$

{ // $S_E \Rightarrow$ Sum of even indexed elem after removal of 'i'

index Out of Bounds \Rightarrow

$S_E = PS_E[i-1] + (PS_O[N-1] - PS_O[i]) \Rightarrow O(1)$

// $S_O \Rightarrow$ Sum of odd indexed elem after removal of 'i'

$S_O = PS_O[i-1] + (PS_E[N-1] - PS_E[i]) \Rightarrow O(1)$

if ($S_E == S_O$)
{
 $ans++;$
}

}

T.C \Rightarrow $\left. \begin{array}{l} O(N) \Rightarrow PS_E \\ + O(N) \Rightarrow PS_O \\ + O(N) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \underline{O(N)}$
Check special for all i

S.C $\Rightarrow \underline{O(N)}$
(extra)

support@scaler.com

Doubts

$A : [7, 7, 4, 3, 2, 1] \Rightarrow \underline{Ans = 4}$

$O(1)$

$i \rightarrow n \Rightarrow \underline{\text{swap}(A[i], A[j])}$

Java

temp = A[i]

H.W.

$A[i] = 0$

XOR way
 $A[i]$