

MONASH BUSINESS SCHOOL

# ETC3550/ETC5550 Applied forecasting

Ch12. Some practical issues
OTexts.org/fpp3/



- 1 Models for different frequencies
- 2 Ensuring forecasts stay within limits
- 3 Forecast combinations
- 4 Missing values
- 5 Outliers

#### **Models for annual data**

ETS, ARIMA, Dynamic regression

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#### Models for quarterly data

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

#### **Models for annual data**

ETS, ARIMA, Dynamic regression

## **Models for quarterly data**

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

#### Models for monthly data

■ ETS, ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA

#### **Models for weekly data**

ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

#### **Models for weekly data**

 ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

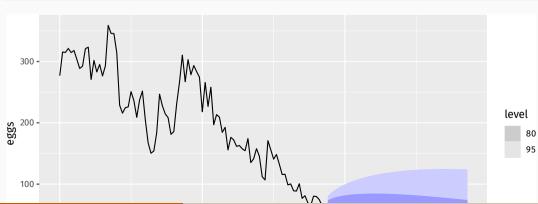
## Models for daily, hourly and other sub-daily data

 ARIMA/SARIMA, Dynamic regression, Dynamic harmonic regression, STL+ETS, STL+ARIMA, TBATS

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## **Positive forecasts**

```
recent_prices <- prices |> filter(!is.na(eggs))
recent_prices |>
  model(ETS(log(eggs) ~ error("A") + trend("A") + season("N"))) |>
  forecast(h = 50) |>
  autoplot(recent_prices)
```



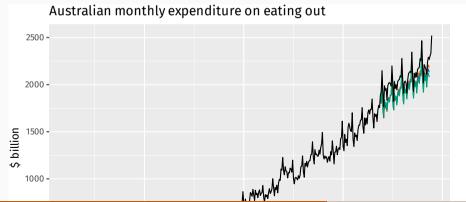
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#### **Clemen (1989)**

"The results have been virtually unanimous: combining multiple forecasts leads to increased forecast accuracy. ... In many cases one can make dramatic performance improvements by simply averaging the forecasts."

```
aus cafe <- aus retail |>
  filter(Industry == "Cafes, restaurants and catering services") |>
 summarise(Turnover = sum(Turnover))
fc <- aus_cafe |>
  filter(Month <= yearmonth("2013 Sep")) |>
 model(
    ETS = ETS(Turnover),
   ARIMA = ARIMA(Turnover)
 ) |>
 mutate(
   Combination = (ETS + ARIMA) / 2
  forecast(h = "5 years")
```

```
fc |> autoplot(aus_cafe, level = NULL) +
   labs(
    x = "Year", y = "$ billion",
    title = "Australian monthly expenditure on eating out"
)
```





```
fc |> accuracy(aus_cafe)
```

```
# A tibble: 3 x 10
                 .model
                                                                                                                                                                          ME
                                                                                                                                                                                                     RMSE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        MAE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      MPE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           MAPF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        MASE RMSSE ACE1
                                                                                                         .type
                                                                                                        <chr> <dbl> <
                <chr>>
 1 ARIMA
                                                                                                        Test
                                                                                                                                                           112. 122. 112. 5.44 5.44 1.80 1.50 0.510
 2 Combination Test
                                                                                                                                                         120. 125. 120. 5.81 5.81 1.93 1.55 0.382
3 ETS
                                                                                                        Test
                                                                                                                                                           128. 133.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            128. 6.18 6.18 2.06 1.64 0.324
```

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#### Functions which can handle missing values

- ARIMA()
- TSLM()
- NNETAR()
- VAR()
- FASSTER()

#### Models which cannot handle missing values

- ETS()
- STL()
- TBATS()

#### Functions which can handle missing values

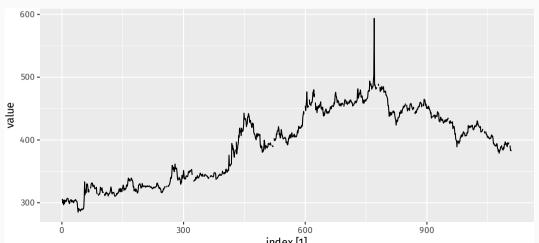
- ARIMA()
- TSLM()
- NNETAR()
- VAR()
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#### Models which cannot handle missing values

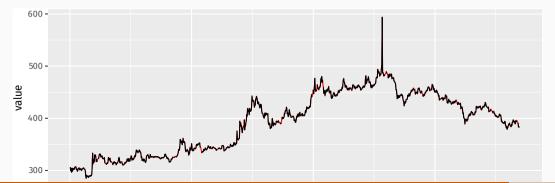
- ETS()
- STL()
- TBATS()

#### What to do?

```
gold <- as_tsibble(forecast::gold)
gold |> autoplot(value)
```



```
gold_complete <- gold |>
  model(ARIMA(value)) |>
  interpolate(gold)
gold_complete |>
  autoplot(value, colour = "red") +
  autolayer(gold, value)
```



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#### **Outliers**

```
fit <- gold |>
 model(ARIMA(value))
augment(fit) |>
 mutate(stdres = .resid / sd(.resid, na.rm = TRUE)) |>
 filter(abs(stdres) > 10)
# A tsibble: 2 x 7 [1]
# Key: .model [1]
 .model index value .fitted .resid .innov stdres
 <chr>
             </pr
1 ARIMA(value) 770 594.
                         499. 94.7 94.7 16.4
2 ARIMA(value) 771 487. 562. -74.8 -74.8 -12.9
```