

MONASH BUSINESS SCHOOL

ETC3550 Applied forecasting for business and economics

Ch12. Some practical forecasting issues

OToyte org/fpp2/



- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

Models for annual data

■ ETS, ARIMA, Dynamic regression

Models for annual data

■ ETS, ARIMA, Dynamic regression

Models for quarterly data

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

Models for annual data

■ ETS, ARIMA, Dynamic regression

Models for quarterly data

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

Models for monthly data

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

Models for weekly data

 ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

Models for weekly data

 ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

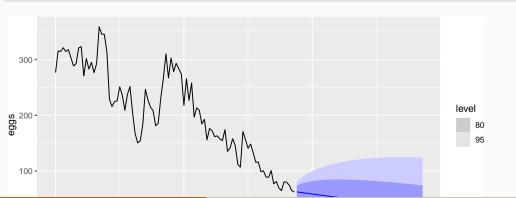
Models for daily, hourly and other sub-daily data

 ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

Positive forecasts

```
recent_prices <- prices |> filter(!is.na(eggs))
recent_prices |>
  model(ETS(log(eggs) ~ error("A") + trend("A") + season("N"))) |>
  forecast(h = 50) |>
  autoplot(recent_prices)
```



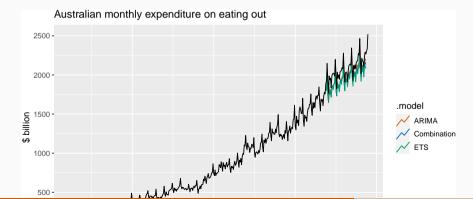
- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

Clemen (1989)

"The results have been virtually unanimous: combining multiple forecasts leads to increased forecast accuracy. ... In many cases one can make dramatic performance improvements by simply averaging the forecasts."

```
aus_cafe <- aus_retail |>
 filter(Industry == "Cafes, restaurants and catering services") |>
  summarise(Turnover = sum(Turnover))
fc <- aus_cafe |>
 filter(Month <= yearmonth("2013 Sep")) |>
 model(
    ETS = ETS(Turnover),
   ARIMA = ARIMA(Turnover)
 ) |>
 mutate(
    Combination = (ETS + ARIMA) / 2
 ) |>
 forecast(h = "5 years")
```

```
fc |> autoplot(aus_cafe, level = NULL) +
  labs(
    x = "Year", y = "$ billion",
    title = "Australian monthly expenditure on eating out"
)
```



```
fc |> accuracy(aus_cafe)
```

```
# A tibble: 3 \times 10
                                      .model
                                                                                                                                                                                               ME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          RMSE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               MAF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           MPF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               MAPF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           MASE RMSSE
##
                                                                                                                              .type
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ACF1
                                                                                                                             <chr> <dbl> <dbl > <db 
##
                                    <chr>>
                   1 ARIMA
                                                                                                                             Test
                                                                                                                                                                                112.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        122. 112.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    5.44 5.44 1.80 1.50 0.510
##
                   2 Combination Test
                                                                                                                                                                          120.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         125.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                120.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   5.81 5.81 1.93 1.55 0.382
## 3 ETS
                                                                                                                           Test
                                                                                                                                                                                128.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          133.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 128.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   6.18 6.18 2.06 1.64 0.324
```

- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

Functions which can handle missing values

- ARIMA()
- TSLM()
- NNETAR()
- VAR()
- FASSTER()

Models which cannot handle missing values

- ETS()
- STL()
- TBATS()

Functions which can handle missing values

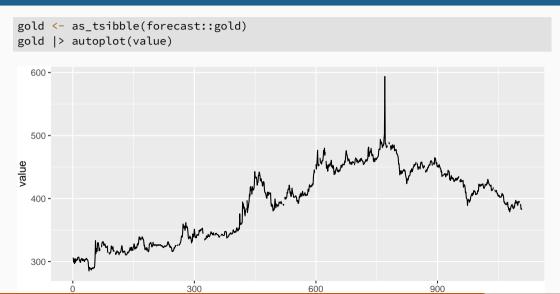
- ARIMA()
- TSLM()
- NNETAR()
- VAR()
- FASSTER()

Models which cannot handle missing values

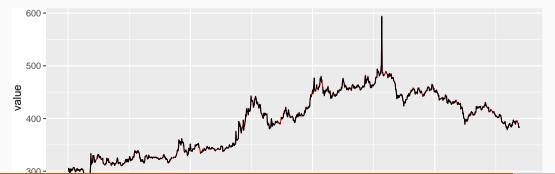
- ETS()
- STL()
- TBATS()

What to do?

Model section of data after last missing value.



```
gold_complete <- gold |>
  model(ARIMA(value)) |>
  interpolate(gold)
gold_complete |>
  autoplot(value, colour = "red") +
  autolayer(gold, value)
```



- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

Outliers

```
fit <- gold |>
 model(ARIMA(value))
augment(fit) |>
 mutate(stdres = .resid / sd(.resid, na.rm = TRUE)) |>
 filter(abs(stdres) > 10)
## # A tsibble: 2 x 7 [1]
## # Key:
         .model [1]
##
    .model index value .fitted .resid .innov stdres
##
    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 
## 1 ARIMA(value) 770 594. 499. 94.7 94.7 16.4
## 2 ARIMA(value) 771 487. 562. -74.8 -74.8 -12.9
```