## **Hieu Pham**

## Assignment Section\_4.7 due 05/01/2014 at 11:58pm MST

1. (1 pt) Find the antiderivatives for

$$\frac{dy}{du} = 5u^4 - 5u^2 - 7.$$

v =\_\_\_\_\_+ C

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $(u^5) - ((5u^3)/3) - (7u)$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- (5\*u\*\*(4+1))/(4+1) (5\*u\*\*(2+1))/(2+1) 7\*u
- **2.** (1 pt) Find the antiderivatives for

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6e^x + 5.$$

 $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + C$ 

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $(5x + 6(e^x))$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 6\*exp(x) + 5\*x
- 3. (1 pt) Consider the function  $f(x) = 16x^3 12x^2 + 10x 5$ . Enter an antiderivative of f(x)

Answer(s) submitted:

$$\bullet$$
 4x^4 - 4x^3 + 5x^2 - 5x

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 4\*x^4-4\*x^3+5\*x^2-5\*x
- **4.** (1 pt) Find the most general antiderivative for the function

 $8\sqrt{u}$ 

Note: Don't enter the +C. It's included for you.

Antiderivative =  $\bot$  + C.

Answer(s) submitted:

• (sqrt(u) / 4)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

• (2/8) \*u\*\* (1/2)

**5.** (1 pt) Find the most general antiderivative for the function  $(5x^4 - \frac{3}{x^6} - 3)$ .

Note: Don't enter the +C. It's included for you.

Antiderivative =  $\_$  + C.

Answer(s) submitted:

• 
$$(x^5) + ((3)/(5(x^5))) - 3x$$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

• 
$$5*(x**5)/5 - 3*(x**(-6+1))/(-6+1) - 3*x$$

**6.** (1 pt) Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x} - 5e^x$$
.

Enter an antiderivative of f(x)

Answer(s) submitted:

• 
$$2\ln(x) - 5(e^x)$$

(incorrect)

Correct Answers:

- 2 \*  $\ln(abs(x))$  -5 \*  $e^x$
- 7. (1 pt) Find the antiderivatives for

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 8t^{-1} + 7.$$

$$x = +C$$
.

Hint: In WeBWorK, you write |x| with "abs(x)".

Answer(s) submitted:

• 7t + 8ln(t)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 8\*ln(abs(t)) + 7\*t
- **8.** (1 pt) Let  $f(x) = \frac{19}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ .

Enter an antiderivative of f(x)

$$----+C$$

Answer(s) submitted:

• 19arcsin(x)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

• 19 \* asin(x)

**9.** (1 pt) Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{-6}{x^2 + 1}$$

Enter an antiderivative of f(x)

Answer(s) submitted:

• -6arctan(x)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- -6 \* atan(x)
- **10.** (1 pt) Find the most general antiderivative for the function  $4\sqrt{x} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}}$ .

Note: Don't enter the +C. It's included for you.

Antiderivative =  $\bot$  + C.

Answer(s) submitted:

• ((4/3)sqrt(x))(2x+9)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- (2\*4/3)\*x\*\*(3/2) + 2\*6\*x\*\*(1/2)
- 11. (1 pt) Find the most general antiderivative for the function  $\frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{x}} 4\sqrt[3]{x^2}$ .

Note: Don't enter the +C. It's included for you.

Antiderivative =  $\bot$  + C.

Answer(s) submitted:

• 
$$(6x^2(2/3)) - ((12/5)x((x^2)^(1/3)))$$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- (3\*4/2)\*x\*\*(2/3) (3\*4/5)\*x\*\*(5/3)
- **12.** (1 pt) Find an antiderivative for  $\frac{7x^4 8x}{x^3}$ .

Antiderivative = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

• 
$$((7x^2)/2) + (8/x)$$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- (8/x) + 7\*(x\*\*2)/2
- **13.** (1 pt) Find an antiderivative for the function  $\frac{6-4xe^x}{x}$ .

Antiderivative = \_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $6\ln(x) - 4(e^x)$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

•  $-4*\exp(x) + 6*\ln(abs(x))$ 

**14.** (1 pt) Find the particular antiderivative that satisfies the following conditions:

$$R'(x) = 7 - 0.4x$$
;  $R(0) = 4$ .

R(x) =

Answer(s) submitted:

$$\bullet$$
 7x - (0.2x^2) + 4

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 7\*x (0.4/2)\*x\*\*2 + 4
- **15.** (1 pt) Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{9}{x^3} \frac{7}{x^7}$ .

Let F(x) be the antiderivative of f(x) with F(1) = 0.

Then  $F(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $((7-27(x^4))/(6x^6)) + (20/6)$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- **16.** (1 pt) Consider the function  $f(t) = 8 \sec^2(t) 9t^3$ . Let F(t) be the antiderivative of f(t) with F(0) = 0. Then F(t) equals

Answer(s) submitted:

• 8tan(t) - ((9/4)(t<sup>4</sup>))

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 8 \*  $tan(t) 2.25*t^4$
- **17.** (1 pt) Given  $f'(x) = 5\cos x 9\sin x$  and f(0) = -3, find  $f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $5\sin(x) + 9\cos(x) -12$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $5*\sin(x) + 9*\cos(x) + (-3-9)$
- **18.** (1 pt) Find the particular antiderivative that satisfies the following conditions:

$$p'(x) = \frac{40}{x^3}; \quad p(4) = 2.$$

 $p(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

*Answer(s) submitted:* 

•  $((-20/(x^2)) + (52/16))$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

 $\bullet$  (-40/(2\*x\*\*2)) + (40/(2\*4\*\*2)) + 2

19. (1 pt) Find the particular antiderivative that satisfies the following conditions:

$$\frac{dM}{dt} = \frac{8t^2 - 7}{t^2}; \quad M(4) = 6.$$

M =

*Answer(s) submitted:* 

• 8t + (7/t) - (111/4)

(correct)

Correct Answers:

 $\bullet$  -4\*8 - 7/4 + 6 + 7/t + 8\*t

**20.** (1 pt) Find the particular antiderivative that satisfies the following conditions:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{7x+8}{\sqrt[3]{x}}; \quad y(1) = 8.$$

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $(((3/5)x^2(2/3))(7x+20)-(41/5))$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

• -3\*7/5 - 3\*8/2 + 8 + (3/2)\*8\*x\*\*(2/3) + (3/5)\*7\*x\* (correct) \*\*Correct Answers:

**21.** (1 pt) Consider the function f(x) whose second derivative is  $f''(x) = 9x + 9\sin(x)$ . If f(0) = 3 and f'(0) = 4, what is f(x)?

Answer(s) submitted:

•  $(((3/2)(x^3)) + 13x - 9\sin(x) + 3)$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

• 1.5 \*  $(x)^3 - 9*\sin(x) + 13*x + 3$ 

**22.** (1 pt) Given  $f'''(x) = e^x$  with f''(0) = 3, f'(0) = 4, then  $f(x) = _{---} + C$ .

Note that your answer should not contain a general constant. Answer(s) submitted:

•  $x(x+3) + (e^x)$ 

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $\exp(x) + (3-1) *x **2/2 + (4-1) *x$
- **23.** (1 pt) Given that the graph of f(x) passes through the point (3,7) and that the slope of its tangent line at (x, f(x)) is 3x + 2, what is f(2)?

Answer(s) submitted:

• -5/2

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- −2.5
- **24.** (1 pt) A particle is moving with acceleration a(t) =36t + 8. its position at time t = 0 is s(0) = 16 and its velocity at time t = 0 is v(0) = 5. What is its position at time t = 13?

Answer(s) submitted:

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