C) 22 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|X|+|Y|) \le |2| \le |X|+|Y|$$

falls  $2 = x+iy$ 

$$|2| = |x^2+y^2|$$

$$= |x|^2 + |Y|^2 + |Y|^2$$

$$= |X|+|Y||$$

Solvatings  $2 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}(|X|+|Y|) \le |2|$ 

Beobahhurg fus  $x = y$  filt
$$|2| = |x|+|Y|$$

$$|2| = |x|+|Y|$$

$$|2| = |x|+|Y|$$

$$|2| = |2||X| = |2| \cdot \frac{1}{2}(|X|+|Y|) = \frac{1}{2}(|X|+|Y|)$$

Flexible of School  $|x| = \frac{1}{2}(|X|+|Y|)$ 

Unit beither of School  $|x| = \frac{1}{2}(|X|+|Y|)$ 

Abo wie zeigen wie dos? |x|2 = |x|+ |y|2 = |2|2 1 Voruch 1412 = 1x1+1412 = 1212 => |x|< |21, |y| < |2| => |x| + |y| < 2|2| = 12 (1x1+1g1) = 121 das ist micht \vert\vert^2 \structure

"schlechter" さくない "his vestieen, dass die Ungleichung "schaf" ist (2) Deshalb: Vis missen uns mehr andrengen. Answer:  $y = \frac{y}{x} \times = \lambda \times$ Talls x=0, gilt schon |2|= |1|= |1|+ |x|7 = (|1|+|x|) also:  $y = \lambda x = 7 = 2 = x + \lambda x$ 12/2 = |X|2 + /2 |X|2 = (1+ /2) |X|2 auperden: |X|+14| = |X|+12|141

also of unsee Mussage

$$\frac{1}{12}(|x|+|y|) \leq |2|$$
Upquivalent 2u
$$\frac{1}{2}(|x|+|\lambda||x|) \leq \sqrt{(1+\lambda^2)|x|}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(|x|+|\lambda||x|)^2 \leq (1+\lambda^2)|x|^2$$
bzw
$$\frac{1}{2}|x|^2+|\lambda||x|+\frac{1}{2}|\lambda|^2|x|^2 \leq |x|^2+\lambda^2|x|^2$$
bzw
$$0 \leq \frac{1}{2}|x|^2-|\lambda||x|+\frac{1}{2}|\lambda|^2|x|^2$$
bzw
$$0 \leq |x|^2-2|\lambda||x|+|\lambda||x|^2$$
bzw
$$0 \leq |x|^2-2|\lambda||x|+|\lambda||x|^2$$