

`glm::eulerAngleXZ`

`glm::eulerAngleZX`

`glm::eulerAngleX`

```
graph LR; A[glm::eulerAngleXZ] --> C[glm::eulerAngleX]; B[glm::eulerAngleZX] --> C;
```

The diagram illustrates a relationship between three GLM functions. On the left, two white rectangular boxes are stacked vertically. The top box contains the text `glm::eulerAngleXZ` and the bottom box contains `glm::eulerAngleZX`. On the right, there is a single gray rectangular box containing the text `glm::eulerAngleX`. Two blue arrows originate from the right side of the left boxes and point towards the left side of the gray box, indicating that both `glm::eulerAngleXZ` and `glm::eulerAngleZX` map to or are equivalent to `glm::eulerAngleX`.