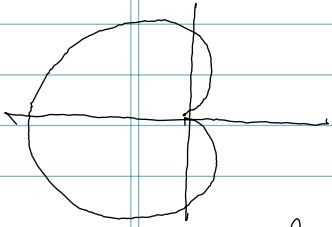


Example. Find the points on the curve

$$x = 4(\cos \theta - \cos^2 \theta), \quad y = 4(\sin \theta - \sin \theta \cos \theta)$$

$0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$, where the tangent line is horizontal.

Solution.



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{d\theta}}{\frac{dx}{d\theta}} = \frac{4[\cos \theta - (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)]}{4[-\sin \theta + 2\cos \theta \sin \theta]}$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0; \quad 4[\cos \theta - (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)] = 0$$

$$-\cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 0$$

$$(2\cos \theta + 1)(\cos \theta - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad \cos \theta = 1.$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, 0.$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} \neq 0 \quad \text{when} \quad \theta = \frac{2\pi}{3} \text{ \& } \frac{4\pi}{3}.$$

Tangent is horizontal: at $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ & $\theta = \frac{4\pi}{3}$.

$$\text{at } \theta = 0: \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = \frac{dx}{d\theta} = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{4[\cos \theta - (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)]}{4[-\sin \theta + 2\cos \theta \sin \theta]} \quad \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) \\ &= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin \theta + 4\cos \theta \sin \theta}{-\cos \theta + 2(\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)} \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly,

$$\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0.$$

So, $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$, at $\theta = 0$.

θ	x	y
0	0	0
$2\pi/3$	-4	$3\sqrt{3}$
$4\pi/3$	-4	$-3\sqrt{3}$