onnet

2021 VIE

### Odoo Coding Guidelines



### Table of contents

- Structure and NamingConvention
- Formatting rule
- Python standard
- Programming in Odoo
- Javascript & CSS
- Git







### **Directories**

### Module structure

```
crm
```

- |-- data: demo and data xml
- |-- models: models def
- |-- controllers: HTTP routes
- |-- views: views and templates
- |-- static: web assets
- |-- security: access rights and record rules
- -- report
- -- security
- -- tests
- |-- wizard
- |-- i18n: translations
- |-- \_\_\_init\_\_\_.py
- |-- \_\_manifest\_\_.py





### File naming - models

### Module structure

### models

- |-- crm\_lead.py
- |-- crm\_lost\_reason.py
- |-- crm\_stage.py
- |-- crm\_team.py
- |-- res\_partner.py
- |-- res\_users.py

. . .

Split the business logic by sets of models belonging to a same main model





### File naming - security

Module structure

### security

|-- crm\_security.xml

|-- ir.model.access.csv





### File naming - views

# Module structure

### views

- |-- assets.xml
- |-- crm\_lead\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_lost\_reason\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_menu\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_stage\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_team\_views.xml
- |-- res\_partner\_views.xml

- backend views: <model> views.xml
- menus: <module>\_menus.xml
- templates: <model>\_template.xml
- bundles: assets.xml





### File naming - views

# Module structure

### views

- |-- assets.xml
- |-- crm\_lead\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_lost\_reason\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_menu\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_stage\_views.xml
- |-- crm\_team\_views.xml
- |-- res\_partner\_views.xml

- backend views: <model> views.xml
- menus: <module>\_menus.xml
- templates: <model>\_template.xml
- bundles: assets.xml





### Actually in Odoo 15 (and after)

### Module structure

```
|-- assets.xml
|-- crm_lead_views.xml
|-- crm_lost_reason_views.xml
|-- crm_menu_views.xml
|-- crm_stage_views.xml
|-- crm_team_views.xml
|-- res_partner_views.xml
```

views

```
manifest .py
'assets': {
 'web.assets gweb': [
    'crm/static/src/xml/forecast kanban.xml',
  'web.assets_backend': [
    'crm/static/src/js/crm form.js',
    'crm/static/src/js/crm kanban.js',
    'crm/static/src/scss/crm.scss',
  'web.assets tests': [
    'crm/static/tests/tours/**/*',
 'web.qunit_suite_tests': [
    'crm/static/tests/mock server.js',
```





### crm\_menu\_views.xml

```
Module structure
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<@doo>
       parent="crm_menu_sales"
       parent="crm_menu_sales"
       groups="sales_team.group_sale_manager"
    <menuitem...>
```





### crm/views/assets.xml (Odoo 14 and before)

Module structure

```
assets.xml
      <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
      <odoo>
          <template id="assets_backend" name="CRM assets backend" inherit_id="web.assets_backend">
              <xpath expr="." position="inside">
                  <script type="text/javascript" src="/crm/static/src/js/crm_form.js"/>
                  <script type="text/javascript" src="/crm/static/src/js/crm_kanban.js"/>
                  <script type="text/javascript" src="/crm/static/src/js/systray_activity_menu.js"/>
              </xpath>
          </template>
          <template id="assets_tests" name="CRM Assets Tests" inherit_id="web.assets_tests">
              <xpath expr="." position="inside">
              </xpath>
          </template>
          <template id="gunit_suite" name="crm tests" inherit_id="web.gunit_suite_tests">
              <xpath expr="." position="inside">
              </xpath>
          </template>
      </odoo>
```





### File naming - data

### data

- |-- crm\_lead\_demo.xml
- |-- crm\_lost\_reason\_data.xml
- |-- crm\_stage\_data.xml
- |-- crm\_team\_data.xml
- |-- crm\_team\_demo.xml

### Split them by purpose:

- demo: <model>\_demo.xml
- data: <model>\_data.xml







### File naming - controller

- outdated: main.py
- now: <module\_name>.py
- inherit: <inherited\_module\_name>.py

```
Module structure
```

```
🚜 main.py
      _logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
      class CrmController(http.Controller):
          def crm_lead_case_mark_won(self, res_id, token):...
          def crm_lead_case_mark_lost(self, res_id, token):...
       def crm_lead_convert(self, res_id, token):...
```





File naming - static

Go to Javascript & CSS section

Module structure





### File naming - report

### Statistics report

```
Module structure
```

```
∨ D crm
  > controllers
 > 🖿 data
  > doc
  > 🖿 i18n
  > models

✓ □ report

      🁸 init .py
      crm_activity_report.py
      crm_activity_report_views.xml
      crm_opportunity_report_views.xml
  > security
  > static
  > tests
  > wiews
  > 🖿 wizard
    🚜 __init__.py
    __manifest__.py
    # README.md
```





### File naming - report

### Printable report

> □ controllers> □ data

\_\_init\_\_.py
\_\_manifest\_\_.py
\_\_\_README.md

→ sale

```
> 🖿 i18n
> models

→ report

    init_.py
    invoice report.py
    invoice_report_templates.xml
    Freport all channels sales.py
    # report all channels sales views.xml
    sale report.py
    asale report.xml
    asale report templates.xml
    sale_report_views.xml
> security
> static
> 🖿 tests
> views
> 🖿 wizard
```







File naming

File names should only contain [a-z0-9\_] (lowercase alphanumerics and \_)

Module structure





### **XML Files - Format**

O2
Formatting
Rules

- id before model
- fields: name then eval then others (widgets, options, . . . )
- group records by model except dependencies between action/menu/views
- naming convention (later)





### **XML Files - Format**

O2
Formatting
Rules

```
<record id="view_id" model="ir.ui.view">
       <field name="name">view.name</field>
       <field name="model">object_name</field>
       <field name="priority" eval="16"/>
       <field name="arch" type="xml">
       <tree>
              <field name="my_field_1"/>
              <field name="my_field_2" string="My Label"</pre>
                     widget="statusbar"
                     statusbar_visible="draft,sent,progress,done" />
       </tree>
       </field>
</record>
```





### **XML Files - Format**

- Syntactic Sugar
  - <menuitem>: ir.ui.menu
  - <template>: arch section of qweb view
  - <report>: report action (old)
  - o <act\_window>: action window (old)

O2
Formatting
Rules





menu: <model\_name>\_menu

<!-- menus and sub-menus -->

• submenu: <model\_name>\_menu\_do\_stuff

```
O2
Formatting
Rules
```

```
<menuitem
  id="model_name_menu_root"
  name="Main Menu"
  sequence="5"
/>
<menuitem
  id="model_name_menu_action"
  name="Sub Menu 1"
  parent="module_name.module_name_menu_root"
  action="model_name_action"
  sequence="10"
/>
```





- menu: <model\_name>\_menu
- submenu: <model\_name>\_menu\_do\_stuff
- view: <model\_name>\_view\_<view\_type>

```
O2
Formatting
Rules
```





- menu: <model\_name>\_menu
- submenu: <model\_name>\_menu\_do\_stuff
- view: <model\_name>\_view\_<view\_type>
- action: <model\_name>\_action

```
O2
Formatting
Rules
```





- menu: <model\_name>\_menu
- submenu: <model\_name>\_menu\_do\_stuff
- view: <model\_name>\_view\_<view\_type>
- action: <model\_name>\_action
- group: <module\_name>\_group\_<group\_name>
- rule: <model\_name>\_rule\_<concerned\_group>



O2 Formatting

Rules



### **Inheriting XML**

name: suffix .inhert.{detail}

```
O2
Formatting
Rules
```





### **PEP8 Options**

Odoo source code tries to respect Python standard, but some of them can be ignored.

A Foolish Consistency is the

Hobgoblin of Little Minds

PEP 8 — the Style Guide for Python Code This stylized presentation of the well-established PEP 8 was created by Kenneth Reitz (for humans). **Python** Introduction Introduction A Foolish Consistency is the Hobgoblin of Little Minds This document gives coding conventions for the Python code comprising the standard library in the main Python distribution. Please see the companion informational PEP describing Code lay-out style guidelines for the C code in the C implementation of Python 1. Indentation · Tabs or Spaces? · Maximum Line Length This document and PEP 257 (Docstring Conventions) were adapted from Guido's original · Should a line break before or after a Python Style Guide essay, with some additions from Barry's style guide 2. binary operator? · Blank Lines Source File Encoding This style guide evolves over time as additional conventions are identified and past Imports conventions are rendered obsolete by changes in the language itself. · Module level dunder names String Quotes Many projects have their own coding style guidelines. In the event of any conflicts, such project-specific guides take precedence for that project. Whitespace in Expressions and

Statements

Pet Peeves
 Other Recommendations

When to use trailing commas

Comments

https://pep8.org/#a-foolish-consistency-is-the-hobgoblin-of-little-minds





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### odoo

### **Imports**

```
# 1 : imports of python lib
import base64
import re
import time
from datetime import datetime
# 2 : imports of odoo
import odoo
from odoo import api, fields, models, _
from odoo.tools.safe_eval import safe_eval as eval
# 3 : imports from odoo addons
from odoo.addons.website.models.website import slug
```







O3
Python

>>> import this

The Zen of Python, by Tim Peters

Beautiful is better than ugly.

Explicit is better than implicit.

Simple is better than complex.

Complex is better than complicated.

Flat is better than nested.

Sparse is better than dense.

Readability counts.

Special cases aren't special enough to break the rules.

Although practicality beats purity.

Errors should never pass silently.

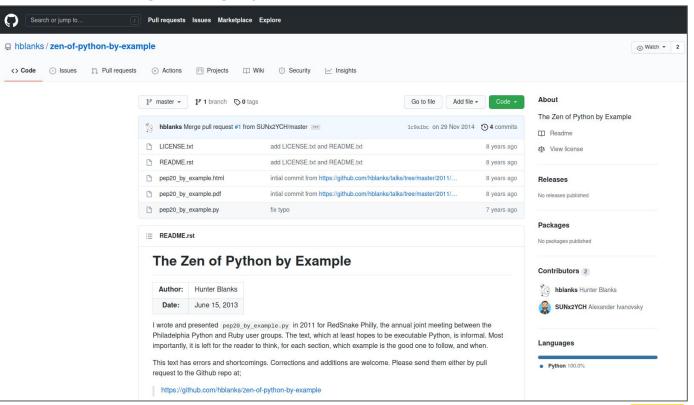
Unless explicitly silenced.

..





O3 Python







- Use meaningful variable/class/method names
- Useless variable
- Know your builtins
- Use list comprehension, dict comprehension, and basic manipulation using map, filter, sum, . . . They make the code easier to read.
- Collections are booleans too

O3
Python





"You can't learn to write good code only by following the rules.

To learn to write good code you have to write a
shit-metric-ton of bad code."

— Going beyond the idiomatic Python —

O3

Python



### odoo

O4
Programming in Odoo

- Avoid to create generators and decorators
- Use filtered, mapped, sorted, . . . methods to ease code reading and performance.





O4
Programming in Odoo

### Make your method work in batch

```
@api.depends('user_id')
def _compute_date_open(self):
   for lead in self:
    lead.date_open = fields.Datetime.now() if lead.user_id else False
```





O4
Programming in Odoo

### Propagate the context

- Passing parameter in context can have dangerous side-effects.
- If you need to create a key context influencing the behavior of some object, choose a good name, and eventually prefix it by the name of the module to isolate its impact.





O4
Programming in Odoo

- Keep it Simple and Stupid
  - Split the method as soon as it has more than one responsibility
- Never commit the transaction
  - You should NEVER call cr.commit() yourself,
  - o 'UNLESS...
- Use translation method correctly





### **Symbols and Conventions - Variables**

- model name: singular form
- suffix your variable name with \_id or \_ids if it contains a record id or list of id

```
Partner = self.env['res.partner']
partners = Partner.browse(ids)
partner_id = partners[0].id
```

- One2Many and Many2Many fields should always have \_ids as suffix
- Many2One fields should have \_id as suffix







# **Symbols and Conventions - Method Conventions**

O4
Programming in Odoo

- compute field: \_compute\_<field\_name>
- onchange method: \_onchange\_<field\_name>
- constraint method: \_check\_<constraint\_name>





# **Symbols and Conventions - Method Conventions**

- compute field: \_compute\_<field\_name>
- onchange method: \_onchange\_<field\_name>
- constrains method: \_check\_<constrains\_name>
- default method: \_default\_<field\_name>
- selection method: \_selection\_<field\_name>
- search method: \_search\_<field\_name>
- action method: prefix action\_ and self.ensure\_one() at the beginning of the method

O4
Programming in Odoo





# **Symbols and Conventions - Model attribute order**

- 1. Private attributes (\_name, \_description, \_inherit, ...)
- 2. Default method and \_default\_get
- 3. Field declarations
- 4. Compute, inverse and search methods, same order as field declaration
- 5. Selection method (method used to return computed values for selection fields)
- 6. Constrains method (@api.constrains) and onchange method (@api.onchange)
- 7. CRUD methods (ORM overrides)
- 8. Action methods
- 9. other business method

O4
Programming in Odoo





# **Symbols and Conventions - Model attribute order**

```
04
Programming in Odoo
```

```
class Event(models.Model):
  # Private attributes
  name = 'event.event'
  description = 'Event'
  # Default methods
  def default name(self):
  # Fields declaration
  name = fields.Char(string='Name', default= default name)
  event type = fields.Selection(string="Type", selection=' selection type')
  # compute and search fields, in the same order of fields declaration
  @api.depends('seats_max', 'registration_ids.state', 'registration_ids.nb_register')
  def compute seats(self):
  @api.model
  def selection type(self):
     return []
```





# **Symbols and Conventions - Model attribute order**

```
04
Programming in Odoo
```

```
# Constraints and onchanges
@api.constrains('seats_max', 'seats_available')
def _check_seats_limit(self):
@api.onchange('date_begin')
def _onchange_date_begin(self):
# CRUD methods (and name_get, name_search, ...) overrides
def create(self, values):
# Action methods
def action_validate(self):
  self.ensure_one()
# Business methods
def mail_user_confirm(self):
```





### Static files organization

- static: all static files in general
  - static/lib: where js libs should be located, in a sub folder.
  - static/src: the generic static source code folder
    - static/src/css: all css files
    - static/src/js
      - static/src/js/tours: end user tour files (tutorials, not tests)
    - static/src/scss: scss files
    - static/src/xml: all qweb templates that will be rendered in JS
  - static/tests: test related files
    - static/tests/tours: tour test files (not tutorials)
  - static/fonts
  - static/img



05
Javascript and CSS



### Javascript coding guideline

- use strict; is recommended for all javascript files
- Use a linter (jshint, ...)
- Never add minified Javascript Libraries
- Variables and functions should be camelcased (myVariable) instead of snakecased (my variable)
- Name all entities exported by a JS module.







# Javascript coding guideline

- use strict; is recommended for all javascript files
- Use a linter (jshint, ...)
- Never add minified Javascript Libraries
- Variables and functions should be camelcased (myVariable) instead of snakecased (my\_variable)
- Name all entities exported by a JS module.
- Use strict comparisons (=== instead of ==)
- strings: double quotes for all textual strings (such as "Hello"), and single quotes for all other strings, such as a css selector '.o\_form\_view'
- Write unit tests
- Always use this.\_super.apply(this, arguments);
- Document every functions and every files, with the JSDoc style (see http://usejsdoc.org/)



05
Javascript and

CSS



### Javascript coding guideline

```
* When a save operation has been confirmed from the model, this method is
* called.

* @private
* @override method from field manager mixin
* @param {string} id
*/
_confirmSave: function (id) {
```

05
Javascript and CSS

See more at Odoo wiki





### **Commit message structure**

[TAG] module: describe your change in a short sentence (ideally < 50 chars)

Long version of the change description, including the rationale for the change, or a summary of the feature being introduced.

Please spend a lot more time describing WHY the change is being done rather than WHAT is being changed. This is usually easy to grasp by actually reading the diff. WHAT should be explained only if there are technical choices or decision involved. In that case explain WHY this decision was taken.

End the message with references, such as task or bug numbers, PR numbers, and OPW tickets, following the suggested format:

task-123 (related to task)

Fixes #123 (close related issue on Github)

Closes #123 (close related PR on Github)

opw-123 (related to ticket)







### Tag and module name

- [FIX] for bug fixes: mostly used in stable version but also valid if you are fixing a recent bug in development version;
- **[REF]** for refactoring: when a feature is heavily rewritten;
- [ADD] for adding new modules;
- [REM] for removing resources: removing dead code, removing views, removing modules, ...;
- [REV] for reverting commits: if a commit causes issues or is not wanted reverting
  it is done using this tag;
- [MOV] for moving files: use git move and do not change content of moved file
  otherwise Git may loose track and history of the file; also used when moving code
  from one file to another;
- **[REL]** for release commits: new major or minor stable versions;
- **[IMP]** for improvements: most of the changes done in development version are incremental improvements not related to another tag;
- [MERGE] for merge commits: used in forward port of bug fixes but also as main commit for feature involving several separated commits;
- [CLA] for signing the Odoo Individual Contributor License;
- [I18N] for changes in translation files;

After tag comes the modified module name. Use the technical name as functional name may change with time. If several modules are modified, list them or use various to tell it is cross-modules.







# Commit message header

A meaningful commit message header

Self explanatory and include the reason behind the change.

Try to limit the header length to about 50 characters for readability.

Commit message header should make a valid sentence once concatenated with if applied, this commit will <header>

06 Git





### Commit message full description

Specify the part of the code impacted by your changes (module name, lib, transversal object, ...) and a description of the changes.

Explain WHY you are modifying code

Avoid commits which simultaneously impact multiple modules

Don't hesitate to be a bit verbose.

You spend several hours, days or weeks working on meaningful features. Take some time to calm down and write clear and understandable commit messages.

If you are working on a task that lacks purpose and specifications please consider making them clear before continuing.

06



# Q&A