Optimasi Model Prediksi Temperatur T-iSO1 dalam Time Series Forecasting Menggunakan Random Forest dan Decision Tree

Import Library

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import joblib
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from xgboost import XGBRegressor
from IPython.display import display
```

Load Dataset

```
dataset_path = r"D:\HildasCollegeStuffs\PROPOSAL\Model\dataset.txt"
df = pd.read_csv(dataset_path, delimiter='\t')
```

→ Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

df.head()

₹		t (s)	TH-IN	T-HT	TH-OUT	T-HOT LEG	TA	TC-IN	T-CTB OUT	т-ст	T- CTB IN	TC-OUT	T-COLD LEG	ТВ	T-AIR	T-iSO1	T-iS02
	0	0	23.93	27.54	24.90	24.981538	25.344993	25.93	16.494643	15.9	16.085691	22.89	22.961715	24.123676	27.277591	28.286037	27.928758
	1	1	23.93	27.54	24.90	24.981538	25.344993	25.93	16.494643	15.9	16.085691	22.89	22.961715	24.123676	27.277591	28.286037	27.928758
	2	2	23.94	27.55	24.91	24.997826	25.361506	25.93	16.499692	15.9	16.103291	22.92	22.964195	24.131001	27.295456	28.284092	27.941781
	3	3	23.94	27.55	24.91	24.997826	25.361506	25.93	16.499692	15.9	16.103291	22.92	22.964195	24.131001	27.295456	28.284092	27.941781
	4	4	23 04	27 55	24 90	24 983867	25 357697	25 93	16 508891	15 9	16 100641	22 Q1	22 994142	24 096513	27 281296	28 284503	27 934991

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 11001 entries, 0 to 11000
     Data columns (total 16 columns):
                       Non-Null Count
     0
         t (s)
                       11001 non-null
                                        int64
          TH-IN
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
                       11001 non-null
          TH-OUT
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
          T-HOT LEG
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
          TA
          TC-IN
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
          T-CTB OUT
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
          T-CT
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
          T- CTB IN
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
      10
         TC-OUT
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
         T-COLD LEG 11001 non-null
                                        float64
      11
         ТВ
                       11001 non-null
         T-AIR
                       11001 non-null
     14 T-iS01
                       11001 non-null
                                        float64
     15 T-iS02
                       11001 non-null
                                       float64
     dtypes: float64(15), int64(1)
     memory usage: 1.3 MB
```

import pandas as pd
from tabulate import tabulate

Misal data kamu sudah ada di df
summary = df.describe().transpose()

Tampilkan dalam bentuk tabel
print(tabulate(summary, headers='keys', tablefmt='pretty'))

→	+	+		+		+			++
<u> </u>	İ	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
	t (s)	11001.0	5500.0	3175.859489964882	0.0	2750.0	5500.0	8250.0	11000.0
	TH-IN	11001.0	38.12166348513772	7.846051896325843	23.05	32.24	41.09	44.74	46.27
	T-HT	11001.0	75.27722207072084	16.965042313551393	27.52	66.79	82.48	88.3	90.84
	TH-OUT	11001.0	43.55457685664939	8.483529467338824	24.73	37.59	46.85	50.56	52.51
	T-HOT LEG	11001.0	42.47149290600855	8.506501266742267	24.656151	36.566724	45.901248	49.47147	51.230692
	TA	11001.0	42.07305941350786	8.422583624287963	24.847489	36.155722	45.458903	48.985524	50.685542
	TC-IN	11001.0	41.57753840559949	8.19814473324757	25.09	35.65	44.97	48.29	50.02

T-CTB O	UT 11001.0	16.113292873375148	0.3312090657569372	15.440084	15.841095	16.107254	16.396562	16.821803	
T-CT	11001.0	15.284395054995	0.3448043449276694	14.58	14.99	15.27	15.57	15.95	ĺ
T- CTB	IN 11001.0	15.479726663303335	0.3438428138662611	14.767714	15.190937	15.468006	15.767611	16.219379	
TC-0U	T 11001.0	39.43358785564949	7.932373581993186	22.73	33.83	42.64	45.92	47.65	
T-COLD	LEG 11001.0	38.74984932769748	7.83857142467911	22.607678	33.125741	41.759639	45.24475	46.859493	Ĺ
TB	11001.0	38.63618575484047	7.71896864831884	23.18963	33.090512	41.700429	44.936244	46.622453	Ĺ
T-AIR	11001.0	26.61469622252522	0.3182735593199206	25.680082	26.444293	26.585118	26.780457	27.519559	
T-iSO	1 11001.0	45.91789240414508	7.723529928645326	27.986769	41.397621	48.895056	52.07175	53.3984	
T-iSO	2 11001.0	60.32791755522226	12.619855135147018	27.812506	53.454573	65.620008	70.029475	72.104312	Ĺ
4			4		L		L		_

```
    Data Preprocessing

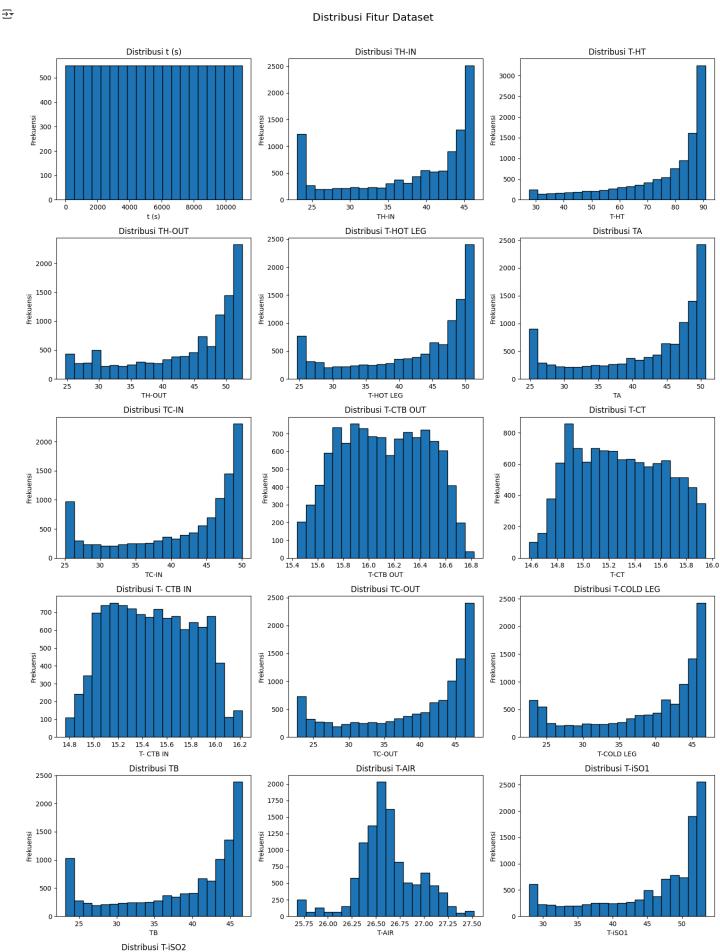
#Penanganan Missing Value
display(df.isnull().sum())
df.dropna(inplace=True)
→ t (s)
TH-IN
     T-HT
                   0
     TH-OUT
     T-HOT LEG
     TA
                   0
     TC-IN
     T-CTB OUT
     T-CT
     T- CTB IN
     TC-OUT
                   0
     T-COLD LEG
     T-AIR
     T-iS01
     T-iSO2
display(df.isnull().sum())
→ t (s)
     TH-IN
     T-HT
     TH-OUT
     T-HOT LEG
                   0
     TΑ
     TC-IN
     T-CTB OUT
     T-CT
T- CTB IN
     TC-OUT
     T-COLD LEG
     T-AIR
     T-iS01
                   0
     T-iS02
# Konversi tipe dari ke numerik
def convert numeric(df):
    df = df.apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce')
    return df
cleaned_df = convert_numeric(df)
cleaned_df.to_csv("cleaned_dataset.csv", index=False)

→ Feature Selection

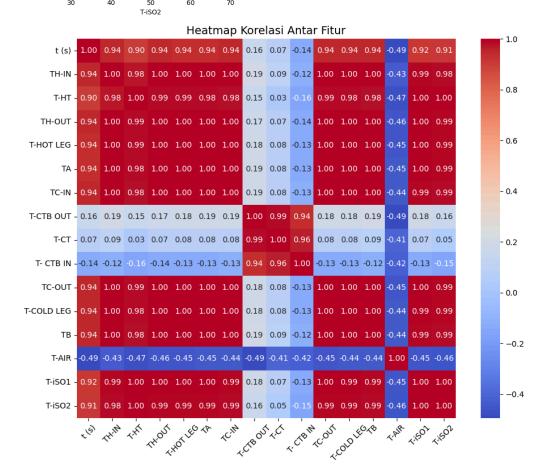
# --- HISTOGRAM ---
num_cols = 3  # jumlah kolom per baris
num_features = len(cleaned_df.columns)
num_rows = (num_features + num_cols - 1) // num_cols
fig, axes = plt.subplots(num_rows, num_cols, figsize=(15, 4 * num_rows))
axes = axes.flatten()
for i, col in enumerate(cleaned df.columns):
    axes[i].hist(cleaned_df[col], bins=20, edgecolor='black')
    axes[i].set_title(f'Distribusi {col}')
    axes[i].set_xlabel(col)
    axes[i].set_ylabel('Frekuensi')
# Hapus subplot kosong (jika jumlah fitur < subplot)
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])
fig.suptitle("Distribusi Fitur Dataset", fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 0.97])
plt.show()
# --- HEATMAP KORELASI ---
```

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

sis.inea.imap(citeaneu_ui.cori(), aimotriue, cimap-coolwarm , imit-.21 , square-irue) plt.title("Heatmap Korelasi Antar Fitur", fontsize=14) plt.xticks(rotation=45) plt.yticks(rotation=0) plt.tight_layout() plt.show()

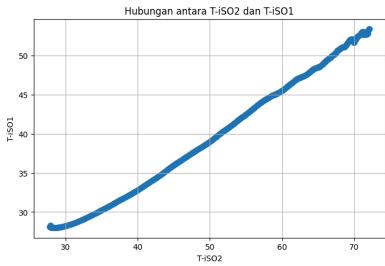


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→ Memilih Target & Fitur

```
def select_features(df):
    **Menentukan fitur (X) dan target (Y) tanpa seleksi fitur berbasis model X = df[['t (s)', 'T-is02']] # Menggunakan semua fitur kecuali target y = df['T-is01'] # Target yang ingin diprediksi
     return X, y
# Menentukan X dan Y tanpa regressor
X, y = select_features(cleaned_df)
print("Fitur yang digunakan:", X.columns.tolist())
print("Target:", y.name)
Fitur yang digunakan: ['t (s)', 'T-iSO2']
Target: T-iSO1
# Scatter plot antara input dan output
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.scatter(cleaned_df['T-iS02'], cleaned_df['T-iS01'], alpha=0.5)
plt.xlabel('T-iSO2')
plt.ylabel('T-iS01')
plt.title('Hubungan antara T-iSO2 dan T-iSO1')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
 ₹
```



Splitting Data (Train 80% - Test 20%)

```
def train_test_split(data, test_size=0.2):
    split_idx = int(len(data) * (1 - test_size))
    return data[:split_idx, :], data[split_idx:, :]

def series_to_supervised(df):
    supervised_df = df[['t (s)', 'T-iSO2', 'T-iSO1']].copy()
    return supervised_df

supervised_df = series_to_supervised(cleaned_df)
time_index = df['t (s)'].iloc[len(df) - len(supervised_df):].values.astype(float)
data = supervised_df.values
```

∨ Pengembangan Model

```
def random_forest_forecast(train, testX):
    train = np.array(train)
    trainX, trainy = train[:, :-1], train[:, -1]

    model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=50, max_depth=10, min_samples_split=10, max_features='sqrt', random_state=42)
    model.fit(trainX, trainy)

    yhat = model.predict([testX])
    return yhat[0], model

def decision_tree_forecast(train, testX):
    train = np.array(train)
```

```
trainX, trainy = train[:, :-1], train[:, -1]
model = DecisionTreeRegressor(max_depth=10, random_state=42)
model.fit(trainX, trainy)
yhat = model.predict([testX])
return yhat[0], model
```

Walk-forward Validation (Training & Testing)

```
def walk_forward_validation(data, test_size=0.2, use_decision_tree=False):
   predictions = []
   train, test = train test split(data, test size)
   history = [x for x in train]
   model = None
   for i in range(len(test)):
       if i % 10 == 0:
           print(f"Processing test data index {i}/{len(test)}...")
        testX, testy = test[i, :-1], test[i, -1]
       if use_decision_tree:
           yhat, model = decision_tree_forecast(history, testX)
           yhat, model = random_forest_forecast(history, testX)
        predictions.append(yhat)
       history.append(test[i])
   mae = mean_absolute_error(test[:, -1], predictions)
   mse = mean_squared_error(test[:, -1], predictions)
   rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
   r2 = r2_score(test[:, -1], predictions)
   return mae, mse, rmse, r2, test[:, -1], predictions, model, time_index[-len(test):]
```

Matrix Evaluation

```
→ Processing test data index 0/2201...
    Processing test data index 10/2201...
    Processing test data index 20/2201...
    Processing test data index 30/2201...
    Processing test data index 40/2201...
    Processing test data index 50/2201...
    Processing test data index 60/2201...
    Processing test data index 70/2201...
    Processing test data index 80/2201...
    Processing test data index 90/2201...
    Processing test data index 100/2201...
    Processing test data index 110/2201...
    Processing test data index 120/2201...
    Processing test data index 130/2201...
    Processing test data index 140/2201...
    Processing test data index 150/2201...
```

mae_rf, mse_rf, rmse_rf, r2_rf, y_rf, yhat_rf, trained_model_rf, test_time_rf = walk_forward_validation(data, test_size=0.2, use_decision_tree=False)

Processing test data index 160/2201... Processing test data index 170/2201... Processing test data index 180/2201... Processing test data index 190/2201... Processing test data index 200/2201... Processing test data index 210/2201... Processing test data index 220/2201... Processing test data index 230/2201... Processing test data index 240/2201... Processing test data index 250/2201... Processing test data index 260/2201... Processing test data index 270/2201... Processing test data index 280/2201... Processing test data index 290/2201... Processing test data index 300/2201... Processing test data index 310/2201... Processing test data index 320/2201... Processing test data index 330/2201... Processing test data index 340/2201... Processing test data index 350/2201... Processing test data index 360/2201... Processing test data index 370/2201... Processing test data index 380/2201... Processing test data index 390/2201... Processing test data index 400/2201... Processing test data index 410/2201... Processing test data index 420/2201...

Processing test data index 430/2201...
Processing test data index 440/2201...
Processing test data index 450/2201...
Processing test data index 460/2201...
Processing test data index 470/2201...
Processing test data index 480/2201...
Processing test data index 490/2201...
Processing test data index 590/2201...

```
Processing test data index 510/2201...
     Processing test data index 520/2201...
     Processing test data index 530/2201...
     Processing test data index 540/2201...
     Processing test data index 550/2201...
     Processing test data index 560/2201...
     Processing test data index 570/2201...
mae_dt, mse_dt, rmse_dt, r2_dt, y_dt, yhat_dt, trained_model_dt, test_time_dt = walk_forward_validation(data, test_size=0.2, use_decision_tree=True)
→ Processing test data index 0/2201...
     Processing test data index 10/2201...
     Processing test data index 20/2201...
     Processing test data index 30/2201...
     Processing test data index 40/2201...
     Processing test data index 50/2201...
     Processing test data index 60/2201...
     Processing test data index 70/2201...
     Processing test data index 80/2201...
     Processing test data index 90/2201...
     Processing test data index 100/2201...
     Processing test data index 110/2201...
     Processing test data index 120/2201...
     Processing test data index 130/2201...
     Processing test data index 140/2201...
     Processing test data index 150/2201...
     Processing test data index 160/2201...
     Processing test data index 170/2201...
     Processing test data index 180/2201...
     Processing test data index 190/2201...
     Processing test data index 200/2201...
     Processing test data index 210/2201...
     Processing test data index 220/2201...
     Processing test data index 230/2201...
     Processing test data index 240/2201...
     Processing test data index 250/2201...
     Processing test data index 260/2201...
     Processing test data index 270/2201...
     Processing test data index 280/2201...
     Processing test data index 290/2201...
     Processing test data index 300/2201...
     Processing test data index 310/2201...
     Processing test data index 320/2201...
     Processing test data index 330/2201...
     Processing test data index 340/2201...
     Processing test data index 350/2201...
     Processing test data index 360/2201...
     Processing test data index 370/2201...
     Processing test data index 380/2201...
     Processing test data index 390/2201...
     Processing test data index 400/2201...
     Processing test data index 410/2201...
     Processing test data index 420/2201...
     Processing test data index 430/2201...
     Processing test data index 440/2201...
     Processing test data index 450/2201...
     Processing test data index 460/2201...
     Processing test data index 470/2201...
     Processing test data index 480/2201...
     Processing test data index 490/2201...
     Processing test data index 500/2201...
     Processing test data index 510/2201...
     Processing test data index 520/2201...
     Processing test data index 530/2201...
Processing test data index 540/2201...
     Processing test data index 550/2201...
     Processing test data index 560/2201...
     Processing test data index 570/2201...
rf_model_filename = "random_forest_model.pkl"
dt_model_filename = "decision_tree_model.pkl"
joblib.dump(trained_model_rf, rf_model_filename)
joblib.dump(trained_model_dt, dt_model_filename)
print(f"Random Forest Model saved as {rf_model_filename}")
print(f"Decision Tree Model saved as {dt_model_filename}")
Frandom Forest Model saved as random_forest_model.pkl
     Decision Tree Model saved as decision_tree_model.pkl
results_df = pd.DataFrame({
    "Model": ["Random Forest", "Decision Tree"],
    "MAE": [mae_rf, mae_dt],
    "MSE": [mse_rf, mse_dt],
    "RMSE": [rmse_rf, rmse_dt],
    "R<sup>2</sup>": [r2_rf, r2_dt]
display(results df)
results df.to csv("model results trimmed.csv", index=False)
```

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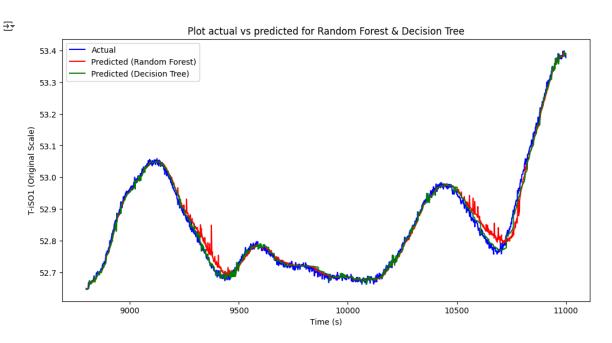
```
        Mode1
        MAE
        MSE
        RMSE
        R²

        0
        Random Forest
        0.013640
        0.000373
        0.019312
        0.986877

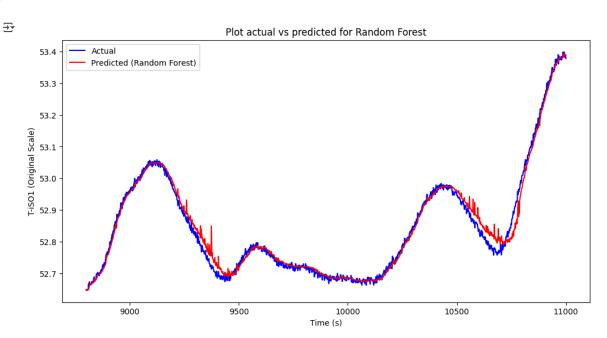
        1
        Decision Tree
        0.009225
        0.000148
        0.012160
        0.994797
```

Visualization

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(test_time_rf, y_rf, label='Actual', color='blue')
plt.plot(test_time_rf, yhat_rf, label='Predicted (Random Forest)', color='red')
plt.plot(test_time_dt, yhat_dt, label='Predicted (Decision Tree)', color='green')
plt.title('Plot actual vs predicted for Random Forest & Decision Tree')
plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
plt.ylabel('T-iSO1 (Original Scale)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



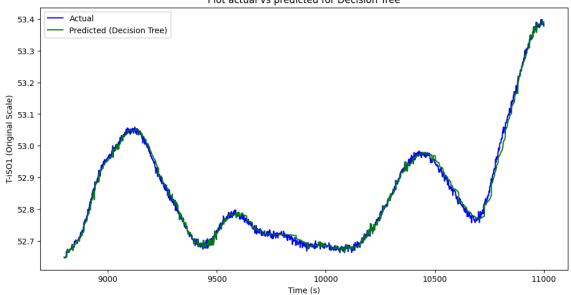
```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(test_time_rf, y_rf, label='Actual', color='blue')
plt.plot(test_time_rf, yhat_rf, label='Predicted (Random Forest)', color='red')
plt.title('Plot actual vs predicted for Random Forest')
plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
plt.ylabel('T-iSO1 (Original Scale)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(test_time_dt, y_dt, label='Actual', color='blue')
plt.plot(test_time_dt, yhat_dt, label='Predicted (Decision Tree)', color='green')
plt.title('Plot actual vs predicted for Decision Tree')
plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
plt.ylabel('T-iSO1 (Original Scale)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

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Plot actual vs predicted for Decision Tree



```
# Membuat DataFrame hasil prediksi
predictions_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'index': np.arange(len(test_time_rf)),
    't (s)': test_time_rf,
    'Actual_T-iSO1': y_rf,
    'Predicted_T-iSO1_BT': yhat_rf,
    'Predicted_T-iSO1_DT': yhat_dt
})

# Menampilkan sekilas
display(predictions_df.head())

# Simpan ke CSV
predictions_df.to_csv('predictions_rf_dt.csv', index=False)
print("Predictions saved as predictions_rf_dt.csv")
```

		index	t (s)	Actual_T-iS01	Predicted_T-iSO1_RF	Predicted_T-iSO1_DT
	0	0	8800.0	52.647219	52.649705	52.649167
	1	1	8801.0	52.647219	52.649286	52.649037
	2	2	8802.0	52.647677	52.648897	52.648923
	3	3	8803.0	52.647677	52.648529	52.648850
	4	4	8804.0	52.646890	52.648465	52.648785
	Pre	diction	ns saved	as predictions_	_rf_dt.csv	

▼ Implementasi Dashboard Berbasis Streamlit

```
!streamlit run dashboard.py
```

→ ^C

```
{\tt from \ sklearn.tree \ import \ plot\_tree}
```

```
# Visualisasi pohon keputusan untuk Decision Tree
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plot_tree(trained_model_dt, filled=True, feature_names=X.columns, rounded=True, fontsize=12)
plt.title("Decision Tree Structure")
plt.show()
```

from sklearn.tree import export_text

Tampilkan aturan dari Decision Tree dalam bentuk teks
tree_rules = export_text(trained_model_dt, feature_names=list(X.columns))