
CREATIONAL PATTERNS

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1) Singleton
Problem: Need exactly one instance (config, DB pool).
Idea: Private ctor + global access + thread-safe init.
Code:
public final class Config {
 private static volatile Config INSTANCE;
 private Config() {}
 public static Config getInstance() {
  if (INSTANCE == null) {
   synchronized (Config.class) {
     if (INSTANCE == null) INSTANCE = new Config();
   }
  }
  return INSTANCE;
 }
}
```

2) Factory Method

Problem: Let subclasses decide which product to create.

Idea: Define create() in base, override in concrete factories.

3) Abstract Factory

Problem: Create families of related objects together.

Example: UI kit (Dark/Light).

4) Builder

Problem: Construct complex objects step-by-step.

Example: Building a Loan Schedule row.
5) Prototype
Problem: Clone existing objects (cheap copies).
STRUCTURAL PATTERNS
6) Adapter
Problem: Incompatible interfaces; make legacy fit new.
7) Decorator
Problem: Add behavior dynamically without subclass explosion.
8) Facade
Problem: Hide complex subsystem behind a simple API.
9) Proxy
Problem: Control access - lazy load, caching, security.
10) Composite
Problem: Treat part-whole uniformly (trees).
BEHAVIORAL PATTERNS
11) Strategy
Problem: Swap algorithms at runtime.
12) Observer (Publish-Subscribe)
Problem: Notify dependents on state change.
13) Command

Problem: Encapsulate requests as objects - undo, queue, log.

14) Chain of Responsibility

Problem: Pass request along handlers till one handles it.

15) Template Method

Problem: Fixed algorithm skeleton with overridable steps.

16) State

Problem: Behavior changes with internal state.

HOW TO PICK PATTERNS IN LLD INTERVIEWS

- Start from use-cases & constraints.
- Show class roles & interactions.
- Call out trade-offs: coupling, complexity, testability.
- Demonstrate evolution: new Strategy + Factory with no changes to callers.

Quick combos:

- Strategy + Factory
- Decorator + Facade
- Observer + Command
- State + Chain