

ÜB-2 - Aufgabe 4

1.) Wir suchen: $L = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq -1 \wedge \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1}\}$ $\therefore p(x)$

und teilen auf: $L = L_1 \cup L_2 \cup L_3$

wobei

$$L_1 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 0 \wedge p(x)\},$$

$$L_2 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x < 0 \wedge p(x)\},$$

$$L_3 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq -1 \wedge p(x)\}$$

und bestimmen:

$$L_1 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 0 \wedge x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq -1 \wedge \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1}\} = \emptyset \quad \text{da} \quad \frac{1}{x+1} < \frac{1}{x} \quad \forall x > 0$$

brauchen wir gar nicht! Leere Menge

$$L_2 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x < 0 \wedge x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq -1 \wedge \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1}\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x < 0\}$$

$$\text{da: } \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1} \stackrel{x < 0}{\Leftrightarrow} 1 > \frac{x}{x+1} \stackrel{x+1 > 0}{\Leftrightarrow} x+1 > x \quad \text{gilt } \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$L_3 = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq -1 \wedge x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq -1 \wedge \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1}\} = \emptyset$$

$$\text{da } \frac{1}{x} < \frac{1}{x+1} \stackrel{x < 0}{\Leftrightarrow} 1 > \frac{x}{x+1} \stackrel{x+1 < 0}{\Leftrightarrow} x+1 < x \quad \text{!}$$

$$\text{Damit: } L = L_1 \cup L_2 \cup L_3 = \emptyset \cup \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x < 0\} \cup \emptyset \\ = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 < x < 0\}$$

□

A4-ii) gesucht: $L = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid |x+1| - |x-1| \geq 1\}$

Wie oben -- die Menge aufteilen um die Betragsstriche aufzulösen...

$$\begin{aligned} L_1 &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 1 \wedge |x+1| - |x-1| \geq 1\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 1 \wedge x+1 - (x-1) \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 1 \wedge 2 \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 1 \leq x\} \quad \text{da } 2 \geq 1 \text{ immer gilt!} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_2 &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 \leq x < 1 \wedge |x+1| - |x-1| \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 \leq x < 1 \wedge x+1 - -(x-1) \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 \leq x < 1 \wedge x+1 + x-1 \geq 1\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 \leq x < 1 \wedge 2x \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -1 \leq x < 1 \wedge x \geq \frac{1}{2}\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid \frac{1}{2} \leq x < 1\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_3 &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -1 \wedge |x+1| - |x-1| \geq 1\} \\ &= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -1 \wedge -x-1 + x-1 \geq 1\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -1 \wedge -2 \geq 1\} \\ &\quad \uparrow \text{"2 mal Minus"} \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \text{da immer falsch!} \\ &= \emptyset \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow L = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid \frac{1}{2} \leq x\}$ \square