

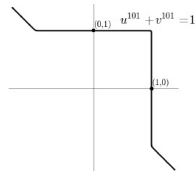
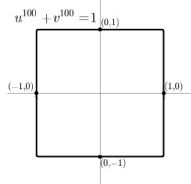
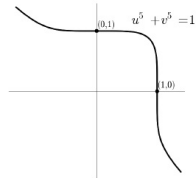
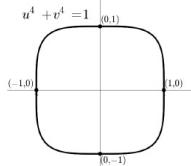
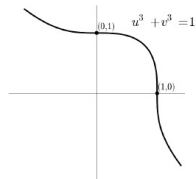
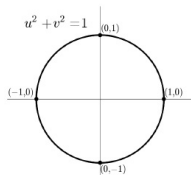
Congruent Number Problem

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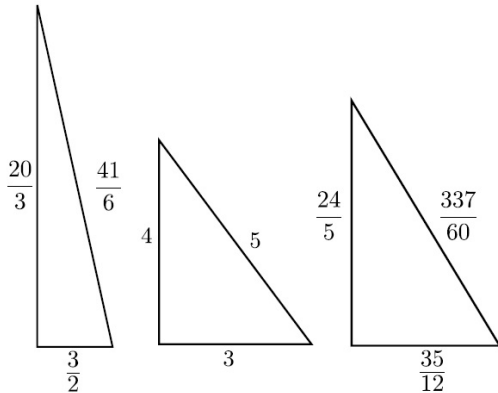


FIGURE 1. Rational right triangles with respective areas 5, 6, and 7.

A Bad Algorithm

k	ℓ	(a, b, c)	$(1/2)ab$	Squarefree part
2	1	(3, 4, 5)	6	6
4	1	(15, 8, 17)	60	15
3	2	(5, 12, 13)	30	30
6	1	(35, 12, 37)	210	210
5	2	(21, 20, 29)	210	210
4	3	(7, 24, 25)	84	21
8	1	(63, 16, 65)	504	126
7	2	(42, 28, 53)	630	70
5	4	(9, 40, 41)	180	5

Signs on $(3/2, 20/3, 41/6)$	(x, y)
$(+, +, +)$	$(25/4, 75/8)$
$(+, +, -)$	$(-4, -6)$
$(-, -, +)$	$(-4, 6)$
$(-, -, -)$	$(25/4, -75/8)$

TABLE 2. Solutions to $y^2 = x^3 - 25x$.

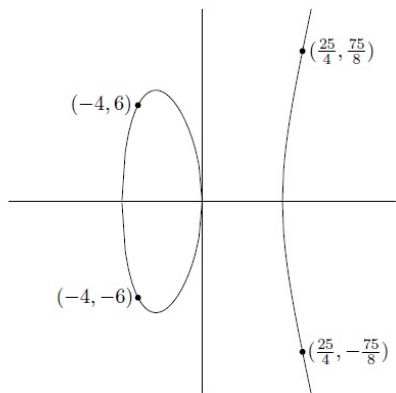


FIGURE 3. Some rational points on $y^2 = x^3 - 25x$.

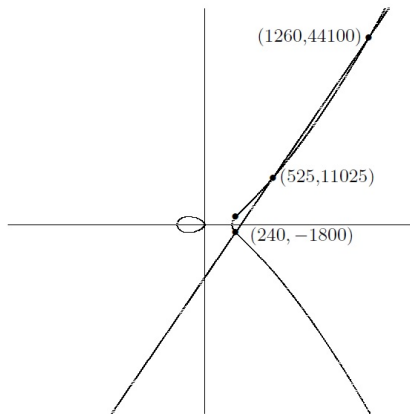


FIGURE 4. New rational point on $y^2 = x^3 - 210^2x$ from a secant line. (Not drawn to scale.)

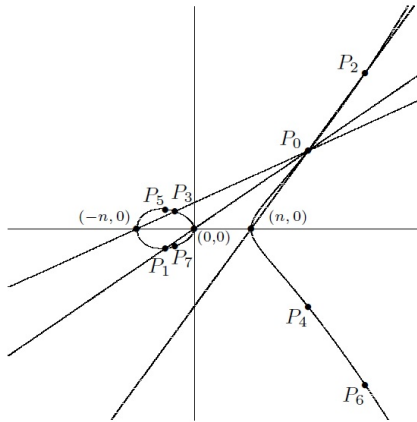


FIGURE 5. Intersecting $y^2 = x^3 - nx^2$ with lines through P_0 and $(0,0)$, $(n,0)$, $(-n,0)$, and reflected points.

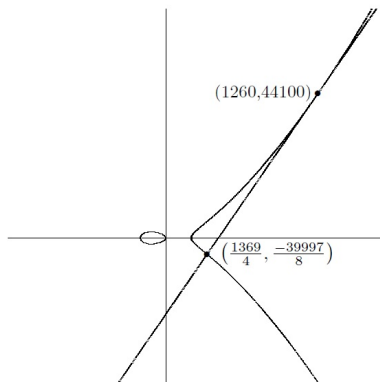


FIGURE 6. New rational point on $y^2 = x^3 - 210^2 x$ from a tangent line. (Not drawn to scale.)

First Point	Second Point	Third Point
(x, y)	$(0, 0)$	$(-n^2/x, -n^2y/x^2)$
$(x, -y)$	$(0, 0)$	$(-n^2/x, n^2y/x^2)$
(x, y)	$(n, 0)$	$(n(x+n)/(x-n), 2n^2y/(x-n)^2)$
$(x, -y)$	$(n, 0)$	$(n(x+n)/(x-n), -2n^2y/(x-n)^2)$
(x, y)	$(-n, 0)$	$(-n(x-n)/(x+n), 2n^2y/(x+n)^2)$
$(x, -y)$	$(-n, 0)$	$(-n(x-n)/(x+n), -2n^2y/(x+n)^2)$

TABLE 3. Third Intersection Point of a Line with $y^2 = x^3 - n^2x$.

Pair	Triple
(x, y)	(a, b, c)
$(x, -y)$	$(-a, -b, -c)$
$(-n^2/x, -n^2y/x^2)$	$(a, b, -c)$
$(-n^2/x, n^2y/x^2)$	$(-a, -b, c)$
$(n(x+n)/(x-n), 2n^2y/(x-n)^2)$	(b, a, c)
$(n(x+n)/(x-n), -2n^2y/(x-n)^2)$	$(-b, -a, -c)$
$(-n(x-n)/(x+n), 2n^2y/(x+n)^2)$	$(-b, -a, c)$
$(-n(x-n)/(x+n), -2n^2y/(x+n)^2)$	$(b, a, -c)$

$$(\textit{Thank})^2 + (\textit{You})^2 = (\textit{DEU})^2$$