```
%Lab 4 exercises

%Question1

clf

T = [-0.5, 0, 0.5, -0.5; -1, 1, -1, -1]

plot(T(1,:),T(2,:),'linewidth',2)

hold on

R = [0,1;1,0];

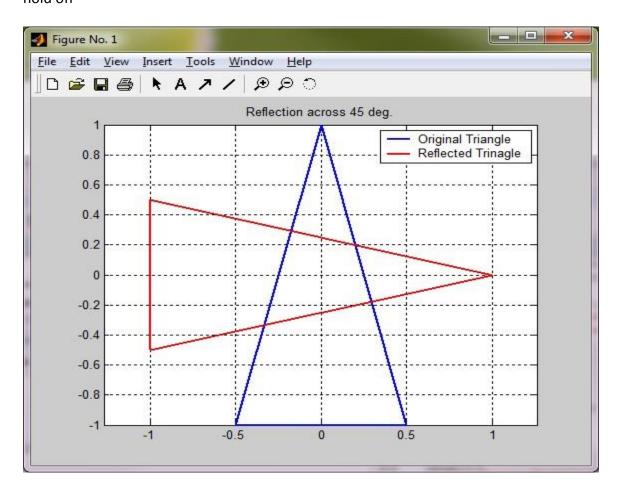
RT = R*T;

plot(RT(1,:),RT(2,:),'r','linewidth',2)

grid on
```

axis equal legend('Original Triangle','Reflected Trinagle') title('Reflection across 45 deg.')

hold off



%Lab 4 exercises %Question2

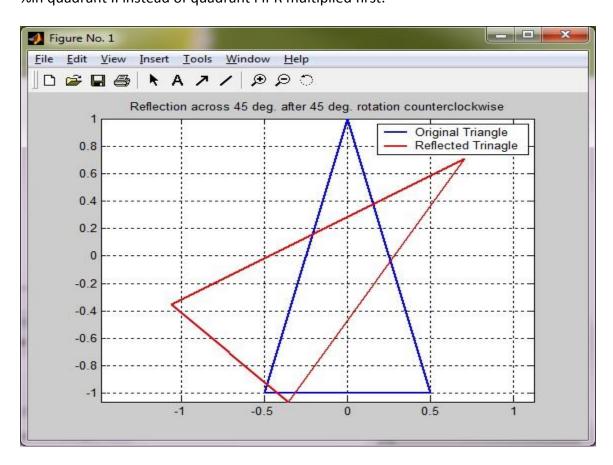
clf
T = [-.5,0,.5,-.5;-1,1,-1,-1];
plot(T(1,:),T(2,:),'linewidth',2)
hold on
Q = [cos(pi/4),sin(pi/4);-sin(pi/4),cos(pi/4)];
R = [0,1;1,0];
RQT = R\*Q\*T;
plot(RQT(1,:),RQT(2,:),'r','linewidth',2)
grid on
axis equal

legend('Original Triangle', 'Reflected Trinagle')

title('Reflection across 45 deg. after 45 deg. rotation counterclockwise')

hold off

%Answer from question 2 and example 4 of the lab document are not the same. %The order which matrices are multiplied matters. Triangle will be found %in quadrant II instead of quadrant I if R multiplied first.



## **MAT 343 MATLAB LAB 4**

```
NAME: _Hieu Pham____
```

```
%Lab 4 exercises
%Question3
clf
T = [-.5,0,.5,-.5;-1,1,-1,-1];
Q = [\cos(pi/20), -\sin(pi/20); \sin(pi/20), \cos(pi/20)];
p = plot(T(1,:),T(2,:));
axis([-2,2,-2,2])
axis square
figure(gcf)
hold on
for i = 1:40
T = Q*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
for i = 1:40
T = Q'*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
hold off
```

%The rotating triangle based on example 5

for i = 1:40 T = Q'\*D\*T;

pause(0.1)

end

set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));

```
NAME: _Hieu Pham____
%Lab 4 exercises
%Question4
%Triangle rotates counterclockwise,
%gets bigger and escapes the frame, and then shrinks back into the frame
%to original location.
clf
T = [-.5,0,.5,-.5;-1,1,-1,-1];
D = 1.25*eye(2);
Q = [\cos(pi/20), -\sin(pi/20); \sin(pi/20), \cos(pi/20)];
p = plot(T(1,:),T(2,:));
axis([-10,10,-10,10])
axis square
figure(gcf)
hold on
for i = 1:40
T = Q*D*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
D=.8
```

## **MAT 343 MATLAB LAB 4**

NAME: \_Hieu Pham\_\_\_\_

```
%Lab 4 exercises
%Question5, part A
%The script is similar to example 6
%except for 20 iterations.
clf
T=[-0.5,0,0.5,-0.5;-1,1,-1,-1;1,1,1,1];
c1 = .1;
c2 = .1;
M1 = [1,0,c1;0,1,c2;0,0,1];
M2 = [1,0,-c1;0,1,0;0,0,1];
M3 = [1,0,c1;0,1,-c2;0,0,1];
p = plot(T(1,:),T(2,:));
axis([-7,9,-7,7])
axis square
figure(gcf)
grid on
for i = 1:20
T = M1*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
for i = 1:40
T=M2*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
for i = 1:20
T = M3*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
```

end

```
%Lab 4 exercises
%Question5, part B
%Q has the following dimensions:
%Q =
%
% 0.9969 -0.0785 1.0000
% 0.0785 0.9969 1.0000
%
     0
             0 1.0000
clf
T=[-0.5,0,0.5,-0.5;-1,1,-1,-1;1,1,1,1];
c1 = .1;
c2 = .1;
M1 = [1,0,c1;0,1,c2;0,0,1];
M2 = [1,0,-c1;0,1,0;0,0,1];
M3 = [1,0,c1;0,1,-c2;0,0,1];
Q = [\cos(pi/40), -\sin(pi/40), 1; \sin(pi/40), \cos(pi/40), 1; 0,0,1]
p = plot(T(1,:),T(2,:));
axis([-40,10,-10,40])
axis square
figure(gcf)
grid on
for i = 1:20
T = Q*M1*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
for i = 1:40
T = Q*M2*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
for i = 1:40
T = Q*M3*T;
set(p,'xdata',T(1,:),'ydata',T(2,:));
pause(0.1)
end
```