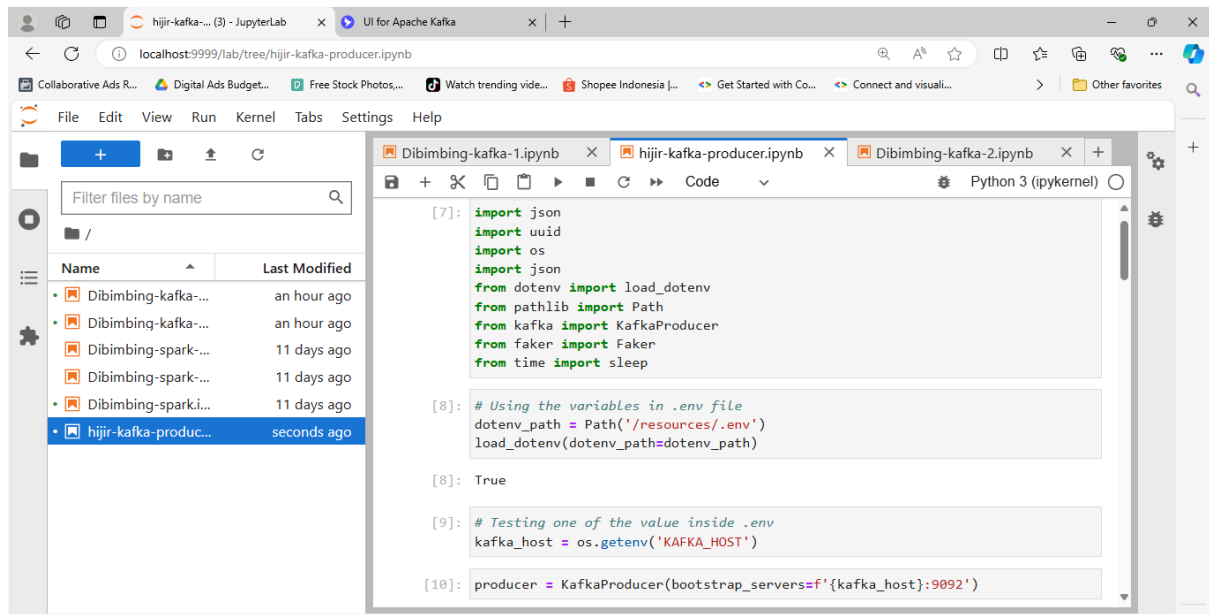


Homework - Kafka - Hijir

Without setup new docker - just in case the new docker kafka setup fails



```
[7]: import json
import uuid
import os
import json
from dotenv import load_dotenv
from pathlib import Path
from kafka import KafkaProducer
from faker import Faker
from time import sleep

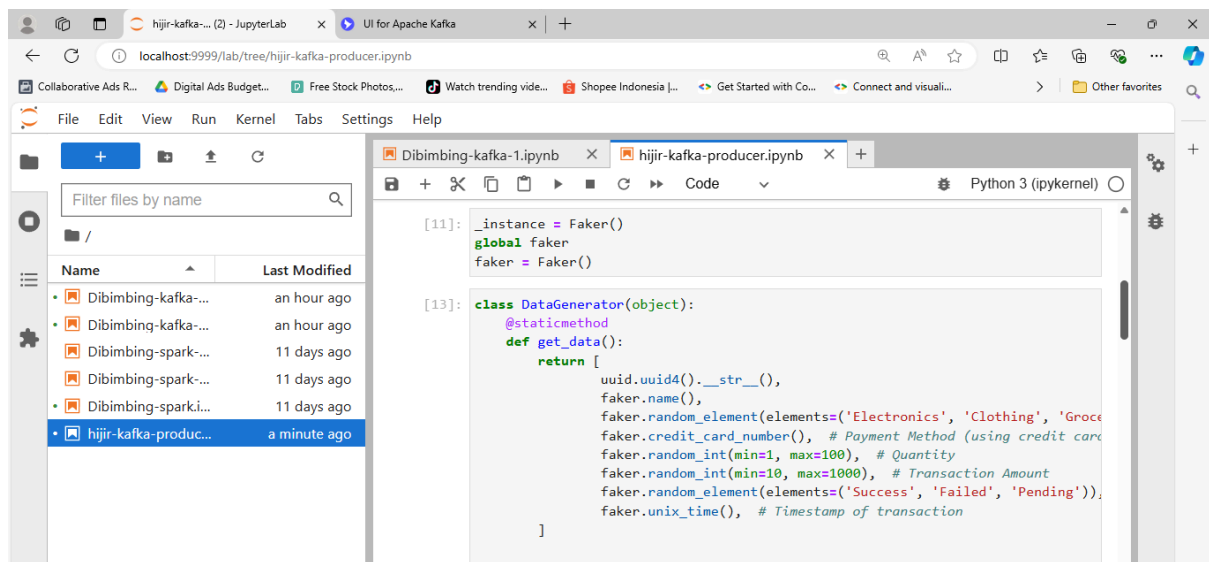
[8]: # Using the variables in .env file
dotenv_path = Path('/resources/.env')
load_dotenv(dotenv_path=dotenv_path)

[8]: True

[9]: # Testing one of the value inside .env
kafka_host = os.getenv('KAFKA_HOST')

[10]: producer = KafkaProducer(bootstrap_servers=f'{kafka_host}:9092')
```

Jupyter ‘hijir-kafka-producer’



```
[11]: _instance = Faker()
global faker
faker = Faker()

[13]: class DataGenerator(object):
    @staticmethod
    def get_data():
        return [
            uuid.uuid4().__str__(),
            faker.name(),
            faker.random_element(elements=('Electronics', 'Clothing', 'Grocery')),
            faker.credit_card_number(), # Payment Method (using credit card)
            faker.random_int(min=1, max=100), # Quantity
            faker.random_int(min=10, max=1000), # Transaction Amount
            faker.random_element(elements=('Success', 'Failed', 'Pending')),
            faker.unix_time(), # Timestamp of transaction
        ]
```

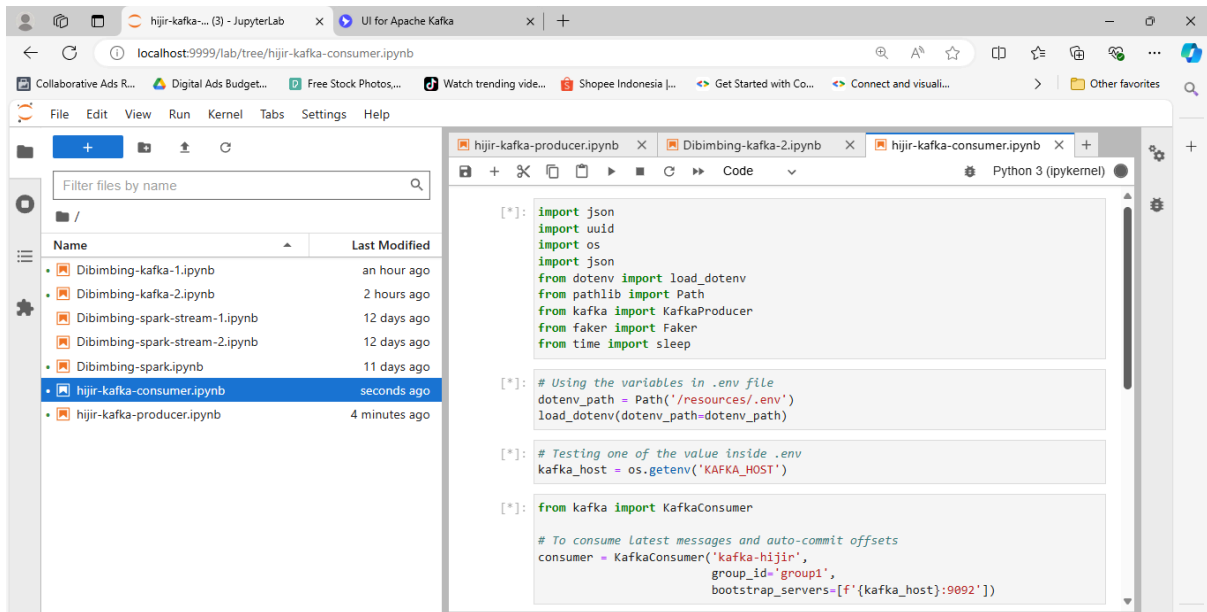
```
for i in range(1,400):
    columns = ["transaction_id", "customer_name", "product_category", "payment_method", "quantity",
    data_list = DataGenerator.get_data()
    json_data = dict(
        zip(columns, data_list)
    )
    _payload = json.dumps(json_data).encode("utf-8")
    response = producer.send(topic='kafka-hijir', value=_payload)
    print(json_data['transaction_id'], response.get())
    sleep(5) # Sleep for 5 seconds between producing records
```

abd68628-2ce0-4c32-baff-b7766f6c46fd RecordMetadata(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0, topic_partiti
on=TopicPartition(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0), offset=0, timestamp=1725897350636, log_start_o
ffset=0, checksum=None, serialized_key_size=-1, serialized_value_size=247, serialized_header_size=-
1)
bd5d5cc3-37cd-40fd-9169-f46a418b4105 RecordMetadata(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0, topic_partiti
on=TopicPartition(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0), offset=1, timestamp=1725897355664, log_start_o
ffset=0, checksum=None, serialized_key_size=-1, serialized_value_size=244, serialized_header_size=-
1)
9d2f3d20-ac6e-4074-9a34-86a497cfa395 RecordMetadata(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0, topic_partiti
on=TopicPartition(topic='kafka-hijir', partition=0), offset=2, timestamp=1725897360811, log_start_o
ffset=0, checksum=None, serialized_key_size=-1, serialized_value_size=249, serialized_header_size=-

<input type="checkbox"/>	Topic Name	Partitions	Out of sync replicas	Replicati
<input type="checkbox"/>	AVG_SALARY_TABLE_2	1	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	IN __consumer_offsets	50	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	IN __transaction_state	50	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	IN __confluent-ksql-default_command_topic	1	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	IN __confluent-ksql-default_query_CTAS_AVG_SALARY_TABLE_2...	1	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	IN __confluent-ksql-default_query_CTAS_AVG_SALARY_TABLE_2...	1	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	default_ksql_processing_log	1	0	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	kafka-hijir	1	0	1

Event sudah terkirim ke kafka (**kafka-hijir**)

Jupyter “hijir-kafka-consumer”



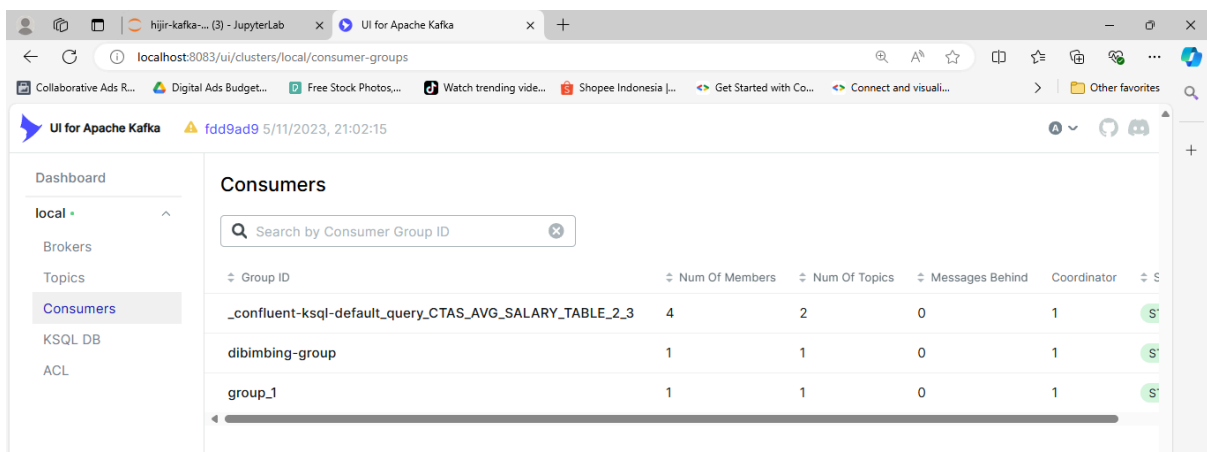
```
[*]: import json
import uuid
import os
import json
from dotenv import load_dotenv
from pathlib import Path
from kafka import KafkaProducer
from faker import Faker
from time import sleep

[*]: # Using the variables in .env file
dotenv_path = Path('/resources/.env')
load_dotenv(dotenv_path=dotenv_path)

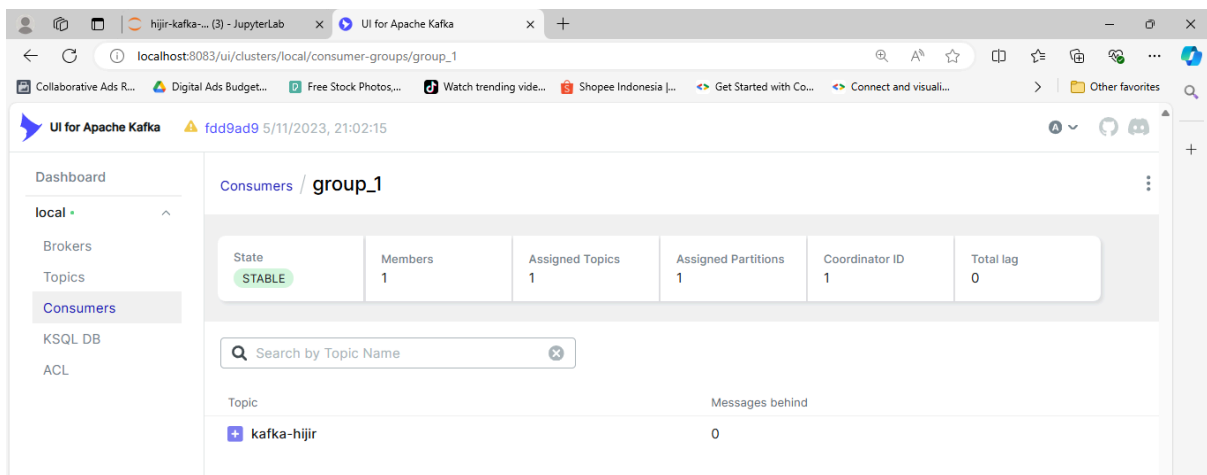
[*]: # Testing one of the value inside .env
kafka_host = os.getenv('KAFKA_HOST')

[*]: from kafka import KafkaConsumer

# To consume Latest messages and auto-commit offsets
consumer = KafkaConsumer('kafka-hijir',
                          group_id='group1',
                          bootstrap_servers=[f'{kafka_host}:9092'])
```



Group ID	Num Of Members	Num Of Topics	Messages Behind	Coordinator	Status
_confluent-ksql-default_query_CTAS_AVG_SALARY_TABLE_2_3	4	2	0	1	Stable
dibimbing-group	1	1	0	1	Stable
group_1	1	1	0	1	Stable



State	Members	Assigned Topics	Assigned Partitions	Coordinator ID	Total lag
STABLE	1	1	1	1	0

Topic	Messages behind
kafka-hijir	0

The top screenshot shows the 'UI for Apache Kafka' interface. The left sidebar contains a 'Dashboard' section with links to 'local', 'Brokers', 'Topics', 'Consumers', 'KSQL DB', and 'ACL'. The main content area is titled 'Topics / kafka-hijir' and has tabs for 'Overview', 'Messages', 'Consumers', 'Settings', and 'Statistics'. The 'Messages' tab is active, showing a table of messages. The table has columns for 'Offset', 'Partition', 'Timestamp', 'Key', and 'Value'. The first message is at offset 0, partition 0, with a timestamp of 9/9/2024, 22:55:50. The value is a JSON object: {"transaction_id": "abd68628-2ce0-4c32-baff-b7".

The bottom screenshot shows the 'Value' preview for the same message. It displays a JSON object with the following fields: "transaction_id": "abd68628-2ce0-4c32-baff-b7766f6c46fd", "customer_name": "Steven Scott", "product_category": "Sports", "payment_method": "4506892388558810", "quantity": 38, "transaction_amount": 335, "status": "Pending", and "timestamp": 226270870. The interface also shows the 'Key', 'Value', and 'Headers' tabs, and the 'Timestamp' and 'Timestamp type' (CREATE_TIME) information.

Ksqldb

Melakukan agregasi di kafka menggunakan sql

```
CREATE STREAM transaction_stream (
  transaction_id VARCHAR,
  customer_name VARCHAR,
  product_category VARCHAR,
  payment_method VARCHAR,
  quantity INT,
  transaction_amount INT,
  status VARCHAR,
  timestamp BIGINT
) WITH (
```

```
KAFKA_TOPIC = 'kafka-hijir',  
VALUE_FORMAT = 'JSON'  
);
```

The screenshot shows the 'UI for Apache Kafka' interface, specifically the 'KSQL DB' section. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with 'Dashboard', 'local', 'Brokers', 'Topics', 'Consumers', 'KSQL DB' (selected), and 'ACL'. The main area displays 'KSQL DB' with a summary showing 1 Table and 2 Streams. Below this, there are tabs for 'Tables' and 'Streams'. The 'KSQL' query editor is active, showing a 'CREATE STREAM' statement. To the right of the editor is a 'Stream properties' section with 'Key' and 'Value' input fields and an 'Add Stream Property' button. A blue 'Execute KSQL Request' button is located in the top right corner.

```
1 CREATE STREAM transaction_stream (  
2   transaction_id VARCHAR,  
3   customer_name VARCHAR,  
4   product_category VARCHAR,  
5   payment_method VARCHAR,  
6   quantity INT,  
7   transaction_amount INT,  
8   status VARCHAR,  
9   timestamp BIGINT  
10 ) WITH (  
11   KAFKA_TOPIC = 'kafka-hijir',  
12   VALUE_FORMAT = 'JSON'  
13 );
```

This screenshot shows the same 'UI for Apache Kafka' interface after the KSQL query has been executed. The 'KSQL' query editor still displays the same 'CREATE STREAM' statement. Below the editor, there are 'Clear results' and 'Execute' buttons. The 'Status' section at the bottom shows a table with two columns: 'status' and 'message'. The table contains one row with the status 'SUCCESS' and the message 'Stream created'.

status	message
SUCCESS	Stream created

Berhasil membuat stream

```
SELECT * FROM transaction_stream EMIT CHANGES;
```

UI for Apache Kafka fdd9ad9 5/11/2023, 21:02:15

Dashboard

local

Brokers

Topics

Consumers

KSQL DB

ACL

Tables 1 Streams 3

Tables Streams

KSQL

1 SELECT * FROM transaction_stream EMIT CHANGES;

2

Clear

Stream properties:

Key Value

UI for Apache Kafka fdd9ad9 5/11/2023, 21:02:15

Dashboard

local

Brokers

Topics

Consumers

KSQL DB

ACL

Clear results Execute

Schema

'TRANSACTION_ID'	'CUSTOMER_NAME'	'PRODUCT_CATEGORY'	'PAYMENT_METHOD'	'QUANTITY'	'TRANSACTION_A'
STRING	STRING	STRING	STRING	INTEGER	INTEGER
642e0eb3-5aae-4e65-aab0-a74467aa399a	Daniel Castro	Electronics	3571090123750766	16	419
1d2ff838-2b69-4295-a6f5-e3653c8e4f9d	Joseph Holland	Books	6550666370346263	41	189
6749af49-f019-44db-8438-df2ceb85e0df	Donald Medina	Sports	2231038418797251	48	407

Consuming query execution result Abort

Agregasi

The image displays two screenshots of the UI for Apache Kafka KSQL DB interface, showing the process of aggregating data from the `product_category` table.

Top Screenshot: The interface shows the KSQL DB section with 1 Table and 3 Streams. The KSQL query editor contains the following query:

```
1 CREATE TABLE product_category_agg AS
2 SELECT
3   product_category,
4   COUNT(*) AS transaction_count,
5   SUM(transaction_amount) AS total_transaction_amount,
6   SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity
7 FROM transaction_stream
8 GROUP BY product_category
9 EMIT CHANGES;
```

The "Stream properties" section is empty.

Bottom Screenshot: The interface shows the KSQL DB section with 2 Tables and 3 Streams. The KSQL query editor contains the following query:

```
1 SELECT * FROM product_category_agg EMIT CHANGES;
2
```

The "Stream properties" section is empty.

The "Schema" section displays the following data:

PRODUCT_CATEGORY	TRANSACTION_COUNT	TOTAL_TRANSACTION_AMOUNT	TOTAL_QUANTITY
Electronics	4	1711	189
Clothing	5	1364	298
Sports	4	2508	223
Groceries	8	2699	288
Books	7	3322	

A status message at the bottom right indicates: "Consuming query execution result... Abort".

Berikut ini adalah hasil agregasi dari tabel `product_category`